J GOVT. DOC
I.14/7:
953-56

No. 9353.5a3

v. 24-27
1953-56

GIVEN BY

U. S. SUPT. OF DOCUMENTS

shelf *9353 51

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

## FOR THE UNITED STATES

**FOR RELEASE** MONDAY, A.M., SEPT. 26, 1955

*ISSUED BY THE*
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Volume XXVI Number 1
SEMIANNUAL BULLETIN • 1955

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

## FOR THE UNITED STATES

Volume XXVI—Number 1
SEMIANNUAL BULLETIN, 1955

*Issued by the*
*Federal Bureau of Investigation*
*United States Department of Justice*
*Washington, D. C.*

ADVISORY

International Association of Chiefs of Police

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1955

Boston Public Library
Superintendent of Documents

OCT 7 - 1955

## *CONTENTS*


| | Page |
|---|---|
| Summary of volume XXVI, No. 1 | 1 |
| Crime trends, January–June, 1954–55: | |
| Estimated number of major crimes (table 1) | 2–3 |
| Urban trends (table 2) | 4 |
| Rural trends (table 3) | 4–5 |
| Crime rates, January–June, 1955: | |
| Urban rates (tables 4–7) | 6–10 |
| Rural rates (table 8) | 11 |
| Offenses in individual areas: | |
| Cities over 25,000 (table 9) | 12–20 |
| Police employee data: | |
| Police employees killed, 1954 (table 10) | 21 |
| Number of police employees per 1,000 inhabitants, April 30, 1955 (tables 11, 12) | 22–25 |
| Police employees in individual cities, April 30, 1955 (tables 13, 14) | 25–45 |
| Offenses cleared and persons arrested, 1954: | |
| Offenses cleared by arrest (tables 15, 16) | 46–50 |
| Persons charged (tables 17–19) | 51–55 |
| Offenses known, offenses cleared, persons charged and persons found guilty, part I offense classes (table 20) | 56–59 |
| Persons charged and persons found guilty, part II offense classes (table 21) | 57, 60–61 |
| Persons released (tables 22, 23) | 61–63 |
| Classification of offenses | 64–66 |

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Volume XXVI JULY 1955 Number 1

## SUMMARY

### *Crime Trends, January–June, 1955*

Estimated total major crimes declined one (0.7) percent in the first half of 1955 as compared with the same months in 1954. Reported urban and rural crime totals also declined. Here are the detailed percentage changes:

| Crime | United States | Urban | Rural |
|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL | −0.7 | −1.4 | −0.0 |
| Murder | −3.8 | −3.4 | −4.1 |
| Negligent manslaughter | −.3 | +5.7 | −7.2 |
| Rape | +6.3 | +10.4 | +1.5 |
| Robbery | −15.1 | −15.3 | −14.3 |
| Aggravated assault | +1.1 | +2.9 | −5.5 |
| Burglary | −3.3 | −4.0 | −1.7 |
| Larceny | +.9 | +.1 | +2.9 |
| Auto theft | −.2 | −.4 | +.4 |

### *Police Employees*

Reports of 3,704 cities show that 61 city police employees were killed in line of duty in 1954. The rate was 3.5 deaths per 5,000,000 inhabitants as compared with a rate of 3.6 in 1953.

An estimated 171,000 city police employees as of April 30, 1955, is an increase of more than 4 percent over the 164,000 for the same date in 1954. Cities reported 1.9 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants. Civilians represented 9.6 percent of the reported police personnel.

### *Offenses Cleared by Arrest and Persons Convicted, 1954*

Police cleared by arrest better than 1 out of 4 crimes in 1954. They cleared by arrest 3 out of 4 homicides and felonious assaults (crimes against the person) and 1 out of 4 property crimes.

Five out of seven persons charged by the police in 1954 were found guilty.

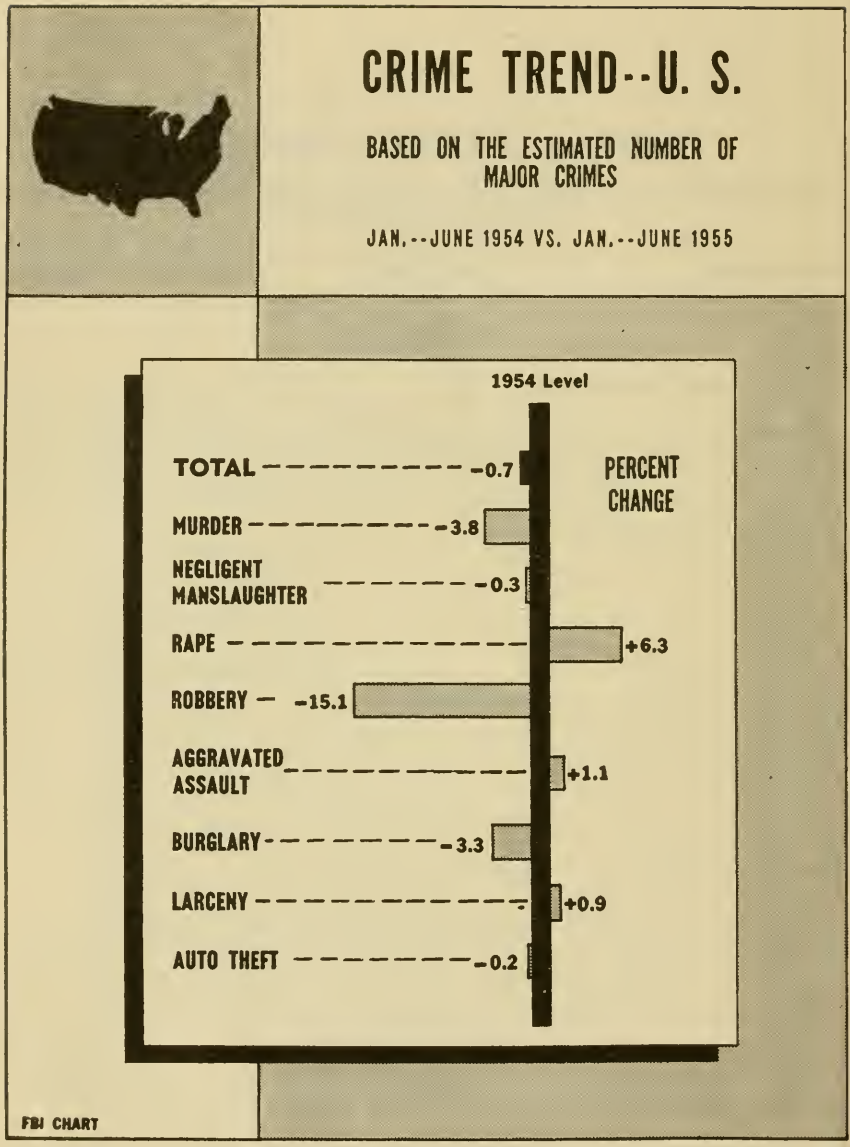

CRIME TREND--U. S.
BASED ON THE ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MAJOR CRIMES
JAN.--JUNE 1954 VS. JAN.--JUNE 1955
1954 Level
PERCENT CHANGE
TOTAL -0.7
MURDER -3.8
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER -0.3
RAPE +6.3
ROBBERY -15.1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT +1.1
BURGLARY -3.3
LARCENY +0.9
AUTO THEFT -0.2
FBI CHART

FIGURE 1.

## CRIME TRENDS

*Major Crime Totals, January–June, 1954–55*

The year 1955 may show a long overdue break in the upward crime trend of the past seven years.

Estimated major crime totals for January–June, 1955, reached 1,128,350, a decline of 7,790 from the 1,136,140 total for the same period in 1954. The decrease was not quite one (0.7) percent in the first half of 1955.

The first half-year estimate published, January–June, 1951, reflected a total of 960,600 major crimes. The 1955 half-year crime total is 17.5 percent above the 1951 figure.

The range in decreases within the individual crime classes in the first half of 1955 was from −0.2 percent to −15.1 percent. Five of the eight major crime classes show decreases.

Decreases. Robbery, −15.1 percent; murder, −3.8 percent; burglary, −3.3 percent; manslaughter by negligence, −0.3 percent; and auto theft, −0.2 percent.

Increases. Rape, +6.3 percent; aggravated assault, +1.1 percent; larceny, +0.9 percent.

Area Estimated. Estimated total crime includes actual counts for about 90 percent of the urban population and about 68 percent of the rural population. The portion of the figures that are estimates represents about 19 percent of the population. Estimates are prepared by a build-up to 100 percent of the population plus adjustments for rural areas to resolve understatement due to incomplete reporting.

TABLE 1.—CRIME TRENDS, URBAN AND RURAL

[Estimated number of major crimes in the United States, January–June, 1954–55]

| Offense | Number of offenses January–June | | Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | Number | Percent |
| **TOTAL** | **1,136,140** | **1,128,350** | **−7,790** | **−0.7** |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 3,420 | 3,290 | −130 | −3.8 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 2,960 | 2,950 | −10 | −.3 |
| Rape | 8,750 | 9,300 | +550 | +6.3 |
| Robbery | 35,650 | 30,260 | −5,390 | −15.1 |
| Aggravated assault | 45,630 | 46,110 | +480 | +1.1 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 263,120 | 254,330 | −8,790 | −3.3 |
| Larceny—theft | 666,550 | 672,280 | +5,730 | +.9 |
| Auto theft | 110,060 | 109,830 | −230 | −.2 |

*Crime Trends, Urban-Rural, January–June, 1954–55*

Crime decreased in and out of cities in the first half of 1955. Total major crimes reported by city police decreased 1.4 percent. Sheriffs and other officers policing rural areas reported a decrease of three-hundredths of one percent.

The direction of the trends coincided for urban and rural areas in five of the eight crime classes—murders, robberies and burglaries down; rapes and larcenies up. Negligent manslaughters and aggravated assaults were up in cities, down outside the cities. Auto thefts decreased in cities but rose in rural areas.

Urban Crime Trends. The 1.4 percent decrease in total city crime was led by a 15.3 percent decrease in robberies. Burglaries decreased 4 percent and murders were down 3.4 percent. The fourth classification showing a decrease was auto theft, down 0.4 percent.

Increases in city crimes totaled 2,021 as compared with a decrease of 11,960. Rape had the highest increase, 10.4 percent. Manslaughter by negligence was next with a 5.7 percent increase, while aggravated assault rose 2.9 percent. Larcenies were virtually unchanged but registered a 0.1 percent increase.

TABLE 2.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, JANUARY–JUNE, 1954–55

[Offenses known to the police in 2,462 cities, total population 79,032,289 based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense | Number of offenses January–June | | Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | Number | Percent |
| **TOTAL** | 721,058 | 711,119 | −9,939 | −1.4 |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 1,805 | 1,743 | −62 | −3.4 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 1,149 | 1,214 | +65 | +5.7 |
| Rape | 4,655 | 5,141 | +486 | +10.4 |
| Robbery | 29,162 | 24,712 | −4,450 | −15.3 |
| Aggravated assault | 31,917 | 32,848 | +931 | +2.9 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 178,732 | 171,587 | −7,145 | −4.0 |
| Larceny—theft | 399,994 | 400,533 | +539 | +.1 |
| Auto theft | 73,644 | 73,341 | −303 | −.4 |

Rural Crime Trends. Rural crimes showed almost no change but the three-hundredths of one percent decrease represents an abrupt halt in rising crime totals in rural areas over many years.

Decreases in rural crime for the first half of 1955 were: robbery, 14.3 percent; manslaughter by negligence, 7.2 percent; aggravated assault, 5.5 percent; murder, 4.1 percent; and burglary, 1.7 percent.

Increases occurred in rural areas in larceny (+2.9 percent), rape (+1.5 percent), and auto theft (+0.4 percent).

## TABLE 3.—RURAL CRIME TRENDS, JANUARY–JUNE, 1954–55

[Based on reports of 1,422 sheriffs, 114 rural village officers, and 13 State police; total rural population, 38,902,650 based on the 1950 decennial census]

| Offense | Number of offenses January–June | | Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | Number | Percent |
| **TOTAL** | **117,133** | **117,098** | **−35** | **−0.0** |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 934 | 896 | −38 | −4.1 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 972 | 902 | −70 | −7.2 |
| Rape | 2,142 | 2,175 | +33 | +1.5 |
| Robbery | 3,244 | 2,779 | −465 | −14.3 |
| Aggravated assault | 5,944 | 5,616 | −328 | −5.5 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 41,163 | 40,468 | −695 | −1.7 |
| Larceny—theft | 52,137 | 53,626 | +1,489 | +2.9 |
| Auto theft | 10,597 | 10,636 | +39 | +0.4 |

## CRIME RATES

*Urban Crime Rates, January–June, 1955*

Crime rates for cities in the following tables are based on the 1950 decennial census. To that extent they are accurate. The user may desire to study the probable effects of population changes by preparing projections of the urban population.

Rates which may be prepared for individual cities or other areas for comparison of the areas should be based on the latest and most reliable local population estimates.

A review of the rate tables will reflect that crime rates vary by size of city and by area.

The rates are the number of crimes reported by police converted to the number of crimes per 100,000 inhabitants in the various areas. Urban rates are based on reports from 2,615 police departments representing more than 90 percent of the urban population.

## TABLE 4.—URBAN CRIME RATES, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, BY POPULATION GROUPS

[Offenses known to the police and rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Population figures based on 1950 decennial census]

| Population group | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary, breaking or entering | Larceny, theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **TOTAL, GROUPS I–VI** | | | | | | | | |
| 2,615 cities; total population, 80,657,440: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 1,777 | 1,229 | 5,198 | 24,963 | 33,362 | 174,311 | 407,386 | 74,411 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 6.4 | 30.9 | 41.4 | 216.1 | 505.1 | 92.3 |
| GROUP I | | | | | | | | |
| 41 cities over 250,000; total population, 34,932,955: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 1,011 | 678 | 3,456 | 18,539 | 21,169 | 92,571 | 180,598 | 43,276 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 9.9 | 53.1 | 60.6 | 265.0 | 517.0 | 123.9 |
| GROUP II | | | | | | | | |
| 65 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 9,560,069: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 270 | 180 | 495 | 2,456 | 4,295 | 24,294 | 55,804 | 10,114 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 5.2 | 25.7 | 44.9 | 254.1 | 583.7 | 105.8 |
| GROUP III | | | | | | | | |
| 128 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 9,052,062: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 154 | 133 | 375 | 1,380 | 3,013 | 17,254 | 48,086 | 6,924 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 15.2 | 33.3 | 190.6 | 531.2 | 76.5 |
| GROUP IV | | | | | | | | |
| 252 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 8,873,026: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 130 | 126 | 316 | 1,100 | 1,937 | 15,202 | 48,125 | 5,859 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 12.4 | 21.8 | 171.3 | 542.4 | 66.0 |
| GROUP V | | | | | | | | |
| 670 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 10,345,588: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 110 | 61 | 307 | 876 | 1,762 | 15,528 | 47,512 | 5,226 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.1 | .6 | 3.0 | 8.5 | 17.0 | 150.1 | 459.2 | 50.5 |
| GROUP VI | | | | | | | | |
| 1,459 cities under 10,000; total population, 7,893,740: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 102 | 51 | 249 | 612 | 1,186 | 9,462 | 27,261 | 3,012 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.3 | .6 | 3.2 | 7.8 | 15.0 | 119.9 | 345.3 | 38.2 |

## TABLE 5.—URBAN CRIME RATES, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES

[Offenses known per 100,000 inhabitants. Population based on 1950 decennial census]

| Division and State | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary, breaking or entering | Larceny, theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **TOTAL** | **2.2** | **30.9** | **41.4** | **216.1** | **505.1** | **92.3** |
| **New England** | **.5** | **9.1** | **8.4** | **133.8** | **291.2** | **64.0** |
| Connecticut | .5 | 9.9 | 15.9 | 150.2 | 289.3 | 62.9 |
| Maine | .9 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 137.9 | 324.0 | 47.2 |
| Massachusetts | .5 | 10.0 | 6.5 | 123.9 | 276.5 | 71.2 |
| New Hampshire | ---------- | 3.8 | 3.4 | 88.2 | 251.6 | 27.2 |
| Rhode Island | .6 | 7.7 | 10.4 | 185.7 | 393.3 | 55.7 |
| Vermont | ---------- | 2.4 | .8 | 77.8 | 207.3 | 21.4 |
| **Middle Atlantic** | **1.5** | **31.4** | **34.3** | **202.0** | **348.6** | **70.0** |
| New Jersey | 1.1 | 17.2 | 22.0 | 178.7 | 316.8 | 63.2 |
| New York | 1.6 | 38.1 | 41.0 | 221.5 | 387.4 | 70.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 1.5 | 26.5 | 28.3 | 177.2 | 291.1 | 73.3 |
| **East North Central** | **1.8** | **37.9** | **33.0** | **169.2** | **466.7** | **79.5** |
| Illinois | 2.7 | 63.6 | 37.1 | 176.1 | 300.9 | 58.5 |
| Indiana | 1.9 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 209.8 | 523.8 | 102.0 |
| Michigan | 1.8 | 41.3 | 62.7 | 205.2 | 679.6 | 134.3 |
| Ohio | 1.4 | 25.0 | 19.1 | 148.4 | 486.5 | 63.3 |
| Wisconsin | .4 | 3.7 | 8.2 | 81.1 | 432.7 | 49.9 |
| **West North Central** | **1.7** | **24.1** | **25.8** | **175.7** | **510.1** | **84.9** |
| Iowa | .6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 117.4 | 427.3 | 39.2 |
| Kansas | 1.4 | 16.0 | 29.9 | 202.4 | 596.1 | 61.2 |
| Minnesota | .5 | 15.3 | 5.4 | 169.5 | 455.1 | 67.1 |
| Missouri | 3.7 | 51.7 | 57.5 | 228.5 | 564.0 | 143.2 |
| Nebraska | .8 | 9.4 | 15.2 | 120.1 | 498.4 | 78.1 |
| North Dakota | .6 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 119.5 | 558.8 | 40.0 |
| South Dakota | 1.1 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 78.7 | 443.8 | 32.4 |
| **South Atlantic** [1] | **4.4** | **30.9** | **107.9** | **275.2** | **600.9** | **117.5** |
| Delaware | .8 | 30.4 | 10.7 | 322.8 | 693.2 | 102.7 |
| Florida | 6.2 | 41.4 | 56.1 | 474.6 | 877.7 | 120.9 |
| Georgia | 6.3 | 20.7 | 100.4 | 234.0 | 468.6 | 105.1 |
| Maryland | 2.9 | 36.3 | 85.8 | 238.3 | 539.3 | 204.1 |
| North Carolina | 4.4 | 14.2 | 149.5 | 181.0 | 461.2 | 73.2 |
| South Carolina | 5.0 | 17.7 | 54.2 | 250.2 | 588.0 | 79.2 |
| Virginia | 4.0 | 34.4 | 131.2 | 274.7 | 732.3 | 133.7 |
| West Virginia | 1.4 | 12.0 | 22.1 | 142.3 | 274.9 | 51.4 |
| **East South Central** | **6.6** | **23.9** | **60.1** | **256.3** | **398.6** | **110.9** |
| Alabama | 9.3 | 19.5 | 71.7 | 271.0 | 401.9 | 70.0 |
| Kentucky | 5.8 | 41.9 | 69.0 | 312.9 | 563.6 | 199.1 |
| Mississippi | 3.9 | 11.5 | 35.6 | 176.5 | 321.3 | 48.5 |
| Tennessee | 6.1 | 19.1 | 53.6 | 233.8 | 304.3 | 105.0 |
| **West South Central** | **3.9** | **22.2** | **52.8** | **266.8** | **648.7** | **114.2** |
| Arkansas | 1.5 | 20.0 | 51.2 | 198.0 | 379.9 | 42.8 |
| Louisiana | 4.3 | 38.6 | 42.9 | 163.8 | 429.1 | 146.6 |
| Oklahoma | 2.6 | 17.8 | 25.5 | 237.7 | 640.0 | 98.1 |
| Texas | 4.3 | 18.9 | 62.3 | 309.7 | 740.1 | 116.4 |
| **Mountain** | **2.1** | **28.0** | **23.6** | **276.9** | **877.3** | **134.9** |
| Arizona | 2.4 | 49.2 | 80.4 | 449.4 | 1643.1 | 279.7 |
| Colorado | 2.0 | 40.3 | 19.4 | 314.6 | 800.5 | 146.9 |
| Idaho | .5 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 154.5 | 844.1 | 60.7 |
| Montana | 2.0 | 19.7 | 27.2 | 196.2 | 813.0 | 90.8 |
| Nevada | 11.4 | 47.3 | 20.8 | 435.5 | 1255.3 | 162.8 |
| New Mexico | 2.4 | 26.8 | 24.4 | 317.7 | 803.3 | 156.3 |
| Utah | 1.6 | 11.0 | 9.1 | 191.3 | 599.9 | 84.7 |
| Wyoming | 1.6 | 12.0 | 6.4 | 152.9 | 774.9 | 66.4 |
| **Pacific** | **1.6** | **45.5** | **43.0** | **323.6** | **880.1** | **144.2** |
| California | 1.7 | 51.6 | 51.3 | 348.6 | 921.2 | 159.2 |
| Oregon | 1.6 | 19.3 | 13.5 | 199.1 | 700.7 | 56.6 |
| Washington | 1.3 | 25.7 | 12.0 | 251.7 | 747.1 | 108.6 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

TABLE 6.—URBAN CRIME RATES, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND POPULATION GROUPS

[Offenses known per 100,000 inhabitants. Population based on 1950 decennial census]

| Division and group | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary, breaking or entering | Larceny, theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **TOTAL** | **2.2** | **30.9** | **41.4** | **216.1** | **505.1** | **92.3** |
| **New England** | **.5** | **9.1** | **8.4** | **133.8** | **291.2** | **84.0** |
| Group I | 1.6 | 22.3 | 13.1 | 91.5 | 255.2 | 159.6 |
| Group II | .4 | 11.7 | 15.9 | 181.1 | 341.6 | 81.4 |
| Group III | .4 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 142.3 | 326.7 | 53.7 |
| Group IV | .5 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 118.6 | 267.1 | 34.3 |
| Group V | .1 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 113.1 | 252.6 | 26.7 |
| Group VI | | 1.8 | 3.1 | 95.0 | 213.7 | 21.8 |
| **Middle Atlantic** | **1.5** | **31.4** | **34.3** | **202.0** | **348.6** | **70.0** |
| Group I | 2.1 | 48.8 | 51.9 | 262.6 | 397.7 | 88.7 |
| Group II | .9 | 8.3 | 15.1 | 149.7 | 305.3 | 67.5 |
| Group III | 1.0 | 11.0 | 14.7 | 151.9 | 289.0 | 51.2 |
| Group IV | .6 | 6.1 | 9.1 | 116.7 | 317.9 | 41.9 |
| Group V | .5 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 93.4 | 260.4 | 35.0 |
| Group VI | .4 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 82.7 | 235.0 | 27.6 |
| **East North Central** | **1.8** | **37.9** | **33.0** | **169.2** | **486.7** | **79.5** |
| Group I | 2.9 | 66.0 | 52.5 | 193.4 | 454.5 | 97.9 |
| Group II | 2.5 | 26.5 | 44.9 | 212.1 | 589.9 | 87.8 |
| Group III | .6 | 11.8 | 19.6 | 152.1 | 524.8 | 78.8 |
| Group IV | .6 | 12.8 | 8.5 | 142.1 | 520.6 | 64.9 |
| Group V | .8 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 140.2 | 484.3 | 55.1 |
| Group VI | .5 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 107.2 | 282.4 | 34.0 |
| **West North Central** | **1.7** | **24.1** | **25.8** | **175.7** | **510.1** | **84.9** |
| Group I | 3.1 | 51.2 | 51.3 | 252.9 | 608.9 | 151.6 |
| Group II | 1.2 | 20.2 | 33.8 | 249.9 | 667.6 | 83.7 |
| Group III | 1.3 | 7.1 | 14.1 | 145.9 | 567.0 | 50.3 |
| Group IV | .5 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 89.2 | 483.8 | 42.5 |
| Group V | .5 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 114.2 | 412.5 | 38.5 |
| Group VI | 1.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 87.5 | 263.6 | 25.4 |
| **South Atlantic** [1] | **4.4** | **30.9** | **107.9** | **275.2** | **600.9** | **117.5** |
| Group I | 4.3 | 41.4 | 152.8 | 250.1 | 549.0 | 167.3 |
| Group II | 5.2 | 53.6 | 111.1 | 422.6 | 823.3 | 162.8 |
| Group III | 4.2 | 21.2 | 87.2 | 233.6 | 546.0 | 84.6 |
| Group IV | 5.0 | 21.9 | 83.3 | 307.0 | 745.0 | 97.1 |
| Group V | 2.7 | 7.7 | 83.9 | 220.3 | 480.7 | 55.5 |
| Group VI | 4.4 | 13.6 | 70.8 | 166.7 | 389.5 | 47.5 |
| **East South Central** | **6.6** | **23.9** | **60.1** | **256.3** | **398.6** | **110.9** |
| Group I | 6.3 | 34.8 | 73.9 | 325.0 | 498.4 | 160.8 |
| Group II | 10.7 | 31.8 | 55.4 | 300.6 | 370.2 | 141.2 |
| Group III | 5.8 | 21.2 | 78.8 | 279.2 | 479.6 | 92.7 |
| Group IV | 3.3 | 9.3 | 68.1 | 184.3 | 400.7 | 61.0 |
| Group V | 6.1 | 11.6 | 37.0 | 186.5 | 298.4 | 65.8 |
| Group VI | 5.7 | 10.3 | 26.5 | 119.5 | 190.7 | 32.2 |
| **West South Central** | **3.9** | **22.2** | **52.8** | **286.8** | **648.7** | **114.2** |
| Group I | 6.1 | 34.8 | 64.9 | 373.2 | 739.8 | 182.5 |
| Group II | 2.9 | 22.7 | 57.4 | 300.4 | 799.5 | 114.4 |
| Group III | 3.4 | 17.4 | 74.3 | 250.5 | 851.7 | 93.9 |
| Group IV | 3.4 | 12.9 | 35.0 | 208.6 | 611.0 | 73.8 |
| Group V | 1.5 | 7.0 | 31.0 | 120.1 | 390.7 | 38.8 |
| Group VI | 2.1 | 10.2 | 25.7 | 98.6 | 254.3 | 28.8 |
| **Mountain** | **2.1** | **28.0** | **23.6** | **276.9** | **877.3** | **134.9** |
| Group I | 2.9 | 64.9 | 29.8 | 423.1 | 797.3 | 193.1 |
| Group II | 3.5 | 35.0 | 56.1 | 371.4 | 1,081.9 | 201.1 |
| Group III | 1.8 | 29.0 | 20.7 | 279.9 | 954.0 | 170.9 |
| Group IV | 2.7 | 22.1 | 23.6 | 248.0 | 1,070.1 | 141.7 |
| Group V | .8 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 187.6 | 850.0 | 66.2 |
| Group VI | 1.2 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 190.5 | 654.0 | 79.2 |
| **Pacific** | **1.6** | **45.5** | **43.0** | **323.6** | **880.1** | **144.2** |
| Group I | 2.1 | 63.8 | 66.5 | 372.2 | 810.1 | 183.2 |
| Group II | 2.0 | 38.7 | 15.6 | 234.4 | 863.1 | 100.1 |
| Group III | 1.0 | 33.1 | 24.8 | 300.5 | 964.1 | 121.0 |
| Group IV | 1.0 | 26.3 | 20.9 | 283.7 | 1,068.2 | 109.3 |
| Group V | 1.0 | 19.6 | 13.7 | 285.3 | 963.5 | 98.5 |
| Group VI | .6 | 13.1 | 11.5 | 227.5 | 890.8 | 76.1 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

TABLE 7.—NUMBER OF CITIES IN EACH POPULATION GROUP, GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION, AND STATE REPRESENTED IN THE URBAN CRIME RATE TABULATIONS FOR JANUARY–JUNE, 1955 (TABLES 4–6)

| Division and State | Total | Population group | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Over 250,000 | 100,000 to 250,000 | 50,000 to 100,000 | 25,000 to 50,000 | 10,000 to 25,000 | Less than 10,000 |
| **Total:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 80,657,440 | 2,615 | 41 | 65 | 128 | 252 | 670 | 1,459 |
| **New England:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 6,438,207 | 187 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 34 | 66 | 57 |
| Connecticut | 28 | | 4 | 2 | 11 | 3 | 8 |
| Maine | 18 | | | 1 | 2 | 7 | 8 |
| Massachusetts | 96 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 43 | 20 |
| New Hampshire | 15 | | | 1 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Rhode Island | 17 | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| Vermont | 13 | | | | 1 | 2 | 10 |
| **Middle Atlantic:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 21,059,038 | 540 | 7 | 12 | 24 | 46 | 137 | 314 |
| New Jersey | 150 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 37 | 83 |
| New York | 165 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 16 | 42 | 94 |
| Pennsylvania | 225 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 58 | 137 |
| **East North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 18,830,052 | 620 | 9 | 10 | 30 | 63 | 147 | 361 |
| Illinois | 168 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 13 | 42 | 102 |
| Indiana | 79 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 16 | 45 |
| Michigan | 117 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 33 | 65 |
| Ohio | 173 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 20 | 41 | 98 |
| Wisconsin | 83 | 1 | | 4 | 12 | 15 | 51 |
| **West North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 6,353,297 | 300 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 19 | 73 | 190 |
| Iowa | 65 | | 1 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 43 |
| Kansas | 56 | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 31 |
| Minnesota | 67 | 2 | 1 | | 3 | 14 | 47 |
| Missouri | 57 | 2 | | 2 | 4 | 15 | 34 |
| Nebraska | 26 | 1 | | 1 | | 7 | 17 |
| North Dakota | 13 | | | | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| South Dakota | 16 | | | 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 |
| **South Atlantic:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 7,685,912 | 254 | 3 | 8 | 20 | 27 | 57 | 139 |
| Delaware | 3 | | 1 | | | | 2 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| Florida | 54 | | 3 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 32 |
| Georgia | 35 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 19 |
| Maryland | 19 | 1 | | | 2 | 6 | 10 |
| North Carolina | 54 | | | 5 | 5 | 17 | 27 |
| South Carolina | 26 | | | 3 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Virginia | 43 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 24 |
| West Virginia | 19 | | | 3 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
| **East South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 3,245,923 | 117 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 15 | 24 | 66 |
| Alabama | 29 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 16 |
| Kentucky | 37 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 6 | 25 |
| Mississippi | 24 | | | 1 | 6 | 5 | 12 |
| Tennessee | 27 | 1 | 3 | | 3 | 7 | 13 |
| **West South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 6,106,704 | 195 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 60 | 100 |
| Arkansas | 24 | | 1 | | 3 | 6 | 14 |
| Louisiana | 23 | 1 | 2 | | 2 | 6 | 12 |
| Oklahoma | 39 | | 2 | | 4 | 14 | 19 |
| Texas | 109 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 34 | 55 |
| **Mountain:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 2,202,971 | 140 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 25 | 97 |
| Arizona | 17 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 14 |
| Colorado | 30 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 7 | 20 |
| Idaho | 23 | | | | 2 | 7 | 14 |
| Montana | 16 | | | | 3 | 3 | 10 |
| Nevada | 5 | | | | 1 | | 4 |
| New Mexico | 15 | | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Utah | 21 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 17 |
| Wyoming | 13 | | | | 1 | 4 | 8 |
| **Pacific:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 8,735,336 | 262 | 7 | 5 | 11 | 23 | 81 | 135 |
| California | 184 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 16 | 63 | 86 |
| Oregon | 37 | 1 | | | 2 | 8 | 26 |
| Washington | 41 | 1 | 2 | | 5 | 10 | 23 |

*Rural Crime Rates, January–June, 1955*

Crime rates for rural areas are based generally on reports from communities outside the limits of incorporated places of 2,500 or more. The rural reports are received from sheriffs and other law enforcement agencies policing those places. Rural areas, under the crime reporting definition, now include some population considered currently as urban in character by the United States Bureau of the Census. In other words, the current trends in the movement of population to "urbanized fringe" areas outside cities have blurred the one-time concept of a distinct cleavage between town and country. Crime reporting is limited to police jurisdictions and cannot reflect a separate accounting for the numerous urbanized fringes.

Rural crime rates are based on reports representing about 68 percent of the rural population. The presentation of rural rates is limited to a summary for the United States because of recognized limitations in the figures reported by some rural areas.

TABLE 8.—RURAL CRIME RATES, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955

[Offenses known and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, as reported by 1,565 sheriffs, 126 rural village officers, and 13 State police; total rural population 41,855,914, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense | Offenses known | |
|---|---|---|
| | Number | Rate |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 979 | 2.3 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 954 | 2.3 |
| Rape | 2,635 | 6.3 |
| Robbery | 3,440 | 8.2 |
| Aggravated assault | 7,185 | 17.2 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 47,420 | 113.3 |
| Larceny-theft | 64,639 | 154.4 |
| Auto theft | 12,189 | 29.1 |

## OFFENSES IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS

*Offenses in Individual Cities With More Than 25,000 Inhabitants*

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the period of January–June, 1955, is shown in table 9. The compilation includes the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 25,000 inhabitants. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in tables 4, 5, and 6 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

Caution should be exercised in comparing crime data for individual cities because the differences in the figures may be due to a variety of factors. Such comparisons are not necessarily significant even though the figures for individual communities are converted into terms of the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants.

The following is a list of some of the factors which affect the amount of crime in the community:

Population of the city and metropolitan area adjacent thereto.
The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race.
The economic status and activities of the population.
Climate.
Educational, recreational, and religious facilities.
The number of police employees per unit of population.
The standards governing appointments to the police force.
The policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.
The attitude of the public toward law-enforcement problems.
The degree of efficiency of the local law-enforcement agency.

The figures presented in the following tabulation are those reported by the individual police departments in the cities represented without reducing the data to crime rates (number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants).

In considering the volume of crime committed locally, it is generally more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases rather than to ascertain whether they exceed or fall short of those for some other individual community, and it should be remembered that the amount of crime committed in a community is not solely chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community.

In publishing these figures the FBI acts as a service agency. The figures published are those submitted by the contributing agencies.

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Abilene, Tex | 1 | 1 | 30 | 69 | 35 | 288 | 15 |
| Abington, Pa | | 1 | 5 | 38 | 52 | 50 | 5 |
| Akron, Ohio | 1 | 107 | 126 | 555 | 252 | 1,347 | 433 |
| Alameda, Calif | | 6 | 2 | 60 | 26 | 273 | 22 |
| Albany, Ga | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Albany, N. Y | 3 | 14 | 15 | 144 | 47 | 200 | 85 |
| Albuquerque, N. Mex | 1 | 43 | 25 | 393 | 222 | 798 | 237 |
| Alexandria, La | 1 | 4 | 53 | 97 | 32 | 163 | 27 |
| Alexandria, Va | 3 | 20 | 88 | 178 | 123 | 554 | 99 |
| Alhambra, Calif | 1 | 12 | 7 | 121 | 95 | 304 | 34 |
| Aliquippa, Pa | | 6 | 13 | 19 | 18 | 69 | 4 |
| Allentown, Pa | | 5 | 3 | 128 | 121 | 296 | 32 |
| Alliance, Ohio | | 4 | | 62 | 12 | 107 | 14 |
| Alton, Ill | 3 | 3 | | 43 | 21 | 208 | 18 |
| Altoona, Pa | | 2 | 2 | 58 | 13 | 47 | 23 |
| Amarillo, Tex | 2 | 24 | 40 | 237 | 171 | 705 | 116 |
| Amsterdam, N. Y | | 1 | | 13 | 10 | 27 | 5 |
| Anderson, Ind | | 6 | 9 | 42 | 21 | 237 | 27 |
| Ann Arbor, Mich | | 2 | 5 | 46 | 80 | 213 | 12 |
| Anniston, Ala | 3 | 9 | 74 | 85 | 31 | 169 | 16 |
| Appleton, Wis | | 1 | | 37 | 10 | 219 | 21 |
| Arlington, Mass | | 3 | | 50 | 21 | 28 | 8 |
| Arlington, Va | 1 | 13 | 35 | 153 | 161 | 543 | 85 |
| Asheville, N. C | 2 | 12 | 36 | 67 | 104 | 201 | 61 |
| Ashland, Ky | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Athens, Ga | | | 34 | 22 | 13 | 38 | 14 |
| Atlanta, Ga | 38 | 97 | 413 | 1,164 | 606 | 2,027 | 680 |
| Atlantic City, N. J | 1 | 17 | 45 | 224 | 146 | 195 | 55 |
| Auburn, N. Y | | | 1 | 8 | 13 | 45 | 9 |
| Augusta, Ga | 1 | 13 | 117 | 97 | 44 | 94 | 48 |
| Aurora, Ill | | 7 | 11 | 46 | 52 | 156 | 28 |
| Austin, Tex | 3 | 9 | 149 | 306 | 114 | 1,203 | 73 |
| Bakersfield, Calif | | 14 | 5 | 178 | 136 | 478 | 62 |
| Baltimore, Md | 32 | 399 | 964 | 2,431 | 1,676 | 3,505 | 2,237 |
| Bangor, Maine | | 1 | 3 | 53 | 17 | 92 | 20 |
| Barberton, Ohio | | 4 | 5 | 35 | 12 | 119 | 24 |
| Baton Rouge, La | 3 | 20 | 51 | 272 | 173 | 393 | 63 |
| Battle Creek, Mich | 2 | 4 | 15 | 117 | 32 | 243 | 25 |
| Bay City, Mich | | 3 | | 94 | 25 | 251 | 88 |
| Bayonne, N. J | 1 | 1 | 12 | 90 | 65 | 164 | 37 |
| Beaumont, Tex | 3 | 12 | 134 | 189 | 104 | 619 | 60 |
| Belleville, Ill | | 1 | | 21 | 24 | 82 | 15 |
| Belleville, N. J | | 3 | 3 | 37 | 12 | 27 | 5 |
| Bellingham, Wash | | 1 | 1 | 35 | 61 | 70 | 13 |
| Belmont, Mass | | 2 | | 44 | 15 | 37 | 5 |
| Beloit, Wis | | 1 | 2 | 28 | 14 | 122 | 14 |
| Berkeley, Calif | 3 | 62 | 19 | 303 | 72 | 593 | 69 |
| Berwyn, Ill | | 10 | 1 | 80 | 29 | 51 | 21 |
| Bessemer, Ala | 1 | 1 | 62 | 66 | 17 | 74 | 18 |
| Bethlehem, Pa | | 3 | | 71 | 54 | 128 | 9 |
| Beverly, Mass | | 2 | | 11 | 17 | 60 | 4 |
| Beverly Hills, Calif | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Billings, Mont | 1 | 2 | 11 | 95 | 106 | 358 | 60 |
| Biloxi, Miss | | 7 | | 46 | 28 | 122 | 38 |
| Binghamton, N. Y | 1 | 1 | | 97 | 45 | 212 | 19 |
| Birmingham, Ala | 31 | 79 | 231 | 1,104 | 488 | 1,180 | 262 |
| Bloomfield, N. J | | 2 | | 27 | 15 | 55 | 17 |
| Bloomington, Ill | | 9 | | 77 | 39 | 147 | 68 |
| Bloomington, Ind | | 4 | | 72 | 34 | 153 | 12 |
| Boise, Idaho | | 2 | 2 | 51 | 56 | 294 | 46 |
| Boston, Mass | 13 | 179 | 105 | 733 | 688 | 1,357 | 1,279 |
| Bremerton, Wash | 1 | 3 | | 29 | 26 | 256 | 18 |
| Bridgeport, Conn | 3 | 26 | 47 | 193 | 149 | 336 | 171 |
| Bristol, Conn | | | 1 | 23 | 24 | 53 | 9 |
| Brockton, Mass | 1 | 7 | 7 | 155 | 50 | 213 | 69 |

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Brookline, Mass. | 1 | 1 | | 83 | 16 | 103 | 57 |
| Brownsville, Tex. | | 3 | 4 | 91 | 58 | 245 | 30 |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 11 | 73 | 106 | 646 | 180 | 697 | 712 |
| Burbank, Calif. | | 12 | 10 | 151 | 118 | 435 | 101 |
| Burlington, Iowa | | | | 18 | 5 | 104 | 5 |
| Burlington, Vt. | | 1 | | 41 | 23 | 108 | 17 |
| Butte, Mont. | | 25 | 30 | 67 | 69 | 185 | 59 |
| Cambridge, Mass. | 1 | 20 | 6 | 100 | 130 | 127 | 113 |
| Camden, N. J. | 1 | 28 | 33 | 367 | 83 | 116 | 206 |
| Canton, Ohio | | 32 | 9 | 255 | 129 | 424 | 100 |
| Cedar Rapids, Iowa | | 2 | | 83 | 58 | 353 | 33 |
| Champaign, Ill. | 1 | 3 | 6 | 41 | 45 | 125 | 18 |
| Charleston, S. C. | 9 | 47 | 45 | 306 | 138 | 555 | 72 |
| Charleston, W. Va. | | 11 | 35 | 105 | (1) | 294 | 46 |
| Charlotte, N. C. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Charlottesville, Va. | 1 | 1 | 19 | 37 | 29 | 85 | 6 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn. | 14 | 40 | 77 | 397 | 58 | 200 | 144 |
| Chelsea, Mass. | 1 | 10 | 1 | 45 | 31 | 55 | 24 |
| Chester, Pa. | 2 | 21 | 26 | 106 | 64 | 121 | 83 |
| Cheyenne, Wyo. | | 5 | 3 | 52 | 30 | 370 | 21 |
| Chicago, Ill. | 143 | 3,477 | 1,924 | 7,118 | 4,487 | 4,350 | 2,200 |
| Chicopee, Mass. | | 2 | 1 | 30 | 30 | 96 | 10 |
| Cicero, Ill. | 1 | 28 | 33 | 147 | 77 | 139 | 51 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | 8 | 105 | 190 | 647 | 480 | 1,363 | 461 |
| Clarksburg, W. Va. | 2 | 11 | | 57 | 13 | 12 | 23 |
| Cleveland, Ohio | 23 | 422 | 141 | 911 | 584 | 5,578 | 505 |
| Cleveland Heights, Ohio | | 6 | | 50 | 14 | 113 | 13 |
| Clifton, N. J. | | 6 | 1 | 80 | 33 | 145 | 30 |
| Clinton, Iowa | | 1 | | 28 | 22 | 114 | 8 |
| Colorado Springs, Colo. | 1 | 5 | | 65 | 60 | 337 | 50 |
| Columbia, Mo. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Columbia, S. C. | 1 | 14 | 39 | 184 | 178 | 546 | 115 |
| Columbus, Ga. | 3 | 9 | 24 | 206 | 89 | 239 | 60 |
| Columbus, Ohio | 8 | 200 | 31 | 1,194 | 767 | 1,636 | 260 |
| Compton, Calif. | | 47 | 54 | 282 | 179 | 570 | 91 |
| Concord, N. H. | | | 2 | 12 | 10 | 53 | 2 |
| Corpus Christi, Tex. | 4 | 36 | 199 | 432 | 128 | 868 | 114 |
| Council Bluffs, Iowa | | | 1 | 38 | 35 | 191 | 33 |
| Covington, Ky. | | 17 | 40 | 156 | 70 | 214 | 53 |
| Cranston, R. I. | | 4 | 2 | 91 | 53 | 142 | 10 |
| Cumberland, Md. | | | | 13 | 22 | 58 | 19 |
| Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio | | 4 | 1 | 38 | 23 | 101 | 6 |
| Dallas, Tex. | 30 | 146 | 652 | 2,062 | 391 | 4,251 | 762 |
| Danville, Ill. | 2 | 8 | | 57 | 33 | 105 | 41 |
| Danville, Va. | 3 | 9 | 37 | 55 | 55 | 233 | 21 |
| Davenport, Iowa | | 8 | 1 | 125 | 72 | 361 | 30 |
| Dayton, Ohio | 11 | 59 | 141 | 400 | 172 | 1,017 | 180 |
| Daytona Beach, Fla. | 2 | 8 | 27 | 99 | 58 | 221 | 24 |
| Dearborn, Mich. | 1 | 19 | 15 | 228 | 158 | 1,044 | 181 |
| Decatur, Ill. | | 14 | 5 | 114 | 45 | 275 | 32 |
| Denver, Colo. | 12 | 270 | 124 | 1,759 | 897 | 2,418 | 803 |
| Des Moines, Iowa | 1 | 21 | 24 | 395 | 254 | 777 | 129 |
| Detroit, Mich. | 52 | 1,347 | 1,843 | 4,557 | 1,393 | 11,136 | 3,424 |
| Dubuque, Iowa | | 1 | 1 | 31 | 16 | 137 | 7 |
| Duluth, Minn. | 1 | 10 | 2 | 116 | 118 | 438 | 61 |
| Durham, N. C. | 2 | 6 | 179 | 73 | 65 | 258 | 50 |
| East Chicago, Ind. | 2 | 16 | 13 | 100 | 85 | 202 | 100 |
| East Cleveland, Ohio | | 5 | 1 | 30 | 10 | 164 | 9 |
| East Hartford, Conn. | | | 1 | 56 | 32 | 86 | 13 |
| Easton, Pa. | 1 | | 1 | 34 | 11 | 65 | 10 |
| East Orange, N. J. | 1 | 12 | 6 | 137 | 53 | 211 | 29 |
| East Providence, R. I. | | 1 | 2 | 66 | 48 | 109 | 10 |
| East St. Louis, Ill. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Eau Claire, Wis. | | | | 44 | 26 | 104 | 4 |
| Elgin, Ill. | | | 1 | 21 | 19 | 46 | 21 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Elizabeth, N. J | | 15 | 20 | 139 | 111 | 250 | 68 |
| Elkhart, Ind | | 7 | | 33 | 41 | 98 | 14 |
| Elmira, N. Y | | 2 | 2 | 70 | 58 | 173 | 12 |
| El Paso, Tex | 4 | 26 | 30 | 440 | 222 | 1,133 | 250 |
| Elyria, Ohio | | 4 | 1 | 39 | 22 | 86 | 16 |
| Enid, Okla | | 1 | 2 | 43 | 22 | 160 | 16 |
| Erie, Pa | | 5 | 18 | 149 | 64 | 390 | 75 |
| Euclid, Ohio | | 3 | | 16 | 12 | 209 | 14 |
| Eugene, Oreg | 1 | 2 | 5 | 54 | 100 | 254 | 21 |
| Evanston, Ill | | 7 | 27 | 102 | 120 | 326 | 34 |
| Evansville, Ind | 3 | 21 | 12 | 371 | 149 | 668 | 156 |
| Everett, Mass | | 6 | | 35 | 11 | 51 | 13 |
| Everett, Wash | | 4 | 2 | 81 | 46 | 315 | 31 |
| Fairmont, W. Va | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Fall River, Mass | | 2 | 4 | 108 | 83 | 223 | 88 |
| Fargo, N. Dak | 1 | 2 | | 35 | 19 | 226 | 9 |
| Fayetteville, N. C | 1 | 17 | 77 | 126 | 8 | 359 | 62 |
| Ferndale, Mich | | 5 | 4 | 69 | 36 | 131 | 32 |
| Fitchburg, Mass | | 2 | | 71 | 32 | 161 | 15 |
| Flint, Mich | 6 | 74 | 272 | 416 | 551 | 1,136 | 213 |
| Fond du Lac, Wis | | 2 | 1 | 16 | 11 | 149 | 11 |
| Fort Dodge, Iowa | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Fort Lauderdale, Fla | 4 | 19 | 12 | 208 | 164 | 447 | 67 |
| Fort Smith, Ark | | 4 | 37 | 116 | 42 | 156 | 28 |
| Fort Wayne, Ind | 3 | 13 | 14 | 189 | 128 | 465 | 91 |
| Fort Worth, Tex | 14 | 73 | 55 | 1,324 | 198 | 1,931 | 393 |
| Framingham, Mass | | 1 | | 18 | 38 | 44 | 18 |
| Fresno, Calif | 2 | 68 | 40 | 363 | 272 | 614 | 143 |
| Gadsden, Ala | 3 | 2 | 33 | 103 | 31 | 127 | 39 |
| Gainesville, Fla | 2 | 1 | 17 | 42 | 52 | 188 | 15 |
| Galesburg, Ill | | | | 20 | 19 | 88 | 10 |
| Galveston, Tex | 3 | 17 | 81 | 206 | 276 | 262 | 8 |
| Garfield, N. J | | | 1 | 28 | 25 | 81 | 3 |
| Gary, Ind | 4 | 69 | 116 | 471 | 284 | 669 | 184 |
| Glendale, Calif | | 22 | 5 | 224 | 102 | 576 | 72 |
| Gloucester, Mass | | | 5 | 7 | 12 | 20 | 5 |
| Grand Forks, N. Dak | | | | 26 | 21 | 223 | 19 |
| Grand Rapids, Mich | | 21 | 38 | 331 | 142 | 848 | 129 |
| Granite City, Ill | | 5 | | 113 | 11 | 125 | 19 |
| Great Falls, Mont | 2 | 4 | 3 | 80 | 81 | 240 | 18 |
| Green Bay, Wis | | | | 86 | 26 | 92 | 22 |
| Greensboro, N. C | 1 | 19 | 60 | 149 | 132 | 265 | 65 |
| Greenville, Miss | | | 4 | 90 | 46 | 127 | 10 |
| Greenville, S. C | | 13 | 8 | 198 | 106 | 205 | 89 |
| Greenwich, Conn | | | | 16 | 17 | 47 | 7 |
| Hackensack, N. J | | 3 | 10 | 42 | 31 | 103 | 14 |
| Hagerstown, Md | | 3 | | 101 | 26 | 182 | 23 |
| Hamilton, N. J | 1 | 3 | 4 | 83 | 41 | 148 | 38 |
| Hamilton, Ohio | | 8 | 13 | 98 | 77 | 249 | 66 |
| Hammond, Ind | | 8 | 11 | 198 | 204 | 467 | 116 |
| Hampton, Va | 4 | 13 | 32 | 101 | 107 | 285 | 29 |
| Hamtramck, Mich | 1 | 13 | 24 | 44 | 93 | 167 | 70 |
| Harrisburg, Pa | 3 | 18 | 5 | 216 | 88 | 243 | 30 |
| Hartford, Conn | 1 | 37 | 79 | 465 | 159 | 417 | 164 |
| Hattiesburg, Miss | | 2 | 19 | 36 | 9 | 50 | 15 |
| Haverford, Pa | | 1 | | 19 | 23 | 99 | 9 |
| Haverhill, Mass | | | | 61 | 19 | 21 | 6 |
| Hayward, Calif | | 5 | 1 | 43 | 38 | 144 | 18 |
| Hazleton, Pa | | | | 16 | 12 | 20 | 4 |
| Hempstead, N. Y | 1 | 5 | 1 | 68 | 74 | 89 | 43 |
| Highland Park, Mich | | 26 | 19 | 87 | 129 | 282 | 69 |
| High Point, N. C | 1 | 4 | 33 | 51 | 38 | 101 | 14 |
| Hoboken, N. J | 1 | 7 | 12 | 80 | 42 | 66 | 47 |
| Holyoke, Mass | | 1 | 1 | 58 | 58 | 208 | 26 |
| Honolulu City, Hawaii | 8 | 27 | 14 | 898 | 323 | 1,499 | 132 |

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Hot Springs, Ark | 1 | 5 | 1 | 78 | 28 | 92 | 12 |
| Houston, Tex | 45 | 157 | 89 | 2,780 | 811 | 3,310 | 1,057 |
| Huntington, W. Va | 2 | 11 | 45 | 143 | 65 | 166 | 55 |
| Huntington Park, Calif | 1 | 19 | 4 | 108 | 86 | 328 | 73 |
| Hutchinson, Kans | | 1 | 5 | 47 | 9 | 107 | 19 |
| Independence, Mo | 1 | 1 | | 31 | 40 | 93 | 11 |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 15 | 101 | 157 | 1,227 | 822 | 1,536 | 816 |
| Inglewood, Calif | 1 | 14 | 8 | 191 | 179 | 322 | 61 |
| Iowa City, Iowa | | 4 | 1 | 16 | 14 | 89 | 9 |
| Irondequoit, N. Y | | | 1 | 45 | 13 | 56 | 7 |
| Irvington, N. J | 1 | 8 | 1 | 156 | 50 | 156 | 11 |
| Ithaca, N. Y | | 1 | 1 | 25 | 39 | 102 | 15 |
| Jackson, Mich | | 1 | 19 | 58 | 50 | 231 | 33 |
| Jackson, Miss | 10 | 7 | 25 | 206 | 47 | 272 | 63 |
| Jackson, Tenn | 1 | 1 | 1 | 48 | 37 | 96 | 12 |
| Jacksonville, Fla | 14 | 131 | 46 | 843 | 608 | 1,497 | 327 |
| Jamestown, N. Y | | | 1 | 35 | 14 | 78 | 6 |
| Jefferson City, Mo | | | | 9 | 9 | 46 | 13 |
| Jersey City, N. J | | 35 | 75 | 386 | 98 | 308 | 175 |
| Johnson City, Tenn | 2 | 2 | 6 | 76 | 9 | 62 | 31 |
| Johnstown, Pa | | 1 | | 53 | 28 | 91 | 23 |
| Joliet, Ill | | 12 | 7 | 38 | 38 | 85 | 33 |
| Joplin, Mo | | 3 | 1 | 56 | 62 | 156 | 20 |
| Kalamazoo, Mich | | 4 | 8 | 86 | 76 | 430 | 24 |
| Kankakee, Ill | | 1 | 1 | 43 | 14 | 141 | 15 |
| Kannapolis, N. C | | 3 | 47 | 15 | 17 | 56 | 7 |
| Kansas City, Kans | 3 | 48 | 34 | 385 | 211 | 613 | 139 |
| Kansas City, Mo | 17 | 114 | 124 | 459 | 428 | 1,203 | 259 |
| Kearny, N. J | | | | 27 | 26 | 86 | 11 |
| Kenosha, Wis | 1 | 1 | 1 | 51 | 32 | 210 | 30 |
| Kettering, Ohio | | 2 | | 21 | 13 | 48 | 5 |
| Key West, Fla | | 5 | 6 | 24 | 25 | 59 | 36 |
| Kingston, N. Y | | | 2 | 45 | 21 | 44 | 10 |
| Knoxville, Tenn | 10 | 25 | 78 | 245 | 102 | 112 | 207 |
| Kokomo, Ind | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Lackawanna, N. Y | 2 | 11 | 9 | 47 | 28 | 58 | 31 |
| La Crosse, Wis | | | | 51 | 16 | 192 | 33 |
| LaFayette, Ind | | 11 | 3 | 52 | 37 | 204 | 30 |
| Lafayette, La | No reports received | | | | | | |
| La Grange, Ga | 3 | | 2 | 75 | 23 | 87 | 19 |
| Lake Charles, La | | 3 | 12 | 74 | 44 | 76 | 19 |
| Lakeland, Fla | | 1 | 25 | 63 | 52 | 87 | 8 |
| Lakewood, Ohio | | 2 | 1 | 79 | 27 | 156 | 16 |
| Lancaster, Pa | | 3 | 23 | 77 | 63 | 230 | 28 |
| Lansing, Mich | | 6 | 5 | 108 | 63 | 423 | 56 |
| Laredo, Tex | 1 | 3 | 27 | 44 | 20 | 140 | 21 |
| Laurel, Miss | 2 | 3 | 12 | 78 | 28 | 85 | 4 |
| Lawrence, Mass | | 5 | 3 | 81 | 27 | 108 | 29 |
| Lawton, Okla | | 7 | 18 | 82 | 26 | 230 | 26 |
| Lebanon, Pa | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Lewiston, Maine | 1 | 2 | 1 | 37 | 21 | 83 | 19 |
| Lexington, Ky | 3 | 32 | 118 | 300 | 131 | 422 | 99 |
| Lima, Ohio | | 10 | 37 | 119 | 95 | 153 | 29 |
| Lincoln, Nebr | | 2 | 35 | 127 | 86 | 706 | 34 |
| Lincoln Park, Mich | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Linden, N. J | | | 2 | 56 | 21 | 91 | 11 |
| Little Rock, Ark | 2 | 45 | 55 | 323 | 241 | 527 | 62 |
| Lockport, N. Y | | 1 | 3 | 23 | 11 | 48 | 17 |
| Long Beach, Calif | | 142 | 104 | 1,112 | (1) | 1,687 | 456 |
| Lorain, Ohio | 1 | 11 | 24 | 83 | 34 | 163 | 17 |
| Los Angeles, Calif | 48 | 1,463 | 2,200 | 8,200 | 5,666 | 11,698 | 3,356 |
| Louisville, Ky | 25 | 246 | 261 | 1,535 | 1,212 | 1,522 | 1,227 |
| Lowell, Mass | | 7 | 33 | 94 | 32 | 192 | 40 |
| Lower Merion, Pa | | 1 | 2 | 67 | 80 | 153 | 18 |
| Lubbock, Tex | 6 | 21 | 37 | 254 | 270 | 840 | 117 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Lynchburg, Va | 3 | 5 | 24 | 73 | 20 | 151 | 10 |
| Lynn, Mass | | 15 | | 216 | 101 | 387 | 72 |
| Lynwood, Calif | | 10 | 3 | 102 | 95 | 207 | 37 |
| Macon, Ga | 4 | 15 | 15 | 224 | 96 | 314 | 65 |
| Madison, Wis | | | | 96 | 87 | 423 | 41 |
| Malden, Mass | | 8 | | 38 | 16 | 124 | 23 |
| Manchester, N. H | | 5 | | 53 | 21 | 172 | 24 |
| Manitowoc, Wis | | 1 | | 28 | 20 | 86 | 12 |
| Mansfield, Ohio | | 8 | 10 | 107 | 37 | 200 | 28 |
| Maplewood, N. J | | | | 11 | 9 | 26 | 1 |
| Marion, Ind | 1 | 2 | | 40 | 20 | 154 | 19 |
| Marion, Ohio | 1 | 1 | | 50 | 38 | 131 | 18 |
| Mason City, Iowa | | 1 | | 22 | 20 | 110 | 17 |
| Massillon, Ohio | | 6 | | 41 | 5 | 112 | 23 |
| Maywood, Ill | Only 3 months received | | | | | | |
| McKeesport, Pa | | 13 | 11 | 58 | 39 | 162 | 42 |
| Medford, Mass | | 5 | | 61 | 40 | 111 | 10 |
| Melrose, Mass | | 1 | | 24 | 6 | 65 | 8 |
| Memphis, Tenn | 13 | 55 | 314 | 907 | 395 | 641 | 266 |
| Meriden, Conn | | 4 | 1 | 51 | 5 | 73 | 25 |
| Meridian, Miss | 1 | 2 | 24 | 60 | 64 | 139 | 14 |
| Miami, Fla | 15 | 197 | 214 | 1,761 | 768 | 1,727 | 538 |
| Miami Beach, Fla | 1 | 40 | 8 | 718 | 490 | 588 | 118 |
| Michigan City, Ind | 1 | 3 | 2 | 77 | 57 | 177 | 3 |
| Middletown, Conn | | | 1 | 28 | 32 | 63 | 7 |
| Middletown, Ohio | | 3 | 8 | 42 | 33 | 169 | 63 |
| Milwaukee, Wis | 6 | 50 | 126 | 365 | 638 | 2,310 | 468 |
| Minneapolis, Minn | 5 | 132 | 55 | 1,257 | 612 | 1,936 | 489 |
| Mishawaka, Ind | | 4 | 1 | 35 | 33 | 124 | 15 |
| Mobile, Ala | 15 | 46 | 90 | 496 | 83 | 477 | 156 |
| Moline, Ill | | 5 | | 56 | 31 | 162 | 19 |
| Monroe, La | 6 | 5 | 3 | 73 | 10 | 146 | 44 |
| Montclair, N. J | 1 | 1 | 3 | 65 | 31 | 90 | 3 |
| Montgomery, Ala | 11 | 30 | 66 | 287 | 123 | 259 | 69 |
| Morgantown, W. Va | | 3 | 1 | 21 | 11 | 29 | 10 |
| Mount Lebanon, Pa | | | | 13 | 10 | 22 | 4 |
| Mount Vernon, N. Y | 1 | 7 | 1 | 74 | 62 | 92 | 30 |
| Muncie, Ind | | 6 | 6 | 125 | 75 | 246 | 113 |
| Muskegon, Mich | | 3 | 6 | 121 | 62 | 259 | 45 |
| Muskogee, Okla | 2 | 9 | 1 | 61 | 28 | 153 | 25 |
| Nashua, N. H | | | | 20 | 20 | 77 | 7 |
| Nashville, Tenn | 21 | 71 | 58 | 576 | 350 | 700 | 364 |
| New Albany, Ind | | | 1 | 44 | 44 | 163 | 16 |
| Newark, N. J | 15 | 295 | 277 | 1,813 | 733 | 1,867 | 660 |
| Newark, Ohio | | 2 | | 49 | 30 | 201 | 25 |
| New Bedford, Mass | | 5 | 13 | 337 | 118 | 445 | 50 |
| New Britain, Conn | | 7 | 9 | 78 | 79 | 165 | 29 |
| New Brunswick, N. J | | 4 | 14 | 59 | 4 | 123 | 41 |
| Newburgh, N. Y | 1 | 3 | 2 | 42 | 37 | 106 | 16 |
| New Castle, Pa | | 3 | | 68 | 45 | 81 | 31 |
| New Haven, Conn | 1 | 28 | 26 | 317 | 121 | 436 | 126 |
| New Kensington, Pa | | 1 | 5 | 20 | 4 | 24 | 5 |
| New London, Conn | | 2 | 1 | 37 | 21 | 88 | 13 |
| New Orleans, La | 28 | 338 | 289 | 989 | 866 | 1,763 | 1,235 |
| Newport, Ky | 1 | 3 | 4 | 66 | 33 | 63 | 38 |
| Newport, R. I | 3 | | | 68 | 30 | 132 | 22 |
| Newport News, Va | 2 | 17 | 52 | 200 | 212 | 539 | 95 |
| New Rochelle, N. Y | | 3 | 13 | 66 | 69 | 123 | 23 |
| Newton, Mass | 1 | 3 | 4 | 141 | 71 | 224 | 30 |
| New York, N. Y | 151 | 4,183 | 4,424 | 21,665 | 20,715 | 13,784 | 6,044 |
| Niagara Falls, N. Y | 1 | 16 | 24 | 125 | 85 | 236 | 56 |
| Norfolk, Va | 14 | 153 | 793 | 858 | 718 | 1,325 | 504 |
| Norman, Okla | | | | 26 | 24 | 145 | 12 |
| Norristown, Pa | 1 | | 5 | 30 | 14 | 44 | 24 |
| Northampton, Mass | | | 2 | 8 | 13 | 32 | 3 |

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| North Bergen, N. J. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| North Little Rock, Ark. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Norwalk, Conn. | | 4 | 11 | 56 | 57 | 98 | 7 |
| Norwich, Conn. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 33 | 22 | 48 | 5 |
| Norwood, Ohio | | 2 | | 50 | 27 | 87 | 10 |
| Nutley, N. J. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Oakland, Calif. | 3 | 343 | 164 | 1,569 | 238 | 3,738 | 719 |
| Oak Park, Ill. | | 7 | | 52 | 41 | 95 | 18 |
| Oak Ridge, Tenn. | | | 8 | 17 | 14 | 91 | 12 |
| Odessa, Tex. | 3 | 5 | 24 | 108 | 57 | 538 | 65 |
| Ogden, Utah | 2 | 8 | 14 | 66 | 71 | 393 | 62 |
| Oklahoma City, Okla. | 11 | 70 | 52 | 968 | 768 | 1,367 | 389 |
| Omaha, Nebr. | 4 | 36 | 38 | 327 | 76 | 983 | 302 |
| Orange, N. J. | | 9 | 11 | 49 | 32 | 73 | 21 |
| Orlando, Fla. | 8 | 13 | 78 | 226 | 112 | 235 | 55 |
| Oshkosh, Wis. | | | | 58 | 24 | 244 | 32 |
| Ottumwa, Iowa | | 1 | 3 | 18 | 6 | 70 | 16 |
| Owensboro, Ky. | 1 | 2 | 16 | 51 | 52 | 183 | 27 |
| Paducah, Ky. | 2 | 10 | 37 | 88 | 41 | 106 | 35 |
| Palo Alto, Calif. | | 4 | | 33 | 53 | 190 | 24 |
| Panama City, Fla. | | 1 | | 59 | 28 | 50 | 9 |
| Parkersburg, W. Va. | | 1 | | 49 | 54 | 85 | 10 |
| Parma, Ohio | | 2 | | 16 | 14 | 63 | 15 |
| Pasadena, Calif. | 2 | 25 | 11 | 316 | 199 | 751 | 72 |
| Passaic, N. J. | 1 | 10 | 11 | 117 | 46 | 72 | 26 |
| Paterson, N. J. | 2 | 23 | 83 | 282 | 27 | 337 | 95 |
| Pawtucket, R. I. | | 6 | 3 | 144 | 44 | 138 | 39 |
| Pensacola, Fla. | 4 | 9 | 43 | 178 | 63 | 426 | 64 |
| Peoria, Ill. | | 43 | 48 | 317 | 108 | 588 | 121 |
| Perth Amboy, N. J. | | 5 | 12 | 27 | 50 | 114 | 24 |
| Petersburg, Va. | 2 | 15 | 84 | 111 | 54 | 331 | 58 |
| Philadelphia, Pa. | 61 | 1,042 | 1,223 | 5,341 | 2,815 | 4,313 | 2,042 |
| Phoenix, Ariz. | 6 | 75 | 142 | 600 | 366 | 1,700 | 385 |
| Pine Bluff, Ark. | 2 | 10 | 15 | 70 | 11 | 48 | 19 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa. | 14 | 330 | 221 | 1,857 | 816 | 1,139 | 1,110 |
| Pittsfield, Mass. | | 1 | | 54 | 19 | 141 | 4 |
| Plainfield, N. J. | | 2 | | 53 | 55 | 127 | 31 |
| Pocatello, Idaho | | | 2 | 28 | 36 | 184 | 28 |
| Pomona, Calif. | | 9 | 2 | 76 | 43 | 280 | 34 |
| Pontiac, Mich. | | 5 | 24 | 122 | 75 | 317 | 75 |
| Port Arthur, Tex. | | 2 | 14 | 22 | 7 | 107 | 18 |
| Port Huron, Mich. | | | 4 | 56 | 19 | 258 | 19 |
| Portland, Maine | 2 | 10 | 7 | 149 | 81 | 285 | 68 |
| Portland, Oreg. | 10 | 110 | 67 | 934 | 738 | 2,010 | 269 |
| Portsmouth, Ohio | | 26 | 2 | 111 | 102 | 231 | 57 |
| Portsmouth, Va. | 4 | 35 | 193 | 240 | 159 | 347 | 90 |
| Poughkeepsie, N. Y. | 1 | 4 | 15 | 57 | 36 | 163 | 16 |
| Providence, R. I. | 1 | 36 | 60 | 612 | 323 | 949 | 227 |
| Provo, Utah | | | | 36 | 19 | 252 | 18 |
| Pueblo, Colo. | 1 | 12 | 6 | 150 | 131 | 461 | 73 |
| Quincy, Ill. | | 6 | 2 | 79 | 42 | 157 | 20 |
| Quincy, Mass. | | 4 | | 169 | 53 | 310 | 102 |
| Racine, Wis. | | 3 | 9 | 93 | 39 | 347 | 32 |
| Raleigh, N. C. | 7 | 9 | 159 | 136 | 63 | 287 | 43 |
| Rapid City, S. Dak. | 1 | 3 | 3 | 17 | 34 | 156 | 12 |
| Reading, Pa. | 1 | 8 | 3 | 117 | 80 | 273 | 51 |
| Redondo Beach, Calif. | 1 | 13 | 6 | 205 | 31 | 257 | 54 |
| Redwood City, Calif. | | 2 | 5 | 50 | 57 | 268 | 47 |
| Reno, Nev. | 6 | 23 | 8 | 170 | 135 | 283 | 48 |
| Revere, Mass. | | 12 | 2 | 68 | 30 | 85 | 45 |
| Richmond, Calif. | | 22 | 40 | 239 | 90 | 1,023 | 61 |
| Richmond, Ind. | | 5 | 5 | 58 | 55 | 103 | 26 |
| Richmond, Va. | 10 | 99 | 147 | 889 | 381 | 1,574 | 526 |
| Riverside, Calif. | | 8 | 17 | 145 | 103 | 398 | 48 |
| Roanoke, Va. | 1 | 15 | 35 | 154 | 101 | 347 | 62 |

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Rochester, Minn | | 1 | | 33 | 18 | 170 | 9 |
| Rochester, N. Y | 4 | 40 | 51 | 571 | 234 | 1,183 | 165 |
| Rockford, Ill | | 5 | 14 | 102 | 52 | 305 | 31 |
| Rock Island, Ill | | 11 | 7 | 85 | 68 | 206 | 24 |
| Rocky Mount, N. C | 1 | 3 | 28 | 97 | 29 | 125 | 15 |
| Rome, Ga | 2 | 4 | 35 | 82 | 51 | 30 | 37 |
| Rome, N. Y | | | | 42 | 22 | 67 | 9 |
| Roswell, N. Mex | 1 | 1 | | 25 | 29 | 21 | 19 |
| Royal Oak, Mich | | 8 | | 100 | 36 | 328 | 50 |
| Sacramento, Calif | 5 | 96 | 41 | 382 | 460 | 1,304 | 275 |
| Saginaw, Mich | 1 | 9 | 87 | 134 | 57 | 706 | 102 |
| St. Cloud, Minn | | | | 21 | 18 | 123 | 5 |
| St. Joseph, Mo | 2 | 2 | 11 | 46 | 26 | 223 | 41 |
| St. Louis, Mo | 46 | 887 | 995 | 3,342 | 1,238 | 6,078 | 2,292 |
| St. Paul, Minn | 2 | 59 | 19 | 679 | 232 | 1,813 | 293 |
| St Petersburg, Fla | 1 | 12 | 25 | 323 | 163 | 412 | 38 |
| Salem, Mass | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Salem, Oreg | | 2 | 4 | 61 | 41 | 209 | 16 |
| Salina, Kans | | 3 | 6 | 28 | 22 | 181 | 16 |
| Salt Lake City, Utah | 4 | 26 | 20 | 473 | 292 | 768 | 196 |
| San Angelo, Tex | 3 | 6 | 10 | 110 | 27 | 169 | 45 |
| San Antonio, Tex | 22 | 83 | 400 | 1,384 | 617 | 2,790 | 730 |
| San Bernardino, Calif | | 13 | 22 | 285 | 154 | 536 | 139 |
| San Diego, Calif | 9 | 97 | 94 | 716 | 874 | 1,598 | 470 |
| Sandusky, Ohio | | 2 | 10 | 32 | 24 | 139 | 7 |
| San Francisco, Calif | 21 | 553 | 330 | 2,825 | 816 | 4,693 | 2,362 |
| San Jose, Calif | 2 | 34 | 15 | 305 | 175 | 996 | 155 |
| San Leandro, Calif | | 8 | 1 | 105 | 83 | 327 | 20 |
| San Mateo, Calif | 1 | 2 | 4 | 64 | 89 | 315 | 37 |
| Santa Ana, Calif | | 13 | 12 | 171 | 71 | 425 | 63 |
| Santa Barbara, Calif | | 9 | 20 | 100 | 54 | 449 | 29 |
| Santa Fe, N. Mex | | 1 | 6 | 102 | 56 | 225 | 52 |
| Santa Monica, Calif | | 33 | 29 | 278 | 323 | 518 | 103 |
| Savannah, Ga | 8 | 68 | 279 | 328 | 226 | 376 | 129 |
| Schenectady, N. Y | 1 | 4 | 1 | 104 | 52 | 102 | 67 |
| Scranton, Pa | | 3 | 13 | 279 | 38 | 249 | 45 |
| Seattle, Wash | 6 | 198 | 71 | 1,603 | 688 | 2,471 | 716 |
| Shaker Heights, Ohio | | 7 | | 20 | 22 | 170 | 21 |
| Sharon, Pa | | | 4 | 41 | 21 | 27 | 14 |
| Sheboygan, Wis | | | | 32 | 18 | 79 | 12 |
| Shreveport, La | 4 | 10 | 18 | 154 | 137 | 490 | 121 |
| Sioux City, Iowa | 1 | 2 | 3 | 127 | 75 | 477 | 51 |
| Sioux Falls, S. Dak | 1 | 1 | | 54 | 43 | 201 | 23 |
| Somerville, Mass | | 24 | 8 | 173 | 150 | 221 | 69 |
| South Bend, Ind | 1 | 14 | 6 | 186 | 99 | 541 | 59 |
| South Gate, Calif | | 12 | 1 | 156 | 161 | 363 | 87 |
| Spartanburg, S. C | 4 | 3 | 11 | 92 | 47 | 204 | 38 |
| Spokane, Wash | 2 | 40 | 25 | 312 | 120 | 1,224 | 154 |
| Springfield, Ill | 2 | 14 | 15 | 122 | 68 | 402 | 115 |
| Springfield, Mass | | 1 | 12 | 153 | 71 | 346 | 82 |
| Springfield, Mo | 2 | 6 | 4 | 109 | 59 | 204 | 46 |
| Springfield, Ohio | 1 | 6 | 7 | 90 | 39 | 284 | 32 |
| Stamford, Conn | | 7 | 12 | 124 | 109 | 214 | 46 |
| Steubenville, Ohio | | 14 | 7 | 73 | 54 | 103 | 26 |
| Stockton, Calif | 3 | 42 | 36 | 322 | 250 | 629 | 91 |
| Stratford, Conn | | | | 50 | 29 | 86 | 10 |
| Superior, Wis | | 2 | 2 | 47 | 8 | 178 | 20 |
| Syracuse, N. Y | | 9 | 9 | 286 | 222 | 800 | 185 |
| Tacoma, Wash | 1 | 33 | 7 | 237 | 218 | 767 | 92 |
| Tallahassee, Fla | No reports received | | | | | | |

TABLE 9.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, JANUARY–JUNE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Tampa, Fla | 14 | 88 | 104 | 996 | 334 | 1,070 | 163 |
| Taunton, Mass | | 3 | 5 | 76 | 18 | 142 | 16 |
| Teaneck, N. J | | 4 | 1 | 55 | 32 | 86 | 9 |
| Temple, Tex | 1 | 7 | 16 | 81 | 24 | 183 | 33 |
| Terre Haute, Ind | 3 | 10 | 3 | 169 | 58 | 332 | 42 |
| Toledo, Ohio | 2 | 68 | 138 | 657 | 416 | 1,395 | 151 |
| Topeka, Kans | 3 | 18 | 34 | 247 | 75 | 478 | 51 |
| Torrington, Conn | Only 2 months received | | | | | | |
| Trenton, N. J | 5 | 13 | 21 | 284 | 129 | 299 | 83 |
| Troy, N. Y | 1 | 5 | 13 | 81 | 39 | 45 | 25 |
| Tucson, Ariz | | 21 | 30 | 228 | 116 | 769 | 152 |
| Tulsa, Okla | 3 | 46 | 107 | 567 | 442 | 1,008 | 247 |
| Tuscaloosa, Ala | 2 | 1 | 62 | 68 | 37 | 77 | 13 |
| Tyler, Tex | Complete data not received [2] | | | | | | |
| Union, N. J | | 2 | 3 | 66 | 37 | 143 | 18 |
| Union City, N. J | | 3 | 8 | 101 | 26 | 53 | 30 |
| University City, Mo | | 4 | | 63 | 113 | 127 | 27 |
| Upper Darby, Pa | | 7 | 21 | 136 | 44 | 248 | 36 |
| Utica, N. Y | 2 | 1 | 4 | 102 | 44 | 219 | 45 |
| Vallejo, Calif | | 11 | 3 | 57 | 44 | 265 | 35 |
| Valley Stream, N. Y | | 4 | 1 | 50 | 49 | 108 | 17 |
| Vancouver, Wash | 2 | 5 | 4 | 59 | 40 | 230 | 20 |
| Vicksburg, Miss | | 2 | | 16 | 20 | 25 | 12 |
| Waco, Tex | 2 | 13 | 90 | 282 | 91 | 646 | 53 |
| Waltham, Mass | | 6 | 3 | 76 | 42 | 170 | 9 |
| Warren, Ohio | | 19 | 3 | 84 | 54 | 164 | 53 |
| Warwick, R. I | | | | 98 | 70 | 73 | 10 |
| Washington, D. C | 23 | 408 | 1,958 | 1,866 | 840 | 3,332 | 736 |
| Washington, Pa | | 1 | | 22 | 18 | 57 | 24 |
| Waterbury, Conn | | 3 | 4 | 140 | 58 | 177 | 98 |
| Waterloo, Iowa | | 7 | 7 | 62 | 37 | 275 | 29 |
| Watertown, Mass | | 2 | | 66 | 27 | 65 | 14 |
| Watertown, N. Y | | | 2 | 51 | 31 | 87 | 8 |
| Waukegan, Ill | 1 | 5 | 22 | 44 | 41 | 165 | 24 |
| Wausau, Wis | | 1 | 1 | 36 | 17 | 139 | 5 |
| Wauwatosa, Wis | | | | 21 | 27 | 114 | 12 |
| West Allis, Wis | | 1 | | 18 | 28 | 196 | 11 |
| West Hartford, Conn | | | | 55 | 12 | 36 | 11 |
| West Haven, Conn | | 3 | | 59 | 22 | 33 | 23 |
| West New York, N. J | Complete data not received [2] | | | | | | |
| West Orange, N. J | | 3 | | 32 | 33 | 86 | 4 |
| West Palm Beach, Fla | 6 | 7 | 24 | 97 | 72 | 148 | 23 |
| Weymouth, Mass | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Wheeling, W. Va | | 3 | 2 | 55 | 21 | 56 | 30 |
| White Plains, N. Y | 1 | 4 | 18 | 70 | 89 | 126 | 35 |
| Wichita, Kans | 2 | 38 | 136 | 554 | 268 | 1,195 | 157 |
| Wichita Falls, Tex | 1 | 10 | 28 | 211 | 127 | 701 | 145 |
| Wilkes-Barre, Pa | | 4 | 1 | 95 | 44 | 101 | 37 |
| Wilkinsburg, Pa | | 4 | 1 | 52 | 8 | 76 | 19 |
| Williamsport, Pa | | 3 | 1 | 64 | 37 | 190 | 16 |
| Wilmington, Del | 1 | 37 | 12 | 375 | 170 | 606 | 117 |
| Wilmington, N. C | 2 | 14 | 126 | 138 | 56 | 279 | 64 |
| Winona, Minn | | 2 | | 15 | 18 | 71 | 8 |
| Winston-Salem, N. C | 8 | 18 | 50 | 226 | 81 | 317 | 56 |
| Woodbridge, N. J | | 4 | 2 | 38 | 39 | 69 | 25 |
| Woonsocket, R. I | | 1 | 1 | 51 | 36 | 81 | 16 |
| Worcester, Mass | | 13 | 5 | 415 | 114 | 530 | 166 |
| Wyandotte, Mich | 1 | 1 | | 34 | 37 | 158 | 26 |
| Yakima, Wash | | 10 | 10 | 91 | 43 | 480 | 42 |
| Yonkers, N. Y | 1 | 8 | 18 | 99 | 46 | 404 | 102 |
| York, Pa | 1 | 12 | 9 | 138 | 33 | 307 | 60 |
| Youngstown, Ohio | 9 | 49 | 14 | 230 | 226 | 462 | 78 |
| Zanesville, Ohio | | 5 | 3 | 92 | 44 | 196 | 42 |

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] The crime reporting for the city indicated does not meet acceptable standards established by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

## POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

*Police Killed, 1954*

In 1954, 61 city police employees were killed while on active police duty according to the reports of 3,704 cities. The figures are not limited to deaths of police at the hands of criminals, but include deaths of police in traffic mishaps and the like, so long as the death occurred in line of duty.

The number of deaths reported for 1953 by 3,721 cities was 63. Although the reports for the two periods are not from identical cities, the 61 deaths in 1954 compare roughly with the 63 deaths in 1953. Over 97 percent of the urban population was represented by reports for both years.

The reported 61 deaths for 1954 average one in 2,752 police employees killed in line of duty. Stated another way, this represents 3.6 deaths for every 10,000 employees.

Reported figures are listed in table 10 by cities grouped by size and by geographic area. Rates based on the 1950 decennial census are also included. The number of reporting cities and the population represented are shown in table 12.

Information about police employees killed is collected for the previous calendar year while the number of police employees shown in the next section is as of April 30, of the current year.

TABLE 10.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES KILLED, 1954, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND POPULATION GROUPS

[3,704 cities, total population 87,066,845, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Geographic division | TOTAL | | Population group | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Number | Rate per 5,000,000 inhabitants | Group I<br>Over 250,000 | Group II<br>100,000 to 250,000 | Group III<br>50,000 to 100,000 | Group IV<br>25,000 to 50,000 | Group V<br>10,000 to 25,000 | Group VI<br>Less than 10,000 |
| **Total number** | 61 | | 18 | 8 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 16 |
| **Rate per 5,000,000 inhabitants** | | 3.5 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 2.0 | 6.6 |
| New England | 1 | .7 | | 1 | | | | |
| Middle Atlantic | 11 | 2.5 | 3 | 2 | | 3 | | 3 |
| East North Central | 10 | 2.5 | 5 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| West North Central | 2 | 1.5 | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| South Atlantic | 10 | 5.7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | 5 |
| East South Central | 5 | 6.7 | | | | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| West South Central | 11 | 7.7 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | 4 |
| Mountain | 4 | 8.1 | | 2 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Pacific | 7 | 3.9 | 4 | | | 1 | 2 | |

*Number of Police Employees, April 30, 1955*

An estimated 171,000 employees policed the cities of the United States as of April 30, 1955. This is an increase of more than 4 percent over the 164,000 city police employees estimated for the same date in 1954. Of the above, police employees without the power of arrest (civilians) increased from 15,000 in 1954 to 16,000 in 1955, or 7 percent.

(Note that the above refers to city police. For all police in State and local governments it has been estimated there were 259,000 in October, 1954, as compared with 248,000 in October, 1953. Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; annual report, *State Distribution of Public Employment.*)

The rate of growth in the number of police employees is not a final index to the change in available police strength.

For example, a change from a 48- to a 40-hour week decreases available man-hours by about 17 percent. The trend in police work, as elsewhere in recent years, has been toward a shortened workweek. Figures are not available to demonstrate on a nationwide scale the effect of shortened workweeks, more liberal leave policies, and the like.

For every 10 police officers there is on the average at least 1 civilian police employee. Police continue to expand the use of civilians in limited police functions. In 1950, 7.5 percent of the police employees were civilians while in 1955, 9.6 percent were civilians. Substitution of civilian employees for police officers in records, communications and other inside work as well as outside work, such as guarding at school crossings, is responsible in part for this trend.

School guards are listed as civilian employees without the power of arrest by some departments, while others show them as police officers.

The following tabulation shows the percentage of civilian employees as of April 30, 1955, by cities grouped by size:

| Population group: | *Percentage civilian employees* |
|---|---|
| Total, all cities | 9. 6 |
| Group I (over 250,000) | 10. 8 |
| Group II (100,000–250,000) | 12. 8 |
| Group III (50,000–100,000) | 10. 1 |
| Group IV (25,000–50,000) | 8. 6 |
| Group V (10,000–25,000) | 5. 3 |
| Group VI (2,500–10,000) | 6. 1 |

Table 11 presents the reported number of police employees arranged by city groups and geographic divisions. Also, the average number of police employees per 1,000 inhabitants is included in table 11. The population used in determining averages in that table is from the 1950 decennial census.

Table 12 shows the number of reporting police departments and the population represented under the 1950 decennial census.

TABLE 11.—POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, NUMBER AND RATE PER 1,000 INHABITANTS, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND POPULATION GROUPS

[3,704 cities, total population 87,066,845, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Division | TOTAL | Population group | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
| | | Over 250,000 | 100,000 to 250,000 | 50,000 to 100,000 | 25,000 to 50,000 | 10,000 to 25,000 | Less than 10,000 |
| **TOTAL:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 167,882 | 84,731 | 18,570 | 15,040 | 15,528 | 18,531 | 17,462 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| **New England:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 14,405 | 3,045 | 3,771 | 2,259 | 2,660 | 1,993 | 677 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 2.1 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| **Middle Atlantic:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 51,642 | 34,206 | 3,138 | 3,209 | 3,230 | 4,209 | 3,650 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| **East North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 36,022 | 20,262 | 2,274 | 3,217 | 3,354 | 3,290 | 3,625 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| **West North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 10,020 | 4,501 | 782 | 872 | 759 | 1,404 | 1,702 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| **South Atlantic:** [1] | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 17,675 | 6,006 | 2,648 | 2,457 | 1,876 | 2,146 | 2,542 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 2.0 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| **East South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 5,475 | 1,475 | 893 | 426 | 630 | 819 | 1,232 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| **West South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 9,991 | 3,823 | 1,490 | 816 | 824 | 1,588 | 1,450 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| **Mountain:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 3,782 | 711 | 465 | 270 | 659 | 695 | 982 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| **Pacific:** | | | | | | | |
| Number of police employees | 18,850 | 10,702 | 1,109 | 1,514 | 1,536 | 2,387 | 1,602 |
| Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

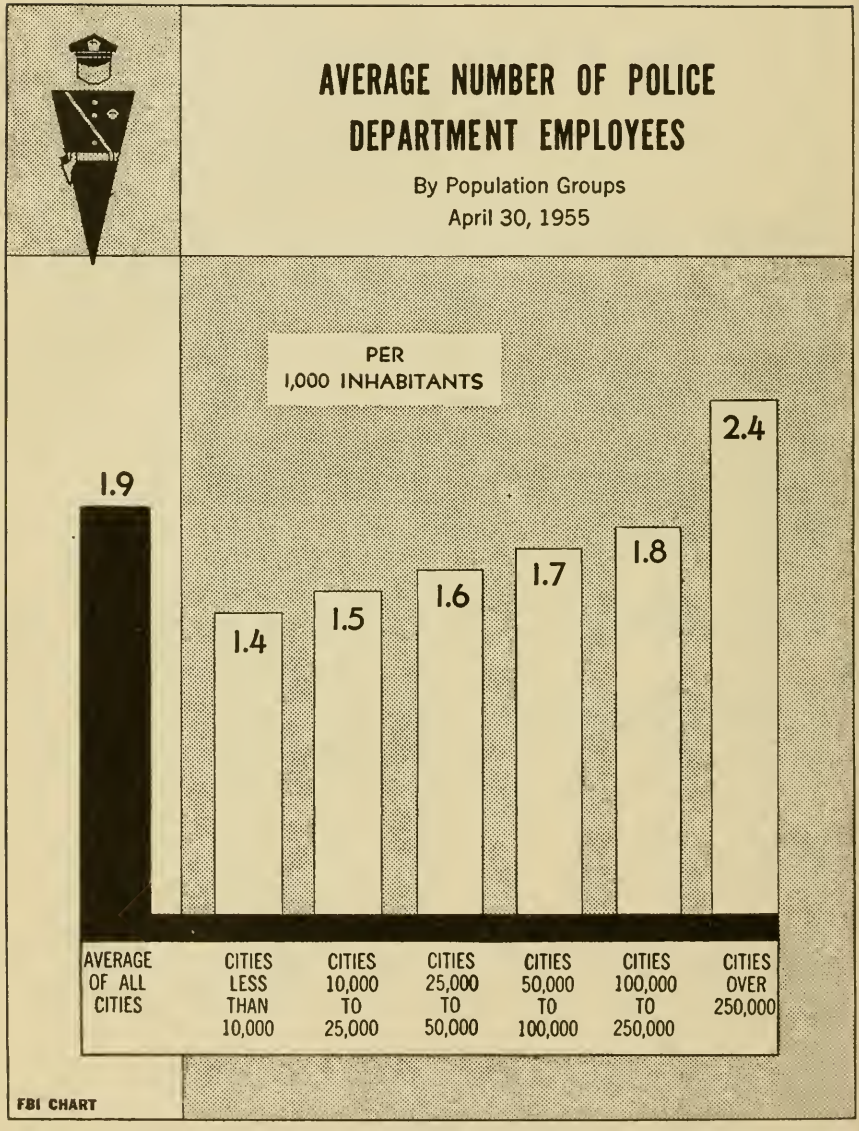

AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES
By Population Groups
April 30, 1955
PER 1,000 INHABITANTS
1.9
1.4
1.5
1.6
1.7
1.8
2.4
AVERAGE OF ALL CITIES
CITIES LESS THAN 10,000
CITIES 10,000 TO 25,000
CITIES 25,000 TO 50,000
CITIES 50,000 TO 100,000
CITIES 100,000 TO 250,000
CITIES OVER 250,000
FBI CHART

FIGURE 2.

TABLE 12.—NUMBER OF CITIES USED IN TABULATIONS REGARDING NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, AND POLICE KILLED, 1954

[Population figures from 1950 decennial census]

| Division | TOTAL | Population group | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
| | | Over 250,000 | 100,000 to 250,000 | 50,000 to 100,000 | 25,000 to 50,000 | 10,000 to 25,000 | Less than 10,000 |
| **TOTAL:** | | | | | | | |
| **Population represented** | **87, 066, 845** | **34, 932, 955** | **9, 308, 094** | **9, 034, 619** | **9, 426, 923** | **12, 199, 201** | **12, 165, 053** |
| **Number of cities** | **3, 704** | **41** | **63** | **128** | **289** | **797** | **2, 406** |
| New England: Total population, 6,850,848 | 229 | 1 | 11 | 17 | 38 | 81 | 81 |
| Middle Atlantic: Total population, 22,288,477 | 734 | 7 | 12 | 24 | 48 | 165 | 478 |
| East North Central: Total population, 19,921,811 | 793 | 9 | 10 | 31 | 66 | 163 | 514 |
| West North Central: Total population, 6,853,283 | 412 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 20 | 77 | 297 |
| South Atlantic: Total population, 8, 723,196 | 433 | 3 | 8 | 20 | 30 | 75 | 297 |
| East South Central: Total population, 3,720,208 | 225 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 14 | 35 | 165 |
| West South Central: Total population, 7,172,150 | 382 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 17 | 81 | 263 |
| Mountain: Total population, 2,470,152 | 189 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 30 | 141 |
| Pacific: Total population, 9,066,720 | 307 | 7 | 5 | 11 | 24 | 90 | 170 |

***Police Employees in Individual Cities***

Police employee figures as reported by individual cities are shown in tables 13 and 14. The first of these is for the larger cities (25,000 and over in population). Civilians as well as police officers are shown for the larger places. Such figures are combined in table 14 for the smaller urban places (2,500 to 25,000 in population).

The numerical strength shown is the equivalent full-time strength. That is, the hours worked by part-time employees are converted to full-time equivalents. For example, 17 part-time employees who worked 6.9 times the hours of one full-time employee are expressed in the figures as 7 employees and not 17. Fractional time less than three-fourths a full-time employee's hours was ignored in the individual conversions.

A regular 48-hour week was assumed where no ratio was indicated by the reporting agency for part-time employees.

Persons who are not paid from police funds are not counted in these tabulations. Examples are: (1) unpaid auxiliary police; (2) unpaid crossing guards, such as school-boy patrols; and (3) night watchmen or merchant police paid by individuals from private funds.

A comparison of police strength in two or more cities is not too informative unless many factors are studied. Crime factors (see p. 12) have some bearing on this problem. Also, the more obvious differences such as length of workweek should be considered.

TABLE 13.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION

| City | Number of police department employees | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL | Police officers | Civilians |
| **ALABAMA** | | | |
| Anniston | 52 | 50 | 2 |
| Bessemer [1] | 41 | 37 | 4 |
| Birmingham | 432 | 385 | 47 |
| Gadsden [1] | 81 | 73 | 8 |
| Mobile [1] | 216 | 159 | 57 |
| Montgomery [1] | 171 | 160 | 11 |
| Tuscaloosa [1] | 70 | 64 | 6 |
| **ARIZONA** | | | |
| Phoenix [1] | 227 | 192 | 35 |
| Tucson | 98 | 81 | 17 |
| **ARKANSAS** | | | |
| Fort Smith | 54 | 52 | 2 |
| Hot Springs | 38 | 37 | 1 |
| Little Rock | 143 | 134 | 9 |
| North Little Rock | 62 | 62 | ------ |
| Pine Bluff | 37 | 35 | 2 |
| **CALIFORNIA** | | | |
| Alameda | 74 | 69 | 5 |
| Alhambra | 81 | 70 | 11 |
| Bakersfield | 123 | 103 | 20 |
| Berkeley [1] | 137 | 131 | 6 |
| Beverly Hills [1] | 78 | 65 | 13 |
| Burbank [1] | 146 | 113 | 33 |
| Compton [1] | 65 | 53 | 12 |
| Fresno | 221 | 197 | 24 |
| Glendale [1] | 181 | 136 | 45 |
| Hayward | 40 | 35 | 5 |
| Huntington Park [1] | 56 | 50 | 6 |
| Inglewood [1] | 81 | 62 | 19 |
| Long Beach [1] | 474 | 375 | 99 |
| Los Angeles [1] | 5,393 | 4,346 | 1,047 |
| Lynwood [1] | 32 | 29 | 3 |
| Oakland [1] | 806 | 666 | 140 |
| Palo Alto [1] | 48 | 46 | 2 |
| Pasadena [1] | 205 | 170 | 35 |
| Pomona [1] | 75 | 59 | 16 |
| Redondo Beach | 35 | 34 | 1 |
| Redwood City [1] | 47 | 44 | 3 |
| Richmond | 147 | 128 | 19 |
| Riverside | 85 | 79 | 6 |
| Sacramento | 280 | 239 | 41 |
| San Bernardino [1] | 174 | 139 | 35 |
| San Diego [1] | 570 | 488 | 82 |
| San Francisco | 1,812 | 1,701 | 111 |
| San Jose [1] | 141 | 132 | 9 |
| San Leandro [1] | 48 | 37 | 11 |
| San Mateo [1] | 69 | 65 | 4 |
| Santa Ana | 83 | 77 | 6 |
| Santa Barbara | 71 | 64 | 7 |
| Santa Monica [1] | 157 | 122 | 35 |
| South Gate [1] | 65 | 52 | 13 |
| Stockton | 126 | 113 | 13 |
| Vallejo | 85 | 71 | 14 |
| **COLORADO** | | | |
| Colorado Springs | 86 | 83 | 3 |
| Denver [1] | 711 | 590 | 121 |
| Pueblo [1] | 91 | 82 | 9 |
| **CONNECTICUT** | | | |
| Bridgeport | 393 | 357 | 36 |
| Bristol [1] | 58 | 56 | 2 |
| East Hartford [1] | 64 | 57 | 7 |
| Greenwich | 124 | 116 | 8 |
| Hartford [1] | 418 | 369 | 49 |
| Meriden [1] | 91 | 89 | 2 |
| Middletown [1] | 46 | 45 | 1 |
| **CONNECTICUT—Con.** | | | |
| New Britain [1] | 169 | 146 | 23 |
| New Haven [1] | 427 | 398 | 29 |
| New London [1] | 66 | 63 | 3 |
| Norwalk [1] | 115 | 101 | 14 |
| Norwich [1] | 65 | 63 | 2 |
| Stamford | 178 | 168 | 10 |
| Stratford [1] | 62 | 60 | 2 |
| Torrington [1] | 58 | 56 | 2 |
| Waterbury [1] | 271 | 256 | 15 |
| West Hartford [1] | 85 | 81 | 4 |
| West Haven [1] | 60 | 60 | ------ |
| **DELAWARE** | | | |
| Wilmington [1] | 258 | 226 | 32 |
| **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA** | | | |
| Washington [1] | 2,460 | 2,253 | 207 |
| **FLORIDA** | | | |
| Daytona Beach [1] | 69 | 61 | 8 |
| Fort Lauderdale | 91 | 76 | 15 |
| Gainesville [1] | 45 | 39 | 6 |
| Jacksonville [1] | 405 | 332 | 73 |
| Key West [1] | 35 | 34 | 1 |
| Lakeland | 59 | 50 | 9 |
| Miami [1] | 670 | 498 | 172 |
| Miami Beach | 198 | 140 | 58 |
| Orlando [1] | 100 | 92 | 8 |
| Panama City | 43 | 34 | 9 |
| Pensacola | 106 | 94 | 12 |
| St. Petersburg [1] | 126 | 113 | 13 |
| Tallahassee | 55 | 51 | 4 |
| Tampa | 264 | 235 | 29 |
| West Palm Beach | 86 | 75 | 11 |
| **GEORGIA** | | | |
| Albany [1] | 51 | 48 | 3 |
| Athens | 37 | 36 | 1 |
| Atlanta [1] | 719 | 622 | 97 |
| Augusta [1] | 164 | 147 | 17 |
| Columbus | 124 | 123 | 1 |
| La Grange [1] | 42 | 41 | 1 |
| Macon [1] | 114 | 112 | 2 |
| Rome | 45 | 41 | 4 |
| Savannah [1] | 169 | 143 | 26 |
| **IDAHO** | | | |
| Boise [1] | 64 | 54 | 10 |
| Pocatello | 37 | 32 | 5 |
| **ILLINOIS** | | | |
| Alton | 44 | 44 | ------ |
| Aurora [1] | 67 | 56 | 11 |
| Belleville | 38 | 37 | 1 |
| Berwyn [1] | 56 | 47 | 9 |
| Bloomington [1] | 43 | 38 | 5 |
| Champaign | 37 | 37 | ------ |
| Chicago [1] | 8,390 | 7,720 | 670 |
| Cicero | 84 | 80 | 4 |
| Danville | 34 | 34 | ------ |
| Decatur | 50 | 47 | 3 |
| East St. Louis [1] | 102 | 74 | 28 |
| Elgin | 40 | 39 | 1 |
| Evanston [1] | 129 | 97 | 32 |
| Galesburg | 33 | 29 | 4 |
| Granite City | 23 | 23 | ------ |
| Joliet | 72 | 68 | 4 |
| Kankakee | 24 | 23 | 1 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 13.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Number of police department employees | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL | Police officers | Civilians |
| **ILLINOIS—Continued** | | | |
| Maywood | 29 | 29 | ------ |
| Moline | 34 | 31 | 3 |
| Oak Park | 72 | 68 | 4 |
| Peoria | 142 | 135 | 7 |
| Quincy | 46 | 43 | 3 |
| Rockford [1] | 119 | 111 | 8 |
| Rock Island | 50 | 46 | 4 |
| Springfield [1] | 102 | 87 | 15 |
| Waukegan | 50 | 47 | 3 |
| **INDIANA** | | | |
| Anderson | 70 | 65 | 5 |
| Bloomington | 39 | 36 | 3 |
| East Chicago [1] | 138 | 125 | 13 |
| Elkhart [1] | 66 | 58 | 8 |
| Evansville | 206 | 189 | 17 |
| Fort Wayne | 208 | 204 | 4 |
| Gary | 213 | 197 | 16 |
| Hammond [1] | 159 | 132 | 27 |
| Indianapolis [1] | 855 | 751 | 104 |
| Kokomo [1] | 63 | 58 | 5 |
| LaFayette [1] | 55 | 53 | 2 |
| Marion | 47 | 47 | ------ |
| Michigan City | 49 | 48 | 1 |
| Mishawaka [1] | 49 | 43 | 6 |
| Muncie [1] | 88 | 80 | 8 |
| New Albany | 32 | 32 | ------ |
| Richmond | 55 | 54 | 1 |
| South Bend | 183 | 175 | 8 |
| Terre Haute | 92 | 90 | 2 |
| **IOWA** | | | |
| Burlington | 35 | 34 | 1 |
| Cedar Rapids | 92 | 83 | 9 |
| Clinton | 30 | 30 | ------ |
| Council Bluffs [1] | 54 | 42 | 12 |
| Davenport | 97 | 87 | 10 |
| Des Moines | 206 | 183 | 23 |
| Dubuque | 52 | 51 | 1 |
| Fort Dodge | 29 | 26 | 3 |
| Iowa City | 24 | 24 | ------ |
| Mason City | 38 | 32 | 6 |
| Ottumwa | 37 | 33 | 4 |
| Sioux City | 105 | 87 | 18 |
| Waterloo | 75 | 74 | 1 |
| **KANSAS** | | | |
| Hutchinson | 35 | 32 | 3 |
| Kansas City | 165 | 138 | 27 |
| Salina [1] | 35 | 33 | 2 |
| Topeka | 133 | 93 | 40 |
| Wichita [1] | 273 | 227 | 46 |
| **KENTUCKY** | | | |
| Ashland | 35 | 32 | 3 |
| Covington | 84 | 80 | 4 |
| Lexington [1] | 105 | 99 | 6 |
| Louisville [1] | 551 | 512 | 39 |
| Newport | 60 | 52 | 8 |
| Owensboro [1] | 56 | 53 | 3 |
| Paducah | 60 | 60 | ------ |
| **LOUISIANA** | | | |
| Alexandria | 57 | 57 | ------ |
| Baton Rouge [1] | 134 | 121 | 13 |
| Lafayette [1] | 52 | 49 | 3 |
| Lake Charles | 39 | 38 | 1 |
| Monroe [1] | 60 | 43 | 17 |
| New Orleans [1] | 1,118 | 1,105 | 13 |
| **MAINE** | | | |
| Bangor | 72 | 49 | 23 |
| Lewiston [1] | 56 | 53 | 3 |
| Portland [1] | 122 | 108 | 14 |
| **MARYLAND** | | | |
| Baltimore [1] | 2,827 | 2,438 | 389 |
| Cumberland | 59 | 53 | 6 |
| Hagerstown [1] | 55 | 45 | 10 |
| **MASSACHUSETTS** | | | |
| Arlington | 81 | 73 | 8 |
| Belmont [1] | 50 | 44 | 6 |
| Beverly [1] | 60 | 57 | 3 |
| Boston | 3,045 | 2,835 | 210 |
| Brockton [1] | 110 | 106 | 4 |
| Brookline | 139 | 132 | 7 |
| Cambridge | 231 | 223 | 8 |
| Chelsea [1] | 81 | 75 | 6 |
| Chicopee [1] | 95 | 79 | 16 |
| Everett | 115 | 112 | 3 |
| Fall River | 254 | 236 | 18 |
| Fitchburg [1] | 77 | 69 | 8 |
| Framingham [1] | 39 | 38 | 1 |
| Gloucester [1] | 47 | 45 | 2 |
| Haverhill [1] | 69 | 68 | 1 |
| Holyoke | 114 | 112 | 2 |
| Lawrence | 145 | 137 | 8 |
| Lowell [1] | 190 | 176 | 14 |
| Malden [1] | 123 | 123 | ------ |
| Medford | 111 | 107 | 4 |
| Melrose [1] | 62 | 51 | 11 |
| New Bedford | 232 | 220 | 12 |
| Newton [1] | 167 | 157 | 10 |
| Northampton [1] | 40 | 40 | ------ |
| Pittsfield [1] | 90 | 82 | 8 |
| Quincy | 158 | 149 | 9 |
| Revere | 79 | 74 | 5 |
| Salem [1] | 79 | 72 | 7 |
| Somerville | 171 | 171 | ------ |
| Springfield [1] | 390 | 352 | 38 |
| Taunton [1] | 70 | 64 | 6 |
| Waltham [1] | 88 | 83 | 5 |
| Watertown [1] | 77 | 70 | 7 |
| Weymouth | 59 | 57 | 2 |
| Worcester [1] | 402 | 362 | 40 |
| **MICHIGAN** | | | |
| Ann Arbor [1] | 78 | 63 | 15 |
| Battle Creek | 64 | 54 | 10 |
| Bay City | 101 | 76 | 25 |
| Dearborn [1] | 210 | 178 | 32 |
| Detroit | 4,880 | 4,382 | 498 |
| Ferndale [1] | 45 | 42 | 3 |
| Flint [1] | 288 | 245 | 43 |
| Grand Rapids [1] | 255 | 231 | 24 |
| Hamtramck [1] | 103 | 94 | 9 |
| Highland Park | 132 | 102 | 30 |
| Jackson | 81 | 75 | 6 |
| Kalamazoo [1] | 117 | 98 | 19 |
| Lansing | 144 | 140 | 4 |
| Lincoln Park [1] | 52 | 50 | 2 |
| Muskegon | 74 | 68 | 6 |
| Pontiac | 119 | 105 | 14 |
| Port Huron [1] | 57 | 52 | 5 |
| Royal Oak | 65 | 58 | 7 |
| Saginaw [1] | 150 | 142 | 8 |
| Wyandotte [1] | 68 | 59 | 9 |
| **MINNESOTA** | | | |
| Duluth | 138 | 123 | 15 |
| Minneapolis | 635 | 581 | 54 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 13.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Number of police department employees | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL | Police officers | Civilians |
| **MINNESOTA—Con.** | | | |
| Rochester | 45 | 44 | 1 |
| St. Cloud | 33 | 32 | 1 |
| St. Paul | 420 | 397 | 23 |
| Winona | 34 | 34 | ------ |
| **MISSISSIPPI** | | | |
| Greenville [1] | 45 | 39 | 6 |
| Hattiesburg | 31 | 29 | 2 |
| Jackson | 156 | 128 | 28 |
| Laurel | 28 | 27 | 1 |
| Vicksburg [1] | 39 | 39 | ------ |
| **MISSOURI** | | | |
| Columbia | 38 | 35 | 3 |
| Independence | 34 | 33 | 1 |
| Jefferson City | 29 | 29 | ------ |
| Kansas City [1] | 781 | 593 | 188 |
| St. Joseph | 99 | 91 | 8 |
| St. Louis [1] | 2,317 | 1,837 | 480 |
| Springfield | 89 | 78 | 11 |
| University City [1] | 54 | 42 | 12 |
| **MONTANA** | | | |
| Billings | 56 | 52 | 4 |
| Butte | 35 | 33 | 2 |
| Great Falls | 49 | 46 | 3 |
| **NEBRASKA** | | | |
| Lincoln [1] | 115 | 91 | 24 |
| Omaha | 348 | 292 | 56 |
| **NEVADA** | | | |
| Reno | 91 | 78 | 13 |
| **NEW HAMPSHIRE** | | | |
| Concord [1] | 48 | 45 | 3 |
| Manchester | 127 | 119 | 8 |
| Nashua [1] | 54 | 50 | 4 |
| **NEW JERSEY** | | | |
| Atlantic City | 209 | 175 | 34 |
| Bayonne | 207 | 197 | 10 |
| Belleville [1] | 63 | 59 | 4 |
| Bloomfield | 101 | 88 | 13 |
| Camden | 301 | 200 | 101 |
| Clifton [1] | 99 | 96 | 3 |
| East Orange [1] | 143 | 133 | 10 |
| Elizabeth | 266 | 256 | 10 |
| Garfield | 48 | 48 | ------ |
| Hackensack | 65 | 65 | ------ |
| Hamilton [1] | 69 | 67 | 2 |
| Hoboken | 173 | 173 | ------ |
| Irvington [1] | 104 | 97 | 7 |
| Jersey City [1] | 1,013 | 849 | 164 |
| Kearny [1] | 117 | 111 | 6 |
| Linden | 98 | 98 | ------ |
| Maplewood [1] | 51 | 51 | ------ |
| Montclair [1] | 111 | 106 | 5 |
| Newark [1] | 1,310 | 1,173 | 137 |
| New Brunswick | 68 | 66 | 2 |
| North Bergen [1] | 108 | 96 | 12 |
| Nutley | 43 | 42 | 1 |
| Orange [1] | 91 | 81 | 10 |
| Passaic | 129 | 129 | ------ |
| Paterson [1] | 319 | 272 | 47 |
| Perth Amboy | 89 | 84 | 5 |
| Plainfield | 88 | 77 | 11 |
| Teaneck | 48 | 48 | ------ |
| **NEW JERSEY—Con.** | | | |
| Trenton [1] | 274 | 252 | 22 |
| Union [1] | 90 | 71 | 19 |
| Union City | 121 | 115 | 6 |
| West New York [1] | 89 | 89 | ------ |
| West Orange [1] | 77 | 65 | 12 |
| Woodbridge [1] | 94 | 72 | 22 |
| **NEW MEXICO** | | | |
| Albuquerque | 117 | 109 | 8 |
| Roswell | 30 | 30 | ------ |
| Santa Fe | 34 | 34 | ------ |
| **NEW YORK** | | | |
| Albany [1] | 339 | 274 | 65 |
| Amsterdam | 44 | 42 | 2 |
| Auburn [1] | 61 | 59 | 2 |
| Binghamton [1] | 141 | 131 | 10 |
| Buffalo [1] | 1,497 | 1,260 | 237 |
| Elmira | 91 | 91 | ------ |
| Hempstead [1] | 78 | 73 | 5 |
| Ithaca [1] | 42 | 37 | 5 |
| Jamestown [1] | 71 | 62 | 9 |
| Kingston [1] | 56 | 52 | 4 |
| Lackawanna [1] | 62 | 61 | 1 |
| Lockport | 40 | 39 | 1 |
| Mount Vernon [1] | 175 | 147 | 28 |
| Newburgh | 54 | 54 | ------ |
| New Rochelle [1] | 155 | 133 | 22 |
| New York [1] | 22,675 | 21,345 | 1,330 |
| Niagara Falls | 170 | 165 | 5 |
| Poughkeepsie [1] | 84 | 71 | 13 |
| Rochester [1] | 566 | 445 | 121 |
| Rome [1] | 63 | 51 | 12 |
| Schenectady [1] | 163 | 155 | 8 |
| Syracuse [1] | 439 | 340 | 99 |
| Troy | 202 | 152 | 50 |
| Utica | 179 | 168 | 11 |
| Watertown [1] | 57 | 51 | 6 |
| White Plains [1] | 135 | 125 | 10 |
| Yonkers [1] | 311 | 270 | 41 |
| **NORTH CAROLINA** | | | |
| Asheville [1] | 93 | 84 | 9 |
| Durham [1] | 116 | 101 | 15 |
| Fayetteville [1] | 72 | 68 | 4 |
| Greensboro [1] | 148 | 127 | 21 |
| High Point [1] | 85 | 78 | 7 |
| Kannapolis | 23 | 22 | 1 |
| Raleigh [1] | 123 | 102 | 21 |
| Rocky Mount [1] | 56 | 50 | 6 |
| Wilmington [1] | 96 | 77 | 19 |
| Winston Salem [1] | 174 | 154 | 20 |
| **NORTH DAKOTA** | | | |
| Fargo | 65 | 58 | 7 |
| Grand Forks | 30 | 28 | 2 |
| **OHIO** | | | |
| Akron [1] | 319 | 268 | 51 |
| Alliance [1] | 30 | 30 | ------ |
| Barberton [1] | 34 | 30 | 4 |
| Canton | 143 | 139 | 4 |
| Cincinnati [1] | 891 | 846 | 45 |
| Cleveland | 2,109 | 1,792 | 317 |
| Cleveland Heights | 93 | 64 | 29 |
| Columbus | 567 | 455 | 112 |
| Cuyahoga Falls [1] | 40 | 32 | 8 |
| Dayton [1] | 352 | 308 | 44 |
| East Cleveland [1] | 68 | 53 | 15 |
| Elyria | 36 | 36 | ------ |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 13.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Number of police department employees | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL | Police officers | Civilians |
| **OHIO—Con.** | | | |
| Euclid [1] | 76 | 62 | 14 |
| Hamilton | 95 | 92 | 3 |
| Kettering | 11 | 11 | ------ |
| Lakewood [1] | 76 | 59 | 17 |
| Lima | 57 | 52 | 5 |
| Lorain | 56 | 55 | 1 |
| Mansfield | 51 | 49 | 2 |
| Marion | 36 | 34 | 2 |
| Massillon | 27 | 27 | ------ |
| Middletown | 60 | 57 | 3 |
| Newark | 40 | 39 | 1 |
| Norwood [1] | 47 | 45 | 2 |
| Parma | 36 | 34 | 2 |
| Portsmouth | 53 | 50 | 3 |
| Sandusky | 35 | 34 | 1 |
| Shaker Heights [1] | 65 | 63 | 2 |
| Springfield | 102 | 93 | 9 |
| Steubenville | 44 | 43 | 1 |
| Toledo | 465 | 385 | 80 |
| Warren [1] | 61 | 59 | 2 |
| Youngstown | 284 | 259 | 25 |
| Zanesville | 35 | 35 | ------ |
| **OKLAHOMA** | | | |
| Enid | 43 | 39 | 4 |
| Lawton | 36 | 36 | ------ |
| Muskogee | 48 | 46 | 2 |
| Norman [1] | 22 | 22 | ------ |
| Oklahoma City [1] | 351 | 279 | 72 |
| Tulsa [1] | 287 | 244 | 43 |
| **OREGON** | | | |
| Eugene | 63 | 42 | 21 |
| Portland [1] | 758 | 665 | 93 |
| Salem | 69 | 59 | 10 |
| **PENNSYLVANIA** | | | |
| Abington | 38 | 38 | ------ |
| Aliquippa [1] | 35 | 29 | 6 |
| Allentown | 136 | 128 | 8 |
| Altoona [1] | 107 | 87 | 20 |
| Bethlehem [1] | 86 | 81 | 5 |
| Chester | 85 | 76 | 9 |
| Easton | 48 | 45 | 3 |
| Erie [1] | 195 | 170 | 25 |
| Harrisburg | 144 | 139 | 5 |
| Haverford | 48 | 45 | 3 |
| Hazleton [1] | 34 | 34 | ------ |
| Johnstown | 89 | 80 | 9 |
| Lancaster [1] | 88 | 82 | 6 |
| Lower Merion [1] | 105 | 98 | 7 |
| McKeesport [1] | 92 | 80 | 12 |
| Mount Lebanon [1] | 40 | 40 | ------ |
| New Castle | 61 | 58 | 3 |
| New Kensington [1] | 33 | 33 | ------ |
| Norristown | 50 | 46 | 4 |
| Philadelphia [1] | 5,575 | 4,763 | 812 |
| Pittsburgh [1] | 1,570 | 1,443 | 127 |
| Reading [1] | 185 | 152 | 33 |
| Scranton [1] | 194 | 173 | 21 |
| Sharon [1] | 38 | 37 | 1 |
| Upper Darby | 131 | 110 | 21 |
| Washington | 32 | 31 | 1 |
| Wilkes-Barre [1] | 104 | 101 | 3 |
| Wilkinsburg [1] | 48 | 33 | 15 |
| Williamsport | 54 | 53 | 1 |
| York [1] | 92 | 89 | 3 |
| **RHODE ISLAND** | | | |
| Cranston | 84 | 84 | ------ |
| East Providence [1] | 77 | 74 | 3 |
| Newport | 87 | 84 | 3 |
| **RHODE ISLAND—Con.** | | | |
| Pawtucket | 132 | 127 | 5 |
| Providence [1] | 582 | 489 | 93 |
| Warwick | 62 | 59 | 3 |
| Woonsocket | 100 | 96 | 4 |
| **SOUTH CAROLINA** | | | |
| Charleston [1] | 164 | 151 | 13 |
| Columbia [1] | 147 | 137 | 10 |
| Greenville | 125 | 114 | 11 |
| Spartanburg [1] | 77 | 75 | 2 |
| **SOUTH DAKOTA** | | | |
| Rapid City | 30 | 29 | 1 |
| Sioux Falls [1] | 67 | 61 | 6 |
| **TENNESSEE** | | | |
| Chattanooga | 167 | 160 | 7 |
| Jackson | 40 | 40 | ------ |
| Johnson City | 37 | 36 | 1 |
| Knoxville | 191 | 155 | 36 |
| Memphis [1] | 492 | 391 | 101 |
| Nashville [1] | 339 | 267 | 72 |
| Oak Ridge | 36 | 36 | ------ |
| **TEXAS** | | | |
| Abilene | 72 | 63 | 9 |
| Amarillo [1] | 116 | 108 | 8 |
| Austin [1] | 217 | 162 | 55 |
| Beaumont | 125 | 112 | 13 |
| Brownsville | 58 | 42 | 16 |
| Corpus Christi | 146 | 135 | 11 |
| Dallas [1] | 894 | 776 | 118 |
| El Paso | 212 | 179 | 33 |
| Fort Worth [1] | 464 | 430 | 34 |
| Galveston | 92 | 92 | ------ |
| Houston [1] | 880 | 674 | 206 |
| Laredo [1] | 59 | 55 | 4 |
| Lubbock [1] | 117 | 108 | 9 |
| Odessa | 72 | 64 | 8 |
| Port Arthur [1] | 69 | 66 | 3 |
| San Angelo | 60 | 59 | 1 |
| San Antonio [1] | 467 | 372 | 95 |
| Temple | 31 | 31 | ------ |
| Tyler | 43 | 43 | ------ |
| Waco | 104 | 100 | 4 |
| Wichita Falls | 88 | 72 | 16 |
| **UTAH** | | | |
| Ogden | 62 | 60 | 2 |
| Provo | 34 | 31 | 3 |
| Salt Lake City [1] | 238 | 220 | 18 |
| **VERMONT** | | | |
| Burlington [1] | 42 | 37 | 5 |
| **VIRGINIA** | | | |
| Alexandria [1] | 111 | 100 | 11 |
| Arlington [1] | 141 | 121 | 20 |
| Charlottesville | 41 | 41 | ------ |
| Danville [1] | 74 | 71 | 3 |
| Hampton [1] | 59 | 56 | 3 |
| Lynchburg | 65 | 63 | 2 |
| Newport News [1] | 74 | 68 | 6 |
| Norfolk [1] | 395 | 343 | 52 |
| Petersburg | 46 | 43 | 3 |
| Portsmouth | 99 | 89 | 10 |
| Richmond [1] | 346 | 324 | 22 |
| Roanoke | 127 | 123 | 4 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 13.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APRIL 30, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Number of police department employees | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL | Police officers | Civilians |
| **WASHINGTON** | | | |
| Bellingham | 47 | 44 | 3 |
| Bremerton | 55 | 47 | 8 |
| Everett | 52 | 50 | 2 |
| Seattle [1] | 889 | 779 | 110 |
| Spokane | 233 | 209 | 24 |
| Tacoma | 254 | 225 | 29 |
| Vancouver | 55 | 53 | 2 |
| Yakima | 74 | 74 | ------ |
| **WEST VIRGINIA** | | | |
| Charleston | 128 | 103 | 25 |
| Clarksburg | 31 | 31 | ------ |
| Huntington | 121 | 103 | 18 |
| Morgantown | 20 | 17 | 3 |
| Parkersburg | 40 | 38 | 2 |
| Wheeling | 94 | 92 | 2 |
| **WISCONSIN** | | | |
| Appleton | 46 | 46 | ------ |
| Beloit | 47 | 45 | 2 |
| Eau Claire | 55 | 49 | 6 |
| Fond du Lac | 38 | 36 | 2 |
| Green Bay | 87 | 81 | 6 |
| Kenosha [1] | 89 | 77 | 12 |
| La Crosse [1] | 70 | 63 | 7 |
| Madison [1] | 175 | 151 | 24 |
| Manitowoe | 44 | 42 | 2 |
| Milwaukee [1] | 1,786 | 1,635 | 151 |
| Oshkosh [1] | 63 | 60 | 3 |
| Racine [1] | 139 | 123 | 16 |
| Sheboygan | 55 | 55 | ------ |
| Superior | 58 | 57 | 1 |
| Wausau | 40 | 40 | ------ |
| Wauwatosa [1] | 68 | 68 | ------ |
| West Allis [1] | 97 | 92 | 5 |
| **WYOMING** | | | |
| Cheyenne | 45 | 37 | 8 |
| **HAWAII** | | | |
| Honolulu City | 552 | 462 | 90 |

[1] The figures for the cities indicated include part-time employees expressed in terms of full-time personnel. See comments on page 25.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **ALABAMA** | |
| Albertville | 7 |
| Alexander City | 15 |
| Andalusia | 9 |
| Athens | 15 |
| Atmore | 8 |
| Auburn | 15 |
| Bay Minette | 6 |
| Boaz [1] | 6 |
| Brewton | 5 |
| Brundidge | 3 |
| Chickasaw | 12 |
| Childersburg | 5 |
| Clanton | 5 |
| Cordova | 3 |
| Cullman | 11 |
| Decatur | 21 |
| Dothan | 45 |
| Elba | 4 |
| Enterprise | 8 |
| Evergreen [1] | 5 |
| Fairfield | 17 |
| Fairhope | 5 |
| Fayette [1] | 7 |
| Florala | 4 |
| Florence [1] | 28 |
| Fort Payne | 10 |
| Greenville | 8 |
| Haleyville | 9 |
| Hartselle | 6 |
| Homewood | 11 |
| Huntsville | 39 |
| Jacksonville | 4 |
| Jasper | 15 |
| Lanett | 8 |
| Leeds | 7 |
| Lipscomb | 3 |
| Marion | 3 |
| Mountain Brook | 13 |
| Northport | 9 |
| Oneonta Town [1] | 5 |
| Opelika | 19 |
| Opp | 9 |
| Ozark | 7 |
| Piedmont | 5 |
| Prattville [1] | 7 |
| Prichard [1] | 27 |
| Roanoke | 8 |
| Russellville | 5 |
| Selma | 36 |
| Sylacauga | 23 |
| Talladega | 18 |
| Tallassee | 5 |
| Tarrant City | 7 |
| Troy | 10 |
| Tuscumbia | 13 |
| Tuskegee [1] | 9 |
| Union Springs | 5 |
| **ARIZONA** | |
| Avondale | 3 |
| Bisbee | 8 |
| Casa Grande | 10 |
| Chandler | 12 |
| Clifton | 2 |
| Coolidge [1] | 10 |
| Douglas | 14 |
| Eloy | 11 |
| Flagstaff | 13 |
| Glendale | 13 |
| Globe [1] | 10 |
| Mesa | 23 |
| Miami | 7 |
| Nogales | 12 |
| Prescott | 14 |
| Safford | 6 |
| Tempe | 14 |
| Tolleson | 3 |
| Winslow | 12 |
| Yuma [1] | 27 |
| **ARKANSAS** | |
| Ashdown | 2 |
| Batesville | 6 |
| Blytheville | 11 |
| Camden | 13 |
| Clarendon | 3 |
| Clarksville | 3 |
| Conway | 7 |
| Crossett | 6 |
| De Witt | 2 |
| Dumas | 3 |
| El Dorado | 20 |
| Eudora | 3 |
| Fayetteville | 17 |
| Fordyce | 2 |
| Forrest City | 9 |
| Hamburg | 3 |
| Harrison | 5 |
| Helena | 11 |
| Jonesboro | 17 |
| Magnolia | 7 |
| Malvern [1] | 9 |
| Marianna | 5 |
| McGehee | 4 |
| Mena | 4 |
| Monticello | 4 |
| Morrilton | 5 |
| Nashville | 2 |
| Osceola | 6 |
| Paragould | 11 |
| Paris | 2 |
| Piggott | 2 |
| Pocahontas [1] | 4 |
| Prescott | 4 |
| Rogers | 4 |
| Russellville | 5 |
| Searcy | 5 |
| Siloam Springs | 4 |
| Springdale [1] | 8 |
| Stamps | 1 |
| Stuttgart | 9 |
| Texarkana | 20 |
| Trumann | 5 |
| Van Buren | 6 |
| Walnut Ridge | 4 |
| Warren | 5 |
| West Helena [1] | 4 |
| West Memphis | 12 |
| Wynne [1] | 5 |
| **CALIFORNIA** | |
| Albany | 21 |
| Alturas | 4 |
| Anaheim [1] | 42 |
| Antioch | 16 |
| Arcadia | 39 |
| Arcata | 9 |
| Atherton | 11 |
| Atwater | 7 |
| Auburn | 9 |
| Azusa [1] | 31 |
| Banning | 12 |
| Barstow | 17 |
| Beaumont | 7 |
| Bell | 23 |
| Belmont | 12 |
| Benicia | 12 |
| **CALIFORNIA—Con.** | |
| Bishop | 5 |
| Blythe | 13 |
| Brawley | 24 |
| Brea | 6 |
| Burlingame [1] | 36 |
| Calexico | 14 |
| Carmel by the Sea | 10 |
| Chico | 20 |
| Chino | 11 |
| Chowchilla | 7 |
| Chula Vista [1] | 37 |
| Claremont [1] | 12 |
| Clovis [1] | 11 |
| Coalinga [1] | 14 |
| Colton [1] | 27 |
| Colusa | 4 |
| Concord | 20 |
| Corcoran | 9 |
| Corning | 4 |
| Corona | 17 |
| Coronado | 23 |
| Culver City | 58 |
| Daly City [1] | 34 |
| Davis | 6 |
| Delano | 16 |
| Dinuba [1] | 10 |
| El Cajon [1] | 15 |
| El Centro [1] | 31 |
| El Cerrito | 26 |
| El Monte | 19 |
| El Segundo | 22 |
| Emeryville | 15 |
| Escondido [1] | 16 |
| Eureka | 37 |
| Exeter | 5 |
| Fairfax | 5 |
| Fairfield [1] | 12 |
| Fillmore | 6 |
| Fontana | 17 |
| Fort Bragg | 4 |
| Fullerton | 34 |
| Gardena | 27 |
| Gilroy | 9 |
| Glendora | 9 |
| Grass Valley | 9 |
| Gridley | 5 |
| Hanford | 18 |
| Hawthorne | 33 |
| Healdsburg | 8 |
| Hemet | 7 |
| Hermosa Beach [1] | 24 |
| Hillsborough | 12 |
| Hollister | 8 |
| Huntington Beach | 17 |
| Indio | 16 |
| Laguna Beach | 16 |
| La Habra | 12 |
| La Mesa | 17 |
| Larkspur | 4 |
| La Verne [1] | 8 |
| Lindsay | 9 |
| Livermore | 13 |
| Lodi | 30 |
| Lompoc | 9 |
| Los Banos | 10 |
| Los Gatos | 9 |
| Madera | 17 |
| Manhattan Beach | 28 |
| Manteca | 11 |
| Martinez | 12 |
| Marysville | 21 |
| Maywood | 21 |
| Menlo Park | 23 |
| Merced | 28 |
| Millbrae | 9 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **CALIFORNIA—Con.** | |
| Mill Valley | 10 |
| Modesto | 40 |
| Monrovia | 33 |
| Montebello | 30 |
| Monterey | 32 |
| Monterey Park | 30 |
| Mountain View | 20 |
| Napa [1] | 26 |
| National City | 34 |
| Needles | 9 |
| Nevada City | 4 |
| Newport Beach | 37 |
| Oakdale | 5 |
| Oceanside [1] | 35 |
| Ojai | 7 |
| Ontario | 40 |
| Orange | 18 |
| Oroville | 12 |
| Oxnard | 40 |
| Pacific Grove | 11 |
| Palm Springs [1] | 30 |
| Paso Robles [1] | 15 |
| Petaluma [1] | 20 |
| Piedmont | 19 |
| Pittsburg | 23 |
| Placerville | 6 |
| Porterville | 14 |
| Port Hueneme | 8 |
| Red Bluff | 7 |
| Redding | 20 |
| Redlands | 32 |
| Reedley | 10 |
| Rialto [1] | 11 |
| Riverbank | 5 |
| Roseville [1] | 18 |
| Salinas | 41 |
| San Anselmo | 12 |
| San Bruno [1] | 22 |
| San Carlos | 21 |
| San Fernando | 29 |
| San Gabriel | 27 |
| Sanger | 10 |
| San Luis Obispo [1] | 27 |
| San Marino | 25 |
| San Pablo | 23 |
| San Rafael | 19 |
| Santa Clara | 23 |
| Santa Cruz [1] | 40 |
| Santa Maria | 19 |
| Santa Paula | 21 |
| Santa Rosa | 29 |
| Sausalito | 9 |
| Seal Beach | 14 |
| Sebastopol | 6 |
| Selma | 12 |
| Sierra Madre | 9 |
| Signal Hill | 11 |
| South Pasadena | 26 |
| South San Francisco | 24 |
| Sunnyvale | 20 |
| Susanville | 7 |
| Taft [1] | 8 |
| Torrance | 49 |
| Tracy | 19 |
| Tulare | 15 |
| Turlock | 14 |
| Ukiah [1] | 17 |
| Upland [1] | 17 |
| Vacaville | 9 |
| Ventura | 37 |
| Visalia | 21 |
| Wasco | 7 |
| Watsonville | 25 |
| West Covina [1] | 23 |
| Whittier [1] | 42 |
| Willits | 9 |
| Willows | 4 |
| Woodlake | 3 |
| Woodland | 18 |
| Yreka City | 7 |
| Yuba City [1] | 14 |
| **COLORADO** | |
| Alamosa | 6 |
| Aurora | 25 |
| Boulder | 26 |
| Brighton | 5 |
| Canon City | 6 |
| Cortez | 8 |
| Craig | 4 |
| Delta [1] | 6 |
| Durango | 9 |
| Edgewater [1] | 8 |
| Englewood | 19 |
| Florence | 2 |
| Fort Collins | 16 |
| Fort Morgan | 10 |
| Golden | 7 |
| Grand Junction | 25 |
| Greeley | 31 |
| Gunnison | 4 |
| La Junta | 8 |
| Lamar | 12 |
| Las Animas | 3 |
| Leadville [1] | 6 |
| Littleton | 3 |
| Longmont | 14 |
| Loveland | 9 |
| Manitou Springs | 5 |
| Monte Vista | 5 |
| Montrose | 6 |
| Rocky Ford | 6 |
| Salida | 7 |
| Sterling [1] | 15 |
| Trinidad | 14 |
| Walsenburg | 7 |
| **CONNECTICUT** | |
| Ansonia [1] | 31 |
| Branford [1] | 20 |
| Danbury [1] | 43 |
| Danielson [1] | 6 |
| Derby [1] | 29 |
| Groton | 14 |
| Jewett City [1] | 6 |
| Naugatuck [1] | 37 |
| Putnam [1] | 9 |
| Rockville [1] | 11 |
| Shelton [1] | 13 |
| Stafford Springs [1] | 4 |
| Wallingford [1] | 20 |
| Willimantic [1] | 23 |
| Winsted | 11 |
| **DELAWARE** | |
| Dover | 18 |
| Elsmere [1] | 4 |
| Laurel | 12 |
| Lewes | 4 |
| Milford | 12 |
| Newark | 10 |
| New Castle [1] | 7 |
| Seaford | 6 |
| **FLORIDA** | |
| Apalachicola | 3 |
| Arcadia | 4 |
| Auburndale | 5 |
| Avon Park | 4 |
| Bartow [1] | 16 |
| Bradenton | 24 |
| Chipley | 2 |
| Clearwater [1] | 53 |
| Cocoa [1] | 13 |
| Coral Gables | 62 |
| Crestview | 5 |
| Dade City | 4 |
| Dania | 7 |
| De Funiak Springs | 3 |
| De Land | 15 |
| Delray Beach | 17 |
| Dunedin [1] | 8 |
| Fernandina Beach | 8 |
| Fort Meade | 4 |
| Fort Myers [1] | 33 |
| Fort Pierce [1] | 28 |
| Green Cove Springs [1] | 7 |
| Gulfport | 5 |
| Haines City | 8 |
| Hallandale | 10 |
| Hialeah | 59 |
| Holly Hill | 5 |
| Hollywood [1] | 53 |
| Homestead [1] | 20 |
| Jacksonville Beach [1] | 19 |
| Kissimmee | 7 |
| Lake City [1] | 12 |
| Lake Wales | 11 |
| Lake Worth [1] | 33 |
| Leesburg | 11 |
| Live Oak | 6 |
| Madison | 3 |
| Marianna | 7 |
| Melbourne | 7 |
| Miami Shores | 17 |
| Miami Springs | 21 |
| Mount Dora [1] | 6 |
| New Smyrna Beach | 14 |
| North Miami [1] | 39 |
| Ocala [1] | 28 |
| Opalocka [1] | 16 |
| Ormond [1] | 10 |
| Palatka | 14 |
| Palm Beach | 45 |
| Palmetto | 7 |
| Perry | 6 |
| Plant City | 16 |
| Pompano Beach [1] | 18 |
| Port St. Joe | 4 |
| Quincy | 12 |
| Riviera Beach [1] | 15 |
| St. Augustine | 27 |
| St. Cloud | 3 |
| Sanford [1] | 19 |
| Sarasota | 29 |
| South Miami | 15 |
| Starke | 6 |
| Stuart | 4 |
| Tarpon Springs [1] | 8 |
| Titusville | 5 |
| Vero Beach | 14 |
| Wauchula | 4 |
| West Miami | 6 |
| Winter Garden | 7 |
| Winter Haven | 18 |
| Winter Park | 14 |
| **GEORGIA** | |
| Adel | 4 |
| Alma | 3 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **GEORGIA—Continued** | |
| Americus | 15 |
| Ashburn | 3 |
| Barnesville [1] | 6 |
| Baxley | 8 |
| Brunswick | 31 |
| Cairo | 7 |
| Calhoun | 6 |
| Camilla [1] | 5 |
| Canton | 5 |
| Carrollton | 9 |
| Cartersville [1] | 8 |
| Cedartown | 14 |
| Chamblee [1] | 5 |
| College Park [1] | 18 |
| Commerce | 6 |
| Cordele | 13 |
| Covington | 6 |
| Cuthbert [1] | 5 |
| Dalton | 23 |
| Dawson | 6 |
| Decatur | 25 |
| Donalsonville | 4 |
| Douglas | 12 |
| Douglasville [1] | 6 |
| Dublin | 10 |
| Eastman | 4 |
| East Point [1] | 38 |
| Eatonton | 4 |
| Elberton | 12 |
| Fitzgerald | 12 |
| Forest Park [1] | 6 |
| Gainesville | 23 |
| Greensboro | 3 |
| Griffin [1] | 30 |
| Hapeville [1] | 16 |
| Hartwell | 6 |
| Hazlehurst | 7 |
| Hogansville | 6 |
| Jesup | 6 |
| Lawrenceville | 6 |
| Lyons | 4 |
| Manchester | 4 |
| Marietta [1] | 31 |
| Milledgeville | 13 |
| Monroe | 6 |
| Montezuma | 4 |
| Moultrie | 22 |
| Nashville | 4 |
| Newnan | 15 |
| Ocilla | 4 |
| Pelham | 4 |
| Porterdale | 6 |
| Rossville [1] | 8 |
| Statesboro [1] | 11 |
| Summerville | 6 |
| Swainsboro | 8 |
| Sylvania | 7 |
| Tallapoosa | 3 |
| Thomaston | 17 |
| Thomasville [1] | 22 |
| Tifton | 15 |
| Toccoa | 8 |
| Trion | 5 |
| Valdosta | 33 |
| Vidalia | 6 |
| Warner Robins | 9 |
| Washington | 5 |
| Waycross | 31 |
| Winder | 7 |
| **IDAHO** | |
| Alameda | 3 |
| Blackfoot | 8 |
| Buhl | 5 |
| Burley [1] | 8 |
| Caldwell | 19 |
| Coeur d'Alene | 14 |
| Emmett | 6 |
| Gooding | 4 |
| Idaho Falls | 39 |
| Jerome | 7 |
| Kellogg | 9 |
| Lewiston | 23 |
| Malad City | 2 |
| Montpelier [1] | 6 |
| Moscow | 10 |
| Nampa | 22 |
| Payette | 6 |
| Preston [1] | 5 |
| Rexburg | 3 |
| Rupert | 7 |
| St. Anthony | 3 |
| Salmon | 3 |
| Sandpoint | 6 |
| Twin Falls | 22 |
| Wallace | 6 |
| Weiser | 4 |
| **ILLINOIS** | |
| Aledo | 2 |
| Anna [1] | 4 |
| Arlington Heights [1] | 19 |
| Barrington | 6 |
| Batavia | 7 |
| Bellwood [1] | 15 |
| Belvidere | 7 |
| Blue Island [1] | 14 |
| Bradley [1] | 6 |
| Broadview | 6 |
| Brookfield | 15 |
| Bushnell | 2 |
| Cairo | 13 |
| Calumet City | 14 |
| Canton | 12 |
| Carbondale | 7 |
| Carlyle | 2 |
| Carmi | 5 |
| Casey | 4 |
| Centralia | 13 |
| Charleston | 5 |
| Chester | 5 |
| Chicago Heights | 32 |
| Chillicothe | 3 |
| Christopher | 2 |
| Clinton [1] | 6 |
| Collinsville [1] | 12 |
| Creve Coeur | 11 |
| Crystal Lake [1] | 7 |
| Deerfield | 4 |
| De Kalb | 14 |
| Des Plaines | 22 |
| Dixon | 12 |
| Dolton | 5 |
| Downers Grove | 15 |
| Du Quoin | 4 |
| Dwight [1] | 4 |
| East Alton | 5 |
| East Moline [1] | 15 |
| East Peoria [1] | 15 |
| Edwardsville | 6 |
| Effingham | 7 |
| Elmhurst | 30 |
| Elmwood Park [1] | 24 |
| Evergreen Park [1] | 19 |
| Fairfield | 6 |
| Farmington | 2 |
| Flora | 4 |
| Forest Park [1] | 22 |
| Franklin Park [1] | 14 |
| Freeport | 20 |
| Fulton | 1 |
| Galena | 4 |
| Galva | 2 |
| Geneseo | 5 |
| Geneva | 6 |
| Georgetown | 2 |
| Gibson City | 2 |
| Gillespie | 3 |
| Glencoe [1] | 16 |
| Glen Ellyn [1] | 16 |
| Glenview | 15 |
| Harrisburg | 6 |
| Harvard | 5 |
| Harvey | 21 |
| Havana [1] | 5 |
| Herrin | 5 |
| Highland | 6 |
| Highland Park | 20 |
| Highwood | 5 |
| Hillsboro | 5 |
| Hinsdale | 10 |
| Homewood | 7 |
| Hoopeston | 5 |
| Jacksonville | 18 |
| Jerseyville | 5 |
| Johnston City | 2 |
| Kenilworth | 10 |
| Kewanee | 12 |
| La Grange | 23 |
| La Grange Park | 11 |
| Lake Forest | 22 |
| Lansing [1] | 6 |
| La Salle | 14 |
| Lawrenceville | 6 |
| Lemont [1] | 3 |
| Lewistown | 2 |
| Libertyville [1] | 7 |
| Lincoln | 12 |
| Lincolnwood | 9 |
| Litchfield | 5 |
| Lockport [1] | 7 |
| Lombard | 14 |
| Loves Park [1] | 4 |
| Lyons [1] | 14 |
| Macomb | 11 |
| Madison | 15 |
| Marengo | 3 |
| Marion [1] | 8 |
| Markham [1] | 4 |
| Marseilles | 5 |
| Marshall | 4 |
| Mascoutah | 1 |
| Mattoon | 18 |
| McLeansboro | 3 |
| Melrose Park | 22 |
| Mendota [1] | 7 |
| Metropolis | 7 |
| Midlothian [1] | 9 |
| Momence | 2 |
| Monmouth | 10 |
| Monticello | 4 |
| Morris | 6 |
| Morrison | 4 |
| Morton | 3 |
| Morton Grove | 10 |
| Mount Carmel | 6 |
| Mount Prospect | 8 |
| Mount Vernon | 14 |
| Mundelein | 5 |
| Murphysboro | 5 |
| Naperville | 10 |
| Newton | 2 |
| Niles | 9 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **ILLINOIS—Continued** | |
| Nokomis | 3 |
| Normal [1] | 10 |
| Northbrook [1] | 8 |
| North Chicago [1] | 11 |
| North Lake [1] | 10 |
| North Riverside [1] | 8 |
| Oak Lawn [1] | 12 |
| O'Fallon | 3 |
| Oglesby | 4 |
| Olney | 7 |
| Oregon | 4 |
| Ottawa [1] | 17 |
| Palatine [1] | 8 |
| Pana | 5 |
| Paris | 10 |
| Park Forest | 15 |
| Park Ridge | 20 |
| Paxton [1] | 4 |
| Pekin | 15 |
| Peoria Heights [1] | 8 |
| Peru | 11 |
| Phoenix [1] | 3 |
| Pinckneyville | 2 |
| Pittsfield | 3 |
| Pontiac | 6 |
| Princeton | 4 |
| Rantoul | 8 |
| Riverdale | 8 |
| River Forest | 21 |
| River Grove [1] | 11 |
| Riverside [1] | 13 |
| Robbins [1] | 8 |
| Robinson | 4 |
| Rochelle [1] | 8 |
| Rock Falls | 7 |
| St. Charles | 9 |
| Salem | 5 |
| Sandwich | 3 |
| Savanna | 6 |
| Shelbyville [1] | 5 |
| Silvis | 3 |
| Skokie [1] | 37 |
| South Beloit [1] | 5 |
| South Holland | 2 |
| Sparta | 2 |
| Spring Valley | 4 |
| Staunton [1] | 4 |
| Steger [1] | 4 |
| Sterling | 14 |
| Stickney | 6 |
| Streator | 16 |
| Sullivan | 3 |
| Summit [1] | 16 |
| Sycamore | 5 |
| Taylorville | 7 |
| Tuscola [1] | 5 |
| Urbanna | 17 |
| Vandalia | 4 |
| Venice | 13 |
| Villa Park [1] | 10 |
| Virden | 1 |
| Washington | 4 |
| Watseka | 6 |
| Westchester [1] | 12 |
| West Chicago [1] | 6 |
| Western Springs [1] | 11 |
| West Frankfort | 4 |
| Westmont [1] | 6 |
| Westville | 2 |
| Wheaton | 17 |
| Wilmette [1] | 27 |
| Wilmington [1] | 5 |
| Winnetka | 22 |
| Wood River | 9 |
| Woodstock | 7 |
| Ziegler | 2 |
| Zion [1] | 10 |
| **INDIANA** | |
| Alexandria | 8 |
| Angola | 4 |
| Attica | 4 |
| Auburn | 6 |
| Aurora | 6 |
| Batesville | 1 |
| Bedford | 21 |
| Beech Grove | 7 |
| Bicknell | 4 |
| Bluffton | 9 |
| Boonville | 6 |
| Brazil | 12 |
| Bremen | 4 |
| Brookville | 3 |
| Cambridge City | 2 |
| Charlestown | 4 |
| Chesterton | 3 |
| Clarksville [1] | 6 |
| Clinton | 10 |
| Columbia City | 9 |
| Columbus | 26 |
| Connersville | 24 |
| Crawfordsville | 20 |
| Crown Point [1] | 5 |
| Danville | 3 |
| Decatur | 11 |
| Delphi | 4 |
| Dunkirk | 4 |
| East Gary [1] | 5 |
| Edinburg | 5 |
| Elwood | 14 |
| Fairmount | 1 |
| Frankfort [1] | 28 |
| Franklin [1] | 12 |
| Garrett | 5 |
| Gas City [1] | 4 |
| Goshen | 17 |
| Greencastle | 12 |
| Greenfield | 6 |
| Greensburg | 11 |
| Greenwood | 3 |
| Griffith [1] | 5 |
| Hartford City | 8 |
| Highland [1] | 5 |
| Hobart | 10 |
| Huntingburg | 3 |
| Huntington | 23 |
| Jasonville | 3 |
| Jasper | 4 |
| Jeffersonville | 17 |
| Kendallville [1] | 8 |
| Knox | 4 |
| La Porte [1] | 29 |
| Lawrenceburg | 7 |
| Lebanon | 13 |
| Linton | 10 |
| Logansport | 31 |
| Madison | 11 |
| Martinsville | 10 |
| Mitchell | 4 |
| Monticello | 5 |
| Mount Vernon | 14 |
| Munster [1] | 7 |
| Nappanee | 4 |
| New Castle | 31 |
| Noblesville | 13 |
| North Manchester | 3 |
| North Vernon | 7 |
| Oakland City | 2 |
| Paoli | 3 |
| Peru | 23 |
| Petersburg | 2 |
| Plainfield [1] | 7 |
| Plymouth | 7 |
| Portland [1] | 10 |
| Princeton | 10 |
| Rensselaer [1] | 5 |
| Rochester [1] | 7 |
| Rushville | 11 |
| Salem | 4 |
| Scottsburg | 7 |
| Seymour | 13 |
| Shelbyville [1] | 23 |
| Speedway | 6 |
| Sullivan | 7 |
| Tell City | 4 |
| Tipton | 8 |
| Union City [1] | 7 |
| Valparaiso | 15 |
| Vincennes | 25 |
| Wabash | 18 |
| Warsaw | 11 |
| Washington | 15 |
| West LaFayette | 16 |
| Whiting [1] | 28 |
| Winchester | 8 |
| **IOWA** | |
| Albia | 4 |
| Algona | 6 |
| Ames | 21 |
| Anamosa | 2 |
| Atlantic | 6 |
| Audubon | 2 |
| Belle Plaine | 3 |
| Bettendorf [1] | 10 |
| Bloomfield | 4 |
| Boone | 15 |
| Carroll | 7 |
| Cedar Falls | 14 |
| Centerville [1] | 8 |
| Chariton | 4 |
| Charles City | 12 |
| Cherokee | 7 |
| Clarinda | 6 |
| Clarion | 3 |
| Clear Lake | 4 |
| Cresco | 3 |
| Creston [1] | 12 |
| Decorah | 5 |
| Denison | 6 |
| De Witt | 3 |
| Eagle Grove | 4 |
| Eldora | 3 |
| Emmetsburg | 6 |
| Estherville [1] | 9 |
| Fairfield | 6 |
| Forest City | 3 |
| Fort Madison | 14 |
| Glenwood | 2 |
| Grinnel | 7 |
| Hampton [1] | 4 |
| Harlan | 3 |
| Hawarden | 3 |
| Humboldt | 3 |
| Independence | 5 |
| Indianola [1] | 3 |
| Iowa Falls | 7 |
| Jefferson | 4 |
| Keokuk | 20 |
| Knoxville | 4 |
| Le Mars | 5 |
| Manchester [1] | 5 |
| Maquoketa | 5 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **IOWA—Continued** | |
| Marion [1] | 5 |
| Marshalltown | 20 |
| Missouri Valley | 3 |
| Monticello [1] | 3 |
| Muscatine | 22 |
| Nevada | 3 |
| New Hampton [1] | 4 |
| Newton | 14 |
| Oelwein | 7 |
| Onawa | 3 |
| Osage [1] | 5 |
| Osceola | 2 |
| Oskaloosa | 11 |
| Pella [1] | 4 |
| Perry [1] | 5 |
| Red Oak [1] | 10 |
| Rock Rapids | 3 |
| Sac City | 3 |
| Sheldon | 4 |
| Shenandoah | 7 |
| Sibley | 2 |
| Spencer [1] | 10 |
| Storm Lake | 8 |
| Tama | 2 |
| Tipton | 2 |
| Vinton | 5 |
| Washington | 7 |
| Waukon | 3 |
| Waverly [1] | 5 |
| Webster City | 9 |
| West Des Moines | 10 |
| Winterset | 4 |
| **KANSAS** | |
| Abilene | 6 |
| Anthony | 4 |
| Arkansas City | 16 |
| Atchison | 17 |
| Augusta [1] | 9 |
| Baxter Springs | 6 |
| Belleville | 4 |
| Beloit | 4 |
| Caney | 4 |
| Chanute | 12 |
| Cherryvale | 3 |
| Clay Center | 4 |
| Coffeyville | 23 |
| Colby | 3 |
| Columbus | 3 |
| Concordia | 7 |
| Dodge City | 16 |
| El Dorado | 13 |
| Ellinwood | 3 |
| Ellis | 3 |
| Emporia [1] | 17 |
| Eureka | 8 |
| Fort Scott | 14 |
| Fredonia | 4 |
| Galena | 4 |
| Garden City [1] | 13 |
| Garnett | 4 |
| Goodland | 4 |
| Great Bend | 18 |
| Hays | 11 |
| Herington | 5 |
| Hiawatha | 3 |
| Hoisington | 5 |
| Holton | 2 |
| Independence | 12 |
| Iola | 9 |
| Junction City | 16 |
| Kingman | 6 |
| Larned | 5 |
| Lawrence [1] | 27 |
| **KANSAS—Continued** | |
| Leavenworth [1] | 21 |
| Liberal [1] | 13 |
| Lyons [1] | 5 |
| Manhattan | 21 |
| Marysville | 5 |
| McPherson [1] | 15 |
| Neodesha | 4 |
| Newton | 13 |
| Norton [1] | 3 |
| Olathe | 8 |
| Osawatomie | 6 |
| Ottawa | 9 |
| Paola | 4 |
| Parsons | 18 |
| Phillipsburg | 3 |
| Pittsburg | 23 |
| Pratt | 11 |
| Russell | 9 |
| Scott City [1] | 5 |
| Wellington | 12 |
| Winfield | 15 |
| **KENTUCKY** | |
| Barbourville | 7 |
| Bardstown | 5 |
| Bellevue | 5 |
| Berea | 5 |
| Bowling Green | 30 |
| Carrollton | 6 |
| Catlettsburg | 5 |
| Central City | 4 |
| Corbin | 12 |
| Cumberland | 4 |
| Cynthiana | 7 |
| Danville | 15 |
| Dayton | 6 |
| Elizabethtown | 15 |
| Elsmere | 3 |
| Erlanger | 4 |
| Fort Thomas | 12 |
| Frankfort | 24 |
| Franklin | 5 |
| Georgetown | 7 |
| Glasgow | 13 |
| Greenville | 4 |
| Harlan | 6 |
| Harrodsburg [1] | 7 |
| Hazard | 8 |
| Henderson [1] | 36 |
| Hopkinsville | 22 |
| Irvine | 5 |
| Jenkins | 2 |
| Lebanon | 8 |
| London | 5 |
| Ludlow | 7 |
| Mayfield | 14 |
| Maysville | 11 |
| Middlesboro | 14 |
| Monticello | 2 |
| Morehead | 4 |
| Morganfield | 3 |
| Mount Sterling | 8 |
| Murray | 10 |
| Nicholasville | 5 |
| Paintsville [1] | 7 |
| Paris | 10 |
| Park Hills [1] | 5 |
| Pikeville | 10 |
| Pineville | 12 |
| Princeton | 8 |
| Providence | 4 |
| Richmond | 15 |
| Russellville [1] | 9 |
| Somerset | 11 |
| **KENTUCKY—Con.** | |
| South Fort Mitchell | 2 |
| Versailles | 4 |
| Williamsburg | 3 |
| Winchester | 15 |
| **LOUISIANA** | |
| Abbeville [1] | 11 |
| Bastrop [1] | 18 |
| Berwick | 1 |
| Bogalusa | 22 |
| Bossier City [1] | 20 |
| Church Point | 6 |
| De Quincy | 3 |
| De Ridder | 4 |
| Donaldsonville [1] | 6 |
| Ferriday | 3 |
| Franklin | 12 |
| Hammond [1] | 13 |
| Haynesville | 3 |
| Homer | 5 |
| Houma | 22 |
| Jackson [1] | 2 |
| Jennings | 8 |
| Kaplan [1] | 6 |
| Kenner | 9 |
| Mansfield | 6 |
| Marksville | 4 |
| Minden | 9 |
| Morgan City | 13 |
| New Iberia | 19 |
| New Roads | 3 |
| Oakdale | 3 |
| Opelousas [1] | 20 |
| Pineville | 6 |
| Plaquemine | 8 |
| Ponchatoula | 4 |
| Port Allen | 2 |
| Rayne [1] | 13 |
| Ruston | 15 |
| St. Martinville | 5 |
| Slidell | 4 |
| Springhill | 5 |
| Sulphur | 5 |
| Tallulah | 7 |
| Thibodaux | 18 |
| Ville Platte | 8 |
| Vinton | 4 |
| West Monroe | 20 |
| Winnfield | 5 |
| **MAINE** | |
| Auburn [1] | 29 |
| Augusta | 26 |
| Bath | 14 |
| Belfast | 4 |
| Biddeford | 16 |
| Brewer | 6 |
| Brunswick [1] | 15 |
| Calais [1] | 8 |
| Eastport | 2 |
| Ellsworth | 4 |
| Fairfield | 3 |
| Fort Fairfield [1] | 6 |
| Gardiner [1] | 8 |
| Hallowell | 2 |
| Madison | 2 |
| Old Town | 5 |
| Presque Isle | 9 |
| Rockland [1] | 13 |
| Rumford | 12 |
| Saco [1] | 9 |
| South Portland [1] | 32 |
| Waterville [1] | 20 |
| Westbrook | 12 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **MARYLAND** | |
| Aberdeen | 7 |
| Annapolis | 36 |
| Bel Air [1] | 5 |
| Bladensburg [1] | 5 |
| Brentwood [1] | 2 |
| Brunswick | 3 |
| Cambridge | 17 |
| Capitol Heights | 3 |
| Crisfield [1] | 8 |
| Easton [1] | 14 |
| Elkton [1] | 5 |
| Frederick | 34 |
| Frostburg | 10 |
| Greenbelt [1] | 9 |
| Havre de Grace [1] | 7 |
| Hyattsville [1] | 12 |
| Laurel [1] | 7 |
| Mount Rainier [1] | 12 |
| Pocomoke City [1] | 6 |
| Riverdale [1] | 4 |
| Salisbury | 36 |
| Takoma Park [1] | 16 |
| Westernport | 2 |
| Westminster [1] | 8 |
| **MASSACHUSETTS** | |
| Abington [1] | 12 |
| Adams | 18 |
| Amesbury | 13 |
| Amherst [1] | 10 |
| Andover [1] | 22 |
| Athol [1] | 17 |
| Attleboro [1] | 39 |
| Ayer [1] | 7 |
| Barnstable | 19 |
| Blackstone | 2 |
| Braintree | 43 |
| Bridgewater [1] | 9 |
| Canton [1] | 12 |
| Clinton [1] | 17 |
| Concord [1] | 17 |
| Dalton | 4 |
| Danvers [1] | 23 |
| Dartmouth [1] | 12 |
| Dedham [1] | 31 |
| Dracut [1] | 12 |
| Easthampton [1] | 17 |
| Fairhaven [1] | 14 |
| Franklin [1] | 10 |
| Gardner [1] | 30 |
| Great Barrington | 7 |
| Greenfield [1] | 27 |
| Hingham | 28 |
| Hudson | 13 |
| Ipswich | 9 |
| Lee [1] | 5 |
| Leominster | 30 |
| Lexington [1] | 33 |
| Longmeadow [1] | 18 |
| Ludlow [1] | 14 |
| Mansfield | 7 |
| Marblehead [1] | 27 |
| Marlborough | 22 |
| Maynard | 11 |
| Methuen [1] | 28 |
| Middleborough [1] | 16 |
| Milford [1] | 22 |
| Millbury [1] | 6 |
| Milton | 47 |
| Montague | 8 |
| Nantucket | 8 |
| Natick | 33 |
| Needham [1] | 37 |
| Newburyport [1] | 18 |
| **MASSACHUSETTS—Continued** | |
| North Adams [1] | 32 |
| North Andover [1] | 13 |
| North Attleboro | 18 |
| Northbridge [1] | 10 |
| Norwood [1] | 32 |
| Orange | 6 |
| Palmer [1] | 10 |
| Peabody [1] | 45 |
| Plymouth [1] | 24 |
| Provincetown | 6 |
| Randolph [1] | 15 |
| Reading [1] | 26 |
| Rockland | 13 |
| Rockport [1] | 7 |
| Saugus [1] | 23 |
| Somerset [1] | 14 |
| Southbridge [1] | 29 |
| South Hadley [1] | 11 |
| Spencer [1] | 3 |
| Stoneham | 27 |
| Stoughton [1] | 15 |
| Swampscott [1] | 28 |
| Uxbridge [1] | 6 |
| Wakefield [1] | 30 |
| Walpole [1] | 25 |
| Ware [1] | 8 |
| Webster | 19 |
| Wellesley [1] | 33 |
| Westfield [1] | 41 |
| West Springfield [1] | 48 |
| Whitman [1] | 11 |
| Winchendon [1] | 7 |
| Winchester [1] | 40 |
| Winthrop [1] | 30 |
| Woburn | 30 |
| **MICHIGAN** | |
| Adrian | 20 |
| Albion [1] | 14 |
| Algonac | 4 |
| Allegan | 5 |
| Allen Park | 38 |
| Alma [1] | 13 |
| Alpena | 16 |
| Bad Axe | 1 |
| Belding | 4 |
| Benton Harbor | 34 |
| Berkley | 16 |
| Bessemer | 4 |
| Big Rapids | 7 |
| Birmingham | 35 |
| Boyne City | 3 |
| Buchanan | 8 |
| Cadillac | 13 |
| Caro | 2 |
| Center Line | 11 |
| Charlevoix | 4 |
| Charlotte | 6 |
| Cheboygan | 7 |
| Chelsea [1] | 3 |
| Clawson | 10 |
| Coldwater | 13 |
| Dowagiac | 9 |
| Durand | 3 |
| East Detroit | 32 |
| East Grand Rapids [1] | 12 |
| East Lansing | 17 |
| Eaton Rapids [1] | 5 |
| Ecorse [1] | 53 |
| Escanaba | 22 |
| Essexville [1] | 5 |
| Fenton [1] | 7 |
| Fremont [1] | 5 |
| **MICHIGAN—Continued** | |
| Garden City | 18 |
| Gladstone | 5 |
| Grand Haven | 13 |
| Greenville [1] | 7 |
| Grosse Pointe [1] | 17 |
| Grosse Pointe Farms | 28 |
| Grosse Pointe Park [1] | 34 |
| Grosse Pointe Woods | 28 |
| Hancock | 5 |
| Hastings | 6 |
| Hazel Park [1] | 30 |
| Hillsdale [1] | 10 |
| Holland [1] | 22 |
| Holly | 6 |
| Houghton | 4 |
| Howell | 7 |
| Hudson | 2 |
| Huntington Woods [1] | 9 |
| Inkster | 30 |
| Ionia | 5 |
| Iron Mountain [1] | 9 |
| Iron River | 5 |
| Ironwood | 17 |
| Ishpeming | 15 |
| Kingsford | 3 |
| Lapeer [1] | 11 |
| Livonia | 45 |
| Ludington [1] | 11 |
| Manistee [1] | 10 |
| Manistique | 5 |
| Marine City | 4 |
| Marquette | 19 |
| Marshall | 8 |
| Marysville | 6 |
| Mason [1] | 4 |
| Melvindale [1] | 26 |
| Menominee | 11 |
| Midland [1] | 32 |
| Milan | 3 |
| Monroe | 34 |
| Mount Clemens | 28 |
| Mount Morris [1] | 4 |
| Mount Pleasant | 12 |
| Munising | 5 |
| Muskegon Heights | 31 |
| Negaunee [1] | 12 |
| Newberry | 2 |
| Niles | 24 |
| Northville [1] | 8 |
| Norway | 3 |
| Oak Park | 42 |
| Otsego | 4 |
| Owosso [1] | 28 |
| Petoskey | 8 |
| Plainwell [1] | 5 |
| Pleasant Ridge [1] | 9 |
| Plymouth | 14 |
| Portland | 3 |
| River Rouge [1] | 43 |
| Rochester [1] | 10 |
| Rogers City | 4 |
| Romeo | 8 |
| Roseville | 32 |
| St. Clair | 4 |
| St. Clair Shores | 35 |
| St. Ignace | 3 |
| St. Johns | 7 |
| St. Joseph [1] | 19 |
| St. Louis [1] | 6 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 24 |
| South Haven | 11 |
| Sturgis [1] | 12 |
| Tecumseh | 7 |
| Three Rivers | 10 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **MICHIGAN—Continued** | |
| Traverse City | 18 |
| Trenton [1] | 29 |
| Vassar | 7 |
| Wakefield | 3 |
| Wayne | 23 |
| Ypsilanti [1] | 37 |
| Zeeland [1] | 4 |
| **MINNESOTA** | |
| Albert Lea | 18 |
| Alexandria | 7 |
| Anoka [1] | 10 |
| Austin | 30 |
| Bayport | 2 |
| Bemidji | 9 |
| Benson | 5 |
| Blue Earth | 4 |
| Brainerd | 16 |
| Breckenridge | 4 |
| Brooklyn Center [1] | 2 |
| Cambridge | 2 |
| Chisholm | 14 |
| Cloquet | 12 |
| Columbia Heights | 8 |
| Crookston | 9 |
| Crosby | 3 |
| Crystal | 7 |
| Detroit Lakes | 6 |
| East Grand Forks | 9 |
| Edina | 12 |
| Ely | 11 |
| Eveleth | 14 |
| Fairmont | 11 |
| Faribault [1] | 17 |
| Fergus Falls | 10 |
| Fridley | 4 |
| Glencoe | 4 |
| Glenwood | 2 |
| Golden Valley | 5 |
| Grand Rapids | 6 |
| Granite Falls [1] | 4 |
| Hastings [1] | 7 |
| Hibbing | 28 |
| Hopkins [1] | 12 |
| Hutchinson | 4 |
| International Falls | 8 |
| Jackson [1] | 5 |
| Lake City | 4 |
| Le Sueur | 3 |
| Litchfield | 4 |
| Little Falls [1] | 8 |
| Luverne | 4 |
| Mankato [1] | 29 |
| Marshall | 7 |
| Montevideo | 6 |
| Moorhead | 17 |
| Morris [1] | 6 |
| New Ulm | 11 |
| Northfield | 5 |
| North Mankato | 3 |
| North St. Paul | 3 |
| Ortonville | 4 |
| Owatonna | 12 |
| Park Rapids | 4 |
| Pipestone | 5 |
| Proctor | 2 |
| Red Wing | 13 |
| Redwood Falls | 4 |
| Richfield | 18 |
| Robbinsdale [1] | 13 |
| Roseville Village [1] | 6 |
| St. James [1] | 5 |
| St. Louis Park | 19 |
| St. Peter [1] | 5 |
| Sauk Centre | 2 |
| Sauk Rapids | 2 |
| Shakopee | 2 |
| Sleepy Eye | 4 |
| South St. Paul | 23 |
| Springfield | 3 |
| Staples | 4 |
| Stillwater | 9 |
| Thief River Falls | 9 |
| Tracy | 2 |
| Two Harbors | 6 |
| Virginia | 23 |
| Wadena | 5 |
| Waseca | 6 |
| West St. Paul | 7 |
| White Bear Lake | 3 |
| Willmar [1] | 13 |
| Windom | 3 |
| Worthington | 10 |
| **MISSISSIPPI** | |
| Aberdeen | 7 |
| Amory | 9 |
| Bay St. Louis | 4 |
| Brookhaven | 9 |
| Canton | 7 |
| Clarksdale | 19 |
| Cleveland [1] | 10 |
| Columbia [1] | 8 |
| Columbus | 26 |
| Corinth [1] | 16 |
| Crystal Springs | 4 |
| Ellisville [1] | 2 |
| Forest [1] | 3 |
| Greenwood | 26 |
| Grenada | 8 |
| Gulfport | 34 |
| Hazlehurst | 3 |
| Indianola | 9 |
| Kosciusko | 7 |
| Leland [1] | 9 |
| Lexington | 4 |
| Long Beach | 3 |
| Louisville | 5 |
| McComb | 14 |
| Moss Point [1] | 6 |
| Natchez [1] | 36 |
| New Albany | 5 |
| Newton | 3 |
| Ocean Springs [1] | 5 |
| Pascagoula [1] | 20 |
| Philadelphia | 5 |
| Picayune [1] | 8 |
| Port Gibson | 3 |
| Tupelo [1] | 22 |
| Water Valley | 3 |
| West Point | 11 |
| Winona | 3 |
| Yazoo City | 16 |
| **MISSOURI** | |
| Aurora | 4 |
| Berkeley | 8 |
| Bethany [1] | 4 |
| Bonne Terre | 3 |
| Boonville | 8 |
| Brentwood [1] | 14 |
| Brookfield [1] | 8 |
| Butler | 4 |
| California | 2 |
| Cameron | 4 |
| Cape Girardeau | 24 |
| Carrollton | 3 |
| Carthage | 15 |
| Caruthersville | 7 |
| Charleston | 6 |
| Chillicothe | 9 |
| Clayton | 34 |
| Clinton | 4 |
| Crystal City [1] | 3 |
| De Soto | 3 |
| Dexter | 6 |
| Eldon | 3 |
| Excelsior Springs | 7 |
| Farmington | 4 |
| Fayette | 3 |
| Ferguson | 14 |
| Festus | 3 |
| Flat River | 2 |
| Florissant [1] | 9 |
| Fulton | 9 |
| Glendale [1] | 8 |
| Hannibal | 24 |
| Harrisonville [1] | 5 |
| Hayti | 3 |
| Higginsville | 3 |
| Jackson [1] | 4 |
| Jennings | 14 |
| Kennett [1] | 22 |
| Kirksville | 11 |
| Kirkwood [1] | 31 |
| Ladue | 16 |
| Lamar | 3 |
| Lebanon | 12 |
| Lees Summit | 4 |
| Liberty | 7 |
| Louisiana | 4 |
| Macon | 5 |
| Malden | 4 |
| Maplewood | 22 |
| Marshall [1] | 11 |
| Maryville | 5 |
| Mexico | 13 |
| Moberly | 12 |
| Monett [1] | 8 |
| Mountain Grove | 2 |
| Nevada [1] | 12 |
| New Madrid [1] | 6 |
| North Kansas City | 22 |
| Overland [1] | 24 |
| Pagedale [1] | 6 |
| Pine Lawn [1] | 5 |
| Poplar Bluff | 12 |
| Portageville | 3 |
| Richmond [1] | 5 |
| Richmond Heights | 20 |
| Rock Hill | 5 |
| Rolla [1] | 10 |
| St. Ann [1] | 10 |
| St. Charles [1] | 17 |
| Ste. Genevieve | 3 |
| Salem | 4 |
| Sedalia | 26 |
| Shrewsbury [1] | 6 |
| Slater | 3 |
| Sullivan | 3 |
| Union | 4 |
| Valley Park [1] | 3 |
| Vandalia | 3 |
| Warrensburg | 5 |
| Washington [1] | 7 |
| Webb City [1] | 9 |
| Webster Groves | 26 |
| Wellston [1] | 17 |
| West Plains [1] | 14 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **MONTANA** | |
| Anaconda | 11 |
| Bozeman [1] | 13 |
| Cut Bank | 6 |
| Deer Lodge | 3 |
| Dillon | 4 |
| Glasgow | 7 |
| Glendive | 10 |
| Hamilton | 3 |
| Havre | 10 |
| Helena | 19 |
| Kalispell | 10 |
| Laurel | 4 |
| Lewistown | 8 |
| Livingston | 10 |
| Miles City | 13 |
| Missoula | 29 |
| Red Lodge | 3 |
| Shelby | 7 |
| Sidney | 4 |
| Whitefish | 4 |
| Wolf Point [1] | 5 |
| **NEBRASKA** | |
| Alliance | 10 |
| Auburn | 4 |
| Beatrice | 15 |
| Bellevue | 6 |
| Blair | 4 |
| Broken Bow | 3 |
| Chadron | 5 |
| Columbus | 12 |
| Cozad | 2 |
| Crete [1] | 4 |
| Fairbury | 7 |
| Falls City | 8 |
| Gering [1] | 6 |
| Gothenburg | 3 |
| Grand Island | 32 |
| Hastings | 30 |
| Holdrege | 5 |
| Kearney | 13 |
| Lexington [1] | 7 |
| McCook | 13 |
| Nebraska City | 6 |
| Norfolk | 17 |
| North Platte | 23 |
| Ogallala | 5 |
| O'Neill [1] | 3 |
| Plattsmouth | 4 |
| Schuyler | 3 |
| Seward | 4 |
| Sidney [1] | 14 |
| South Sioux City | 6 |
| Superior | 3 |
| Valentine | 3 |
| Wahoo | 2 |
| Wayne | 4 |
| West Point | 3 |
| York | 5 |
| **NEVADA** | |
| Carson City [1] | 13 |
| Elko | 10 |
| Ely | 7 |
| Henderson | 10 |
| Las Vegas [1] | 117 |
| North Las Vegas [1] | 14 |
| Sparks | 11 |
| Winnemucca | 5 |
| **NEW HAMPSHIRE** | |
| Berlin | 28 |
| Claremont [1] | 17 |
| Derry [1] | 6 |
| Dover | 22 |
| Exeter [1] | 10 |
| Franklin | 6 |
| Keene [1] | 18 |
| Laconia [1] | 22 |
| Lebanon [1] | 9 |
| Littleton [1] | 7 |
| Milford | 3 |
| Newport [1] | 6 |
| Portsmouth | 36 |
| Rochester | 13 |
| Somersworth | 8 |
| **NEW JERSEY** | |
| Asbury Park | 52 |
| Atlantic Highlands | 6 |
| Audubon | 13 |
| Barrington | 4 |
| Bellmawr | 7 |
| Belmar | 20 |
| Bergenfield [1] | 35 |
| Beverly | 2 |
| Bloomingdale [1] | 3 |
| Bogota [1] | 16 |
| Boonton [1] | 15 |
| Bordentown [1] | 9 |
| Bound Brook [1] | 15 |
| Bradley Beach | 13 |
| Bridgeton [1] | 22 |
| Burlington | 27 |
| Butler | 4 |
| Caldwell [1] | 20 |
| Cape May | 9 |
| Carlstadt | 14 |
| Carteret [1] | 34 |
| Chatham [1] | 20 |
| Clayton [1] | 5 |
| Clementon | 2 |
| Cliffside Park | 26 |
| Closter [1] | 10 |
| Collingswood [1] | 27 |
| Cranford [1] | 44 |
| Cresskill [1] | 9 |
| Dover [1] | 15 |
| Dumont [1] | 20 |
| Dunellen | 10 |
| East Paterson | 20 |
| East Rutherford [1] | 26 |
| Eatontown | 6 |
| Edgewater | 21 |
| Egg Harbor City [1] | 5 |
| Englewood | 57 |
| Fair Haven [1] | 7 |
| Fair Lawn | 32 |
| Fairview [1] | 19 |
| Fanwood [1] | 12 |
| Flemington [1] | 3 |
| Fort Lee [1] | 41 |
| Franklin [1] | 5 |
| Freehold [1] | 12 |
| Garwood [1] | 14 |
| Glassboro | 10 |
| Glen Ridge | 21 |
| Glen Rock | 34 |
| Gloucester City | 22 |
| Guttenberg [1] | 13 |
| Hackettstown [1] | 6 |
| Haddonfield [1] | 26 |
| Haddon Heights [1] | 13 |
| Haledon [1] | 6 |
| Hammonton [1] | 14 |
| Harrison | 62 |
| Hasbrouck Heights [1] | 23 |
| Hawthorne [1] | 18 |
| Highland Park [1] | 19 |
| Highlands | 5 |
| Hightstown [1] | 6 |
| Hillsdale [1] | 9 |
| Hillside [1] | 59 |
| Keansburg [1] | 13 |
| Kenilworth [1] | 12 |
| Keyport [1] | 12 |
| Lambertville | 4 |
| Leonia [1] | 16 |
| Lincoln Park [1] | 3 |
| Lindenwold [1] | 13 |
| Little Ferry [1] | 10 |
| Little Silver | 5 |
| Lodi | 38 |
| Long Branch [1] | 51 |
| Lyndhurst | 32 |
| Madison [1] | 28 |
| Manasquan [1] | 12 |
| Manville [1] | 11 |
| Margate City | 17 |
| Matawan | 5 |
| Maywood [1] | 17 |
| Merchantville | 10 |
| Metuchen [1] | 23 |
| Middlesex | 9 |
| Midland Park [1] | 7 |
| Millville [1] | 19 |
| Morristown [1] | 35 |
| Mountain Lakes [1] | 7 |
| Mount Ephraim [1] | 9 |
| Neptune | 4 |
| Neptune Township [1] | 26 |
| New Milford [1] | 26 |
| New Providence [1] | 8 |
| Newton [1] | 16 |
| North Arlington [1] | 23 |
| Northfield | 3 |
| North Haledon | 5 |
| North Plainfield [1] | 27 |
| North Wildwood | 15 |
| Oaklyn [1] | 5 |
| Ocean City [1] | 33 |
| Oceanport | 7 |
| Oradell [1] | 11 |
| Palisades Park | 14 |
| Palmyra [1] | 16 |
| Paramus [1] | 30 |
| Park Ridge | 6 |
| Paulsboro | 12 |
| Pennsauken [1] | 29 |
| Penns Grove [1] | 25 |
| Phillipsburg [1] | 28 |
| Pitman [1] | 12 |
| Pleasantville | 19 |
| Point Pleasant [1] | 10 |
| Pt. Pleasant Beach | 15 |
| Pompton Lakes [1] | 11 |
| Princeton [1] | 23 |
| Prospect Park [1] | 5 |
| Rahway [1] | 49 |
| Ramsey [1] | 9 |
| Raritan [1] | 12 |
| Red Bank | 29 |
| Ridgefield [1] | 20 |
| Ridgefield Park | 19 |
| Ridgewood [1] | 42 |
| River Edge [1] | 16 |
| Riverton [1] | 6 |
| Rockaway | 3 |
| Roselle [1] | 36 |
| Roselle Park | 17 |
| Rumson | 11 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **NEW JERSEY—Con.** | |
| Runnemede [1] | 7 |
| Rutherford | 27 |
| Salem [1] | 12 |
| Sayreville [1] | 23 |
| Secaucus | 25 |
| Somerville | 19 |
| South Amboy [1] | 20 |
| South Bound Brook [1] | 6 |
| South Orange | 42 |
| South Plainfield | 17 |
| South River | 19 |
| Summit [1] | 47 |
| Tenafly | 25 |
| Totowa [1] | 11 |
| Union Beach [1] | 6 |
| Ventnor City | 27 |
| Verona [1] | 23 |
| Vineland [1] | 35 |
| Waldwick [1] | 9 |
| Wallington | 15 |
| Wanaque [1] | 5 |
| Washington | 5 |
| Weehawken [1] | 49 |
| West Caldwell [1] | 12 |
| Westfield [1] | 45 |
| West Long Branch | 3 |
| West Paterson | 4 |
| Westville | 7 |
| Westwood [1] | 14 |
| Wharton [1] | 5 |
| Wildwood [1] | 24 |
| Woodbury | 21 |
| Wood Ridge [1] | 20 |
| **NEW MEXICO** | |
| Alamogordo [1] | 11 |
| Artesia | 13 |
| Belen | 6 |
| Carlsbad | 19 |
| Clayton [1] | 9 |
| Clovis | 17 |
| Deming | 6 |
| Farmington [1] | 17 |
| Gallup | 15 |
| Hobbs | 24 |
| Las Cruces [1] | 23 |
| Las Vegas City | 9 |
| Las Vegas Town | 4 |
| Lordsburg | 5 |
| Lovington | 8 |
| Raton | 6 |
| Silver City | 10 |
| Socorro | 5 |
| Truth or Consequences | 6 |
| Tucumcari | 11 |
| **NEW YORK** | |
| Albion | 6 |
| Amityville | 17 |
| Attica [1] | 4 |
| Babylon | 18 |
| Baldwinsville [1] | 5 |
| Ballston Spa [1] | 5 |
| Batavia | 26 |
| Bath | 11 |
| Beacon [1] | 26 |
| Blasdell | 4 |
| Brockport [1] | 8 |
| Bronxville [1] | 24 |
| Canajoharie | 2 |
| Canandaigua [1] | 15 |
| Canastota [1] | 5 |
| Canisteo | 2 |
| **NEW YORK—Con.** | |
| Canton [1] | 6 |
| Carthage | 6 |
| Catskill [1] | 7 |
| Cobleskill [1] | 4 |
| Cohoes | 42 |
| Cooperstown | 2 |
| Corinth | 2 |
| Corning [1] | 30 |
| Cortland [1] | 28 |
| Coxsackie | 1 |
| Croton on Hudson | 10 |
| Dansville | 7 |
| Depew | 8 |
| Dobbs Ferry [1] | 18 |
| Dolgeville | 2 |
| Dunkirk [1] | 29 |
| East Aurora [1] | 11 |
| East Rochester | 12 |
| East Syracuse | 7 |
| Ellenville | 10 |
| Elmira Heights [1] | 6 |
| Elmsford | 9 |
| Endicott [1] | 35 |
| Fairport [1] | 5 |
| Falconer [1] | 4 |
| Fayetteville [1] | 3 |
| Floral Park [1] | 33 |
| Fort Edward | 4 |
| Fort Plain | 2 |
| Frankfort [1] | 6 |
| Fredonia | 8 |
| Freeport [1] | 51 |
| Fulton | 20 |
| Garden City [1] | 55 |
| Geneseo [1] | 3 |
| Geneva | 28 |
| Glen Cove [1] | 32 |
| Glens Falls [1] | 33 |
| Gloversville | 28 |
| Goshen | 4 |
| Gouverneur | 7 |
| Gowanda | 4 |
| Granville [1] | 3 |
| Green Island [1] | 7 |
| Greenport | 5 |
| Hamburg [1] | 12 |
| Hamilton | 2 |
| Hastings on Hudson [1] | 15 |
| Haverstraw [1] | 12 |
| Herkimer [1] | 17 |
| Highland Falls [1] | 4 |
| Homer | 2 |
| Hoosick Falls [1] | 4 |
| Hornell [1] | 23 |
| Horseheads | 5 |
| Hudson | 24 |
| Hudson Falls [1] | 10 |
| Ilion [1] | 13 |
| Irvington | 12 |
| Johnson City [1] | 27 |
| Johnstown | 13 |
| Kenmore [1] | 28 |
| Lake Placid | 8 |
| Lakewood | 2 |
| Lancaster | 9 |
| Larchmont [1] | 23 |
| Le Roy | 4 |
| Liberty | 10 |
| Lindenhurst | 16 |
| Little Falls | 14 |
| Liverpool [1] | 6 |
| Long Beach | 48 |
| Lowville | 3 |
| Lynbrook [1] | 45 |
| Lyons [1] | 7 |
| **NEW YORK—Con.** | |
| Malone [1] | 13 |
| Malverne [1] | 19 |
| Mamaroneck | 30 |
| Massena [1] | 19 |
| Mechanicville [1] | 14 |
| Medina | 9 |
| Middletown | 36 |
| Mohawk [1] | 4 |
| Monticello [1] | 12 |
| Mount Kisco [1] | 14 |
| Mount Morris [1] | 4 |
| Newark [1] | 15 |
| New York Mills | 1 |
| North Pelham [1] | 15 |
| Northport [1] | 10 |
| North Syracuse [1] | 5 |
| North Tarrytown | 19 |
| North Tonawanda | 35 |
| Norwich | 11 |
| Nyack [1] | 14 |
| Ogdensburg | 18 |
| Olean [1] | 37 |
| Oneida | 17 |
| Oneonta | 16 |
| Ossining [1] | 34 |
| Oswego | 30 |
| Owego | 7 |
| Palmyra [1] | 4 |
| Patchogue | 17 |
| Peekskill [1] | 38 |
| Pelham Manor | 23 |
| Penn Yan | 7 |
| Plattsburg [1] | 36 |
| Pleasantville [1] | 15 |
| Port Chester [1] | 52 |
| Port Jervis [1] | 14 |
| Potsdam | 8 |
| Rensselaer | 18 |
| Rockville Centre [1] | 49 |
| Rye | 41 |
| Salamanca [1] | 14 |
| Saranac Lake | 10 |
| Saratoga Springs [1] | 34 |
| Saugerties | 6 |
| Scarsdale | 51 |
| Scotia [1] | 12 |
| Seneca Falls | 10 |
| Silver Creek | 7 |
| Sloan | 6 |
| Solvay | 15 |
| Southampton | 8 |
| South Glens Falls | 2 |
| South Nyack [1] | 5 |
| Spring Valley [1] | 9 |
| Springville [1] | 5 |
| Suffern | 11 |
| Tarrytown | 21 |
| Ticonderoga | 5 |
| Tonawanda [1] | 28 |
| Tuckahoe [1] | 20 |
| Tupper Lake [1] | 7 |
| Walden [1] | 9 |
| Walton [1] | 4 |
| Wappingers Falls | 5 |
| Warsaw | 3 |
| Warwick [1] | 4 |
| Waterford [1] | 2 |
| Waterloo | 4 |
| Watervliet | 22 |
| Watkins Glen [1] | 5 |
| Waverly [1] | 9 |
| Wellsville [1] | 10 |
| Westfield | 5 |
| West Haverstraw | 1 |
| Whitehall [1] | 4 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **NEW YORK—Con.** | |
| Whitesboro | 1 |
| Yorkville | 1 |
| **NORTH CAROLINA** | |
| Ahoskie | 5 |
| Albermarle | 17 |
| Asheboro | 16 |
| Beaufort | 3 |
| Belhaven | 3 |
| Bessemer City | 4 |
| Boone | 3 |
| Brevard | 4 |
| Burlington | 58 |
| Canton [1] | 9 |
| Chapel Hill [1] | 15 |
| Clinton | 12 |
| Concord [1] | 33 |
| Draper | 6 |
| Dunn [1] | 13 |
| Edenton | 6 |
| Elizabeth City | 22 |
| Elkin | 6 |
| Farmville | 7 |
| Forest City | 13 |
| Gastonia [1] | 57 |
| Goldsboro | 30 |
| Graham | 8 |
| Greenville | 29 |
| Hamlet | 9 |
| Henderson | 21 |
| Hendersonville | 15 |
| Hickory | 40 |
| Jacksonville | 14 |
| Kings Mountain | 15 |
| Kinston | 30 |
| Laurinburg | 15 |
| Leaksville | 8 |
| Lexington | 26 |
| Lincolnton | 9 |
| Louisburg | 5 |
| Lumberton | 23 |
| Marion | 10 |
| Monroe | 19 |
| Mooresville | 12 |
| Morehead City | 11 |
| Morganton | 17 |
| Mount Airy | 15 |
| Newton | 11 |
| North Wilkesboro | 12 |
| Oxford | 11 |
| Plymouth | 5 |
| Reidsville | 26 |
| Roanoke Rapids | 19 |
| Rockingham | 7 |
| Roxboro | 7 |
| Rutherfordton | 6 |
| Salisbury | 38 |
| Sanford | 16 |
| Scotland Neck [1] | 4 |
| Selma | 5 |
| Shelby | 22 |
| Siler City | 4 |
| Smithfield | 11 |
| Southern Pines | 9 |
| Spencer | 3 |
| Statesville | 26 |
| Tarboro | 15 |
| Thomasville | 23 |
| Valdese | 5 |
| Wadesboro [1] | 7 |
| Washington | 19 |
| Waynesville | 8 |
| Whiteville [1] | 12 |
| Williamston [1] | 9 |
| Wilson | 34 |
| **NORTH DAKOTA** | |
| Bismarck [1] | 25 |
| Devils Lake | 8 |
| Dickinson [1] | 13 |
| Grafton | 4 |
| Jamestown | 13 |
| Mandan | 10 |
| Minot | 25 |
| Rugby | 3 |
| Valley City [1] | 9 |
| Wahpeton | 4 |
| Williston | 13 |
| **OHIO** | |
| Ada [1] | 2 |
| Amherst | 4 |
| Ashland [1] | 19 |
| Ashtabula | 29 |
| Athens | 9 |
| Avon [1] | 1 |
| Avon Lake [1] | 9 |
| Barnesville [1] | 5 |
| Bay [1] | 8 |
| Bedford | 14 |
| Bellaire | 17 |
| Bellefontaine | 13 |
| Bellevue | 10 |
| Berea [1] | 15 |
| Bexley | 18 |
| Bowling Green | 13 |
| Brecksville | 6 |
| Bridgeport | 6 |
| Brooklyn | 10 |
| Brook Park [1] | 18 |
| Bryan | 9 |
| Bucyrus | 15 |
| Cadiz | 3 |
| Cambridge | 18 |
| Campbell | 16 |
| Carey | 5 |
| Carrollton | 4 |
| Celina [1] | 8 |
| Chagrin Falls [1] | 9 |
| Cheviot | 9 |
| Chillicothe | 18 |
| Circleville | 9 |
| Columbiana | 3 |
| Conneaut | 12 |
| Coshocton [1] | 15 |
| Crestline | 5 |
| Crooksville | 2 |
| Deer Park [1] | 9 |
| Defiance | 10 |
| Delaware | 12 |
| Delphos [1] | 9 |
| Dennison | 4 |
| Dover [1] | 15 |
| Eastlake | 9 |
| East Liverpool [1] | 24 |
| East Palestine [1] | 7 |
| Eaton | 6 |
| Elmwood Place | 6 |
| Fairborn | 21 |
| Fairport Harbor [1] | 5 |
| Fairview Park [1] | 13 |
| Findlay [1] | 29 |
| Fostoria | 19 |
| Franklin | 6 |
| Fremont | 22 |
| Galion [1] | 15 |
| Gallipolis [1] | 10 |
| Garfield Heights | 20 |
| Geneva [1] | 7 |
| Girard | 16 |
| Golf Manor [1] | 6 |
| **OHIO—Continued** | |
| Grandview Heights | 6 |
| Granville | 1 |
| Greenfield | 7 |
| Greenhills | 3 |
| Greenville | 10 |
| Hicksville | 3 |
| Hillsboro | 9 |
| Hubbard [1] | 7 |
| Huron [1] | 5 |
| Independence [1] | 7 |
| Ironton | 20 |
| Jackson | 10 |
| Kent | 11 |
| Kenton | 10 |
| Lancaster | 26 |
| Lebanon | 8 |
| Lincoln Heights [1] | 6 |
| Lisbon | 5 |
| Lockland | 11 |
| Logan | 6 |
| London | 6 |
| Louisville | 4 |
| Lyndhurst | 10 |
| Madeira [1] | 5 |
| Maple Heights [1] | 22 |
| Mariemont [1] | 12 |
| Marietta | 18 |
| Martins Ferry | 15 |
| Marysville | 4 |
| Maumee [1] | 12 |
| Mayfield Heights | 9 |
| Medina [1] | 13 |
| Miamisburg [1] | 10 |
| Middleport | 3 |
| Minerva | 4 |
| Mingo Junction [1] | 8 |
| Montpelier | 3 |
| Mount Healthy | 4 |
| Mount Vernon | 19 |
| Napoleon | 7 |
| Nelsonville | 4 |
| New Boston | 10 |
| Newburgh Heights [1] | 8 |
| Newcomerstown | 7 |
| New Lexington [1] | 3 |
| New Philadelphia | 16 |
| Newton Falls | 5 |
| Niles | 19 |
| North Baltimore | 3 |
| North Canton [1] | 6 |
| North College Hill [1] | 6 |
| North Olmsted | 8 |
| North Royalton | 6 |
| Norwalk | 12 |
| Oakwood | 31 |
| Oberlin [1] | 6 |
| Orrville [1] | 6 |
| Ottawa | 4 |
| Oxford [1] | 7 |
| Painesville | 18 |
| Parma Heights [1] | 8 |
| Perrysburg | 8 |
| Piqua | 19 |
| Pomeroy [1] | 6 |
| Port Clinton | 9 |
| Ravenna | 9 |
| Reading | 12 |
| Rittman | 3 |
| Rocky River | 16 |
| Rossford | 4 |
| St. Bernard [1] | 17 |
| St. Clairsville | 3 |
| St. Marys | 8 |
| Salem | 12 |
| Sebring [1] | 5 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **OHIO—Continued** | |
| Shadyside | 2 |
| Shelby | 10 |
| Sidney | 14 |
| Silverton | 9 |
| Solon | 5 |
| South Euclid [1] | 24 |
| Strongsville | 10 |
| Struthers | 15 |
| Tallmadge | 4 |
| Tiffin | 22 |
| Tipp City | 4 |
| Toronto | 7 |
| Troy | 12 |
| Uhrichsville | 6 |
| University Heights | 19 |
| Upper Arlington | 14 |
| Upper Sandusky | 5 |
| Urbana | 10 |
| Van Wert [1] | 13 |
| Wadsworth [1] | 16 |
| Wapakoneta | 7 |
| Warrensville Heights [1] | 8 |
| Washington C. H | 11 |
| Wauseon | 1 |
| Wellington | 3 |
| Wellston | 8 |
| Wellsville | 7 |
| West Carrollton [1] | 8 |
| Westerville | 4 |
| Westlake | 11 |
| Whitehall | 9 |
| Wickliffe | 11 |
| Willard | 5 |
| Willoughby [1] | 16 |
| Wilmington | 10 |
| Windham | 5 |
| Wooster [1] | 17 |
| Wyoming [1] | 12 |
| Xenia | 18 |
| Yellow Springs | 3 |
| **OKLAHOMA** | |
| Ada | 17 |
| Altus | 14 |
| Alva | 6 |
| Anadarko | 9 |
| Ardmore | 28 |
| Atoka | 4 |
| Bartlesville [1] | 27 |
| Bethany [1] | 8 |
| Blackwell | 13 |
| Broken Arrow | 3 |
| Chandler | 3 |
| Checotah | 2 |
| Cherokee | 3 |
| Chickasha | 19 |
| Claremore | 8 |
| Clinton | 9 |
| Cushing | 12 |
| Dewey | 3 |
| Drumright | 4 |
| Duncan | 23 |
| Durant | 11 |
| Edmond | 11 |
| Elk City | 6 |
| El Reno | 14 |
| Guthrie | 13 |
| Guymon | 4 |
| Healdton | 3 |
| Henryetta | 9 |
| Hobart | 4 |
| Holdenville | 7 |
| Hollis | 3 |
| Hugo | 5 |
| Idabel | 5 |
| Kingfisher [1] | 4 |
| Lindsay | 5 |
| Madill | 3 |
| Mangum | 4 |
| Marlow | 4 |
| McAlester | 20 |
| Miami | 16 |
| Midwest City [1] | 20 |
| Nowata [1] | 7 |
| Okemah [1] | 4 |
| Okmulgee | 17 |
| Pawhuska | 11 |
| Pawnee | 3 |
| Perry | 5 |
| Ponca City | 31 |
| Poteau | 2 |
| Pryor Creek | 8 |
| Purcell [1] | 5 |
| Sallisaw [1] | 6 |
| Sand Springs | 7 |
| Sapulpa | 12 |
| Sayre | 2 |
| Seminole | 12 |
| Shawnee | 30 |
| Stillwater | 20 |
| Tahlequah | 5 |
| Tonkawa | 4 |
| Vinita [1] | 6 |
| Walters | 2 |
| Watonga | 3 |
| Weatherford [1] | 4 |
| Wewoka | 9 |
| Woodward | 6 |
| **OREGON** | |
| Albany [1] | 20 |
| Ashland | 9 |
| Astoria | 22 |
| Baker | 11 |
| Beaverton | 3 |
| Bend | 14 |
| Burns | 4 |
| Coos Bay | 13 |
| Coquille | 6 |
| Corvallis | 21 |
| Cottage Grove | 8 |
| Dallas | 5 |
| Forest Grove | 6 |
| Grants Pass | 14 |
| Gresham | 5 |
| Hermiston | 7 |
| Hillsboro [1] | 7 |
| Hood River [1] | 7 |
| Klamath Falls | 30 |
| La Grande | 10 |
| Lebanon [1] | 12 |
| McMinnville | 8 |
| Medford | 30 |
| Milwaukie | 4 |
| Newberg [1] | 7 |
| Newport | 3 |
| North Bend | 11 |
| Nyssa | 4 |
| Ontario | 7 |
| Oregon City [1] | 15 |
| Oswego [1] | 5 |
| Pendleton | 18 |
| Prineville [1] | 8 |
| Redmond | 5 |
| Roseburg | 19 |
| St. Helens | 6 |
| Seaside [1] | 8 |
| Silverton | 4 |
| Springfield | 14 |
| Sweet Home | 10 |
| The Dalles | 19 |
| Tillamook | 6 |
| West Linn | 3 |
| **PENNSYLVANIA** | |
| Aldan [1] | 3 |
| Ambler | 8 |
| Ambridge | 20 |
| Apollo | 2 |
| Archbald | 4 |
| Arnold | 12 |
| Ashland | 3 |
| Ashley | 5 |
| Aspinwall | 6 |
| Athens [1] | 5 |
| Avalon | 6 |
| Avoca | 2 |
| Baden [1] | 7 |
| Bangor [1] | 5 |
| Barnesboro | 4 |
| Beaver [1] | 10 |
| Beaver Falls | 23 |
| Bedford | 4 |
| Bellefonte [1] | 7 |
| Bellevue [1] | 16 |
| Bellwood | 1 |
| Bentleyville [1] | 3 |
| Berwick [1] | 11 |
| Bethel [1] | 17 |
| Birdsboro [1] | 4 |
| Blairsville [1] | 7 |
| Blakely [1] | 5 |
| Bloomsburg | 7 |
| Boyertown | 3 |
| Brackenridge | 3 |
| Braddock | 25 |
| Bradford | 26 |
| Brentwood [1] | 14 |
| Bridgeville [1] | 6 |
| Bristol | 18 |
| Brockway | 2 |
| Brookville | 4 |
| Brownsville | 10 |
| Burnham | 2 |
| Butler [1] | 34 |
| California | 2 |
| Camp Hill [1] | 5 |
| Canonsburg | 13 |
| Carbondale [1] | 22 |
| Carlisle [1] | 14 |
| Carnegie | 13 |
| Castle Shannon [1] | 6 |
| Catasauqua [1] | 4 |
| Chambersburg | 20 |
| Cheltenham [1] | 40 |
| Clarion | 4 |
| Clarks Summit [1] | 3 |
| Clearfield | 5 |
| Clifton Heights [1] | 9 |
| Clymer | 2 |
| Coatesville [1] | 23 |
| Collingdale [1] | 13 |
| Columbia [1] | 10 |
| Connellsville | 18 |
| Conshohocken | 10 |
| Coplay | 1 |
| Coraopolis | 12 |
| Corry | 10 |
| Coudersport | 2 |
| Cresson | 1 |
| Curwensville | 2 |
| Danville [1] | 7 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees | City | Number of police department employees | City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **PENNSYLVANIA—Continued** | | **PENNSYLVANIA—Continued** | | **PENNSYLVANIA—Continued** | |
| Darby | 20 | Kutztown | 3 | Philipsburg | 5 |
| Derry | 2 | Lansdale [1] | 15 | Phoenixville | 14 |
| Dickson City [1] | 6 | Lansdowne [1] | 15 | Pitcairn [1] | 4 |
| Donora | 16 | Lansford | 5 | Pittston [1] | 23 |
| Dormont [1] | 16 | Larksville | 7 | Plains | 7 |
| Downingtown | 5 | Latrobe | 13 | Plymouth [1] | 15 |
| Doylestown [1] | 8 | Laureldale [1] | 3 | Polk [1] | 2 |
| Dravosburg [1] | 4 | Leechburg [1] | 3 | Portage [1] | 4 |
| Du Bois [1] | 11 | Lehighton [1] | 6 | Port Allegany | 1 |
| Dunmore | 15 | Lemoyne | 4 | Port Carbon | 1 |
| Dupont [1] | 5 | Lewisburg [1] | 6 | Port Vue [1] | 4 |
| Duquesne | 22 | Lewistown | 16 | Pottstown | 28 |
| Duryea | 3 | Lititz | 3 | Pottsville | 29 |
| East Conemaugh [1] | 4 | Littlestown | 1 | Prospect Park | 4 |
| East Lansdowne [1] | 5 | Lock Haven | 15 | Punxsutawney [1] | 13 |
| East Mauch Chunk | 1 | Luzerne | 6 | Quakertown | 6 |
| East McKeesport [1] | 4 | Mahanoy City | 6 | Rankin [1] | 12 |
| East Pittsburgh | 12 | Manheim [1] | 2 | Renovo [1] | 3 |
| East Stroudsburg | 8 | Mansfield [1] | 3 | Reynoldsville | 3 |
| Ebensburg | 4 | Marcus Hook | 10 | Ridgway | 4 |
| Eddystone | 5 | Masontown | 3 | Ridley Park | 5 |
| Edwardsville [1] | 6 | Mauch Chunk | 2 | Roaring Spring | 2 |
| Elizabeth [1] | 3 | McAdoo [1] | 4 | Rochester | 6 |
| Elizabethtown | 3 | McDonald [1] | 4 | Royersford | 3 |
| Ellwood City [1] | 15 | McKees Rocks | 18 | St. Clair [1] | 6 |
| Emmaus [1] | 7 | Meadville | 25 | St. Marys [1] | 6 |
| Emporium | 2 | Mechanicsburg [1] | 5 | Sayre [1] | 7 |
| Emsworth [1] | 5 | Media | 9 | Scottdale | 6 |
| Ephrata | 8 | Meyersdale | 2 | Selinsgrove | 2 |
| Etna | 10 | Middletown [1] | 10 | Sewickley [1] | 14 |
| Exeter [1] | 5 | Midland | 14 | Shaler [1] | 12 |
| Farrell [1] | 23 | Millersburg | 3 | Shamokin | 16 |
| Ford City | 5 | Millersville | 1 | Sharon Hill [1] | 11 |
| Forest City | 2 | Millvale [1] | 13 | Sharpsville | 4 |
| Forest Hills | 7 | Milton | 7 | Shenandoah | 13 |
| Forty Fort [1] | 7 | Minersville | 2 | Shillington | 5 |
| Fountain Hill [1] | 6 | Monaca | 9 | Shippensburg [1] | 6 |
| Franklin [1] | 16 | Monessen [1] | 21 | Slatington | 2 |
| Freedom | 4 | Monongahela | 10 | Somerset [1] | 9 |
| Freeland | 3 | Montoursville | 1 | Souderton [1] | 5 |
| Freeport [1] | 2 | Morrisville [1] | 9 | South Connellsville | 1 |
| Gallitzin | 1 | Mount Carmel [1] | 11 | South Fork | 1 |
| Gettysburg [1] | 7 | Mount Joy | 2 | South Greensburg | 1 |
| Girardville [1] | 2 | Mount Oliver | 10 | Southwest Greensburg | 1 |
| Glassport | 9 | Mount Penn [1] | 7 | South Williamsport | 3 |
| Glenolden [1] | 5 | Mount Pleasant | 7 | Spring City [1] | 3 |
| Greencastle | 2 | Mount Union | 3 | Springdale | 4 |
| Greensburg | 25 | Muncy | 2 | State College | 12 |
| Greenville | 8 | Munhall [1] | 28 | Steelton | 14 |
| Grove City | 6 | Myerstown | 2 | Stowe Township | 15 |
| Hamburg | 3 | Nanticoke | 15 | Stroudsburg | 9 |
| Hanover | 12 | Nanty Glo | 2 | Summit Hill | 2 |
| Hanover Twp | 21 | Narberth | 5 | Sunbury [1] | 15 |
| Hatboro [1] | 12 | Nazareth [1] | 7 | Susquehanna [1] | 3 |
| Hellertown | 8 | New Brighton [1] | 8 | Swissvale [1] | 29 |
| Hollidaysburg | 6 | New Cumberland [1] | 4 | Tamaqua | 8 |
| Homestead [1] | 28 | New Holland | 2 | Tarentum [1] | 9 |
| Honesdale [1] | 6 | Northampton [1] | 11 | Taylor | 4 |
| Hummelstown | 1 | North Belle Vernon | 2 | Throop | 5 |
| Huntingdon | 5 | North Braddock [1] | 29 | Titusville | 10 |
| Indiana [1] | 17 | North Catasauqua | 2 | Towanda | 4 |
| Ingram [1] | 4 | North Charleroi | 1 | Trafford [1] | 4 |
| Irwin [1] | 5 | North East | 4 | Turtle Creek | 12 |
| Jeannette | 15 | Northumberland | 2 | Tyrone | 6 |
| Jenkintown | 12 | Oakmont | 8 | Union City [1] | 5 |
| Jermyn | 1 | Oil City [1] | 29 | Uniontown [1] | 30 |
| Jersey Shore | 3 | Old Forge | 6 | Upland | 2 |
| Johnsonburg [1] | 5 | Olyphant [1] | 7 | Vandergrift [1] | 10 |
| Kane [1] | 5 | Oxford | 3 | Verona | 5 |
| Kenhorst | 2 | Palmerton [1] | 5 | Warren | 16 |
| Kennett Square | 5 | Palmyra [1] | 5 | Waynesboro | 9 |
| Kingston | 18 | Parkesburg | 3 | Waynesburg [1] | 6 |
| Kittanning | 9 | Penn Argyl [1] | 3 | Weatherly | 1 |
| Kulpmont | 2 | Perkasie [1] | 6 | | |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **PENNSYLVANIA—Continued** | |
| Wellsboro | 3 |
| Wesleyville | 3 |
| West Chester [1] | 19 |
| West Hazleton [1] | 5 |
| West Homestead [1] | 14 |
| West Mifflin | 16 |
| Westmont [1] | 6 |
| West Newton [1] | 4 |
| West Pittston [1] | 7 |
| West Reading | 6 |
| West View | 8 |
| West Wyoming | 1 |
| West York | 3 |
| Whitehall | 12 |
| Wilmerding [1] | 14 |
| Wilson | 4 |
| Windber [1] | 9 |
| Winton [1] | 4 |
| Wyomissing | 7 |
| Yeadon | 15 |
| Youngwood | 2 |
| Zelienople | 3 |
| **RHODE ISLAND** | |
| Barrington | 10 |
| Bristol [1] | 13 |
| Burrillville | 4 |
| Central Falls [1] | 34 |
| Cumberland [1] | 16 |
| East Greenwich [1] | 8 |
| Johnston [1] | 11 |
| Lincoln [1] | 9 |
| North Providence [1] | 25 |
| Warren [1] | 13 |
| Westerly [1] | 22 |
| West Warwick [1] | 32 |
| **SOUTH CAROLINA** | |
| Aiken [1] | 23 |
| Anderson | 46 |
| Andrews | 5 |
| Beaufort | 8 |
| Belton | 5 |
| Bennettsville | 13 |
| Bishopville | 4 |
| Camden | 16 |
| Cheraw | 9 |
| Chester | 13 |
| Clinton | 14 |
| Clover | 7 |
| Conway | 15 |
| Darlington | 15 |
| Denmark | 5 |
| Dillon | 9 |
| Easley [1] | 10 |
| Eau Claire | 8 |
| Florence | 44 |
| Forest Acres [1] | 1 |
| Fort Mill | 9 |
| Gaffney [1] | 18 |
| Georgetown | 17 |
| Greenwood [1] | 36 |
| Greer | 17 |
| Hartsville | 15 |
| Honea Path | 4 |
| Kingstree | 7 |
| Lake City | 9 |
| Lancaster | 18 |
| Laurens | 18 |
| Manning | 5 |
| Marion | 13 |
| McColl | 4 |
| Mullins | 10 |
| Newberry | 15 |
| North Augusta | 8 |
| Orangeburg | 33 |
| Rock Hill | 41 |
| Seneca | 7 |
| Summerville [1] | 4 |
| Sumter | 30 |
| Union | 19 |
| Walhalla [1] | 5 |
| Walterboro | 8 |
| Whitmire | 5 |
| Williamston | 3 |
| York [1] | 7 |
| **SOUTH DAKOTA** | |
| Aberdeen | 22 |
| Belle Fourche | 4 |
| Brookings | 6 |
| Canton | 3 |
| Deadwood | 5 |
| Hot Springs | 8 |
| Huron | 17 |
| Lead [1] | 5 |
| Lemmon | 2 |
| Madison | 9 |
| Milbank | 4 |
| Mitchell | 17 |
| Mobridge | 5 |
| Pierre [1] | 12 |
| Redfield | 3 |
| Sisseton | 3 |
| Spearfish [1] | 4 |
| Vermillion | 4 |
| Watertown [1] | 15 |
| Webster | 3 |
| Yankton | 8 |
| **TENNESSEE** | |
| Alcoa | 8 |
| Athens | 10 |
| Belle Meade [1] | 38 |
| Bristol | 21 |
| Brownsville | 6 |
| Clarksville [1] | 35 |
| Cleveland | 19 |
| Clinton | 6 |
| Columbia | 14 |
| Cookeville | 8 |
| Dayton | 3 |
| Dickson | 7 |
| Dyersburg | 17 |
| Elizabethton | 16 |
| Etowah [1] | 5 |
| Fayetteville | 7 |
| Franklin | 7 |
| Gallatin [1] | 13 |
| Greeneville | 18 |
| Harriman | 8 |
| Henderson | 2 |
| Humboldt | 10 |
| Jefferson City | 2 |
| Kingsport [1] | 33 |
| Lawrenceburg | 9 |
| Lebanon [1] | 8 |
| Lenoir City [1] | 6 |
| Lewisburg | 8 |
| Lexington | 5 |
| Loudon | 5 |
| Martin | 5 |
| Maryville | 13 |
| McKenzie | 3 |
| McMinnville [1] | 10 |
| Milan | 7 |
| Morristown | 19 |
| Mount Pleasant | 4 |
| Murfreesboro [1] | 19 |
| Newport [1] | 10 |
| Paris | 14 |
| Pulaski | 9 |
| Ripley | 8 |
| Rockwood | 6 |
| Rogersville [1] | 5 |
| Shelbyville [1] | 12 |
| South Pittsburg | 4 |
| Sparta | 6 |
| Trenton | 6 |
| Union City [1] | 15 |
| Winchester | 7 |
| **TEXAS** | |
| Alamo | 1 |
| Alamo Heights | 8 |
| Alice [1] | 16 |
| Alpine | 4 |
| Alvin | 3 |
| Andrews | 3 |
| Angleton | 3 |
| Anson | 2 |
| Aransas Pass [1] | 8 |
| Arlington [1] | 22 |
| Athens | 3 |
| Atlanta | 4 |
| Ballinger [1] | 7 |
| Bastrop | 2 |
| Bay City [1] | 9 |
| Baytown | 25 |
| Beeville | 6 |
| Bellaire | 17 |
| Belton | 4 |
| Big Spring | 24 |
| Bonham | 10 |
| Borger | 15 |
| Brady | 7 |
| Breckenridge | 10 |
| Brenham | 5 |
| Brownfield [1] | 8 |
| Brownwood | 22 |
| Bryan | 25 |
| Burkburnett [1] | 4 |
| Calvert | 2 |
| Cameron | 4 |
| Canadian | 2 |
| Canyon | 2 |
| Carthage [1] | 5 |
| Cisco | 7 |
| Clarksville | 3 |
| Cleburne | 12 |
| Cleveland | 2 |
| Coleman | 5 |
| College Station | 3 |
| Colorado City | 9 |
| Comanche [1] | 3 |
| Commerce [1] | 5 |
| Conroe | 8 |
| Corsicana | 22 |
| Crockett | 5 |
| Cuero | 6 |
| Dalhart | 8 |
| Del Rio | 7 |
| Denison | 18 |
| Denton | 27 |
| Donna [1] | 12 |
| Dublin | 2 |
| Dumas [1] | 12 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **TEXAS—Continued** | |
| Eagle Lake | 3 |
| Eagle Pass | 7 |
| Eastland | 5 |
| Edcouch | 1 |
| Edinburg | 10 |
| Edna | 5 |
| Electra | 5 |
| Elgin [1] | 3 |
| Ennis | 8 |
| Falfurrias | 5 |
| Floydada [1] | 4 |
| Fort Stockton | 3 |
| Freeport | 11 |
| Gainesville | 14 |
| Galena Park | 8 |
| Garland | 19 |
| Gatesville | 1 |
| Georgetown | 4 |
| Gilmer | 5 |
| Gonzales | 1 |
| Graham | 7 |
| Grand Prairie [1] | 31 |
| Greenville | 23 |
| Haltom | 16 |
| Hamlin | 3 |
| Harlingen | 32 |
| Haskell | 2 |
| Hearne [1] | 6 |
| Henderson [1] | 12 |
| Henrietta | 2 |
| Hereford | 8 |
| Highland Park [1] | 19 |
| Hillsboro | 6 |
| Irving [1] | 16 |
| Jacksboro | 3 |
| Jacksonville | 9 |
| Karnes City | 2 |
| Kermit | 6 |
| Kerrville | 9 |
| Kilgore | 18 |
| Killeen | 11 |
| Kingsville | 20 |
| Lake Jackson | 3 |
| Lamesa | 13 |
| Lampasas | 2 |
| Lancaster | 4 |
| Levelland | 11 |
| Littlefield | 5 |
| Livingston | 4 |
| Llano [1] | 3 |
| Longview [1] | 35 |
| Lufkin | 21 |
| Luling | 3 |
| Marfa | 1 |
| Marlin | 6 |
| Marshall | 27 |
| McAllen | 16 |
| McCamey | 4 |
| McGregor [1] | 6 |
| McKinney [1] | 18 |
| Memphis | 4 |
| Mercedes | 4 |
| Mexia | 7 |
| Midland | 54 |
| Mineola | 5 |
| Mineral Wells | 10 |
| Mission | 8 |
| Monahans | 8 |
| Mount Pleasant | 5 |
| Nacogdoches | 9 |
| Navasota | 4 |
| Nederland | 2 |
| New Boston | 1 |
| New Braunfels [1] | 11 |
| Nocona | 3 |
| Olney | 3 |
| Orange [1] | 29 |
| Paducah | 1 |
| Palacios | 1 |
| Palestine | 15 |
| Pampa [1] | 23 |
| Paris | 23 |
| Pasadena [1] | 42 |
| Pecos | 10 |
| Perryton | 4 |
| Pharr | 9 |
| Pittsburg | 1 |
| Plainview [1] | 20 |
| Port Lavaca | 7 |
| Port Neches | 2 |
| Premont | 1 |
| Quanah | 3 |
| Ranger | 7 |
| Raymondville | 5 |
| Robstown | 10 |
| Rosenberg | 6 |
| Rusk | 3 |
| San Benito | 8 |
| San Juan | 2 |
| San Marcos [1] | 10 |
| San Saba | 2 |
| Seguin | 6 |
| Seminole | 4 |
| Seymour | 3 |
| Sherman | 25 |
| Sinton [1] | 4 |
| Slaton | 5 |
| Smithville | 1 |
| Snyder | 15 |
| South Houston [1] | 6 |
| Stamford | 5 |
| Stephenville [1] | 9 |
| Sulphur Springs | 11 |
| Sweetwater | 18 |
| Taft | 4 |
| Tahoka | 2 |
| Taylor | 9 |
| Teague | 2 |
| Terrell | 9 |
| Texarkana | 29 |
| Texas City [1] | 36 |
| Tulia | 4 |
| University Park | 21 |
| Uvalde | 8 |
| Vernon | 16 |
| Victoria | 27 |
| Waxahachie | 11 |
| Wellington | 1 |
| Weslaco | 10 |
| W. University Place | 12 |
| Winnsboro | 1 |
| Winters | 6 |
| Yoakum | 4 |
| **UTAH** | |
| American Fork [1] | 7 |
| Bountiful | 4 |
| Brigham | 10 |
| Cedar City | 6 |
| Clearfield | 3 |
| Heber | 3 |
| Helper [1] | 4 |
| Layton | 2 |
| Lehi [1] | 5 |
| Logan | 12 |
| Midvale [1] | 7 |
| Murray [1] | 6 |
| Nephi | 3 |
| Orem | 5 |
| Payson [1] | 4 |
| Pleasant Grove [1] | 4 |
| Price | 8 |
| Richfield | 3 |
| Roy | 2 |
| St. George | 4 |
| South Ogden | 2 |
| South Salt Lake | 6 |
| Spanish Fork | 4 |
| Springville [1] | 5 |
| Tooele | 8 |
| Vernal | 4 |
| **VERMONT** | |
| Barre | 11 |
| Bellows Falls | 5 |
| Bennington | 9 |
| Essex Junction | 3 |
| Middlebury [1] | 3 |
| Montpelier | 8 |
| Newport [1] | 4 |
| Rutland | 26 |
| St Albans [1] | 9 |
| St Johnsbury [1] | 9 |
| Springfield [1] | 9 |
| Waterbury | 1 |
| Windsor [1] | 6 |
| Winooski | 6 |
| **VIRGINIA** | |
| Abingdon | 7 |
| Altavista | 5 |
| Ashland | 4 |
| Bedford | 9 |
| Big Stone Gap [1] | 9 |
| Blacksburg | 5 |
| Blackstone | 7 |
| Bristol | 23 |
| Buena Vista | 10 |
| Chase City | 4 |
| Chincoteague | 3 |
| Christiansburg | 5 |
| Clifton Forge | 7 |
| Colonial Heights | 10 |
| Covington | 12 |
| Culpeper | 6 |
| Emporia | 7 |
| Falls Church | 15 |
| Farmville [1] | 8 |
| Franklin | 8 |
| Fredericksburg | 23 |
| Front Royal | 14 |
| Galax | 11 |
| Harrisonburg | 20 |
| Hopewell | 18 |
| Lexington | 12 |
| Luray | 4 |
| Marion | 9 |
| Martinsville | 26 |
| Norton | 9 |
| Orange | 5 |
| Pulaski | 15 |
| Radford | 14 |
| Richlands | 6 |
| Salem [1] | 12 |
| Saltville | 3 |
| South Boston | 14 |
| South Norfolk [1] | 27 |
| Staunton | 25 |
| Suffolk [1] | 33 |
| Vinton | 4 |
| Virginia Beach [1] | 19 |
| Waynesboro | 18 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 14.—NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, APR. 30, 1955, CITIES WITH POPULATION FROM 2,500 TO 25,000—Con.

| City | Number of police department employees |
|---|---|
| **VIRGINIA—Continued** | |
| Williamsburg | 11 |
| Winchester | 20 |
| **WASHINGTON** | |
| Aberdeen | 26 |
| Anacortes | 7 |
| Auburn | 10 |
| Buckley | 3 |
| Camas | 7 |
| Centralia | 13 |
| Chehalis | 9 |
| Cheney | 2 |
| Clarkston | 4 |
| Colfax [1] | 6 |
| Colville [1] | 4 |
| Dayton | 2 |
| Ellensburg | 11 |
| Enumclaw | 3 |
| Ephrata | 9 |
| Grand Coulee | 3 |
| Grandview | 5 |
| Hoquiam | 17 |
| Kelso | 14 |
| Kennewick | 14 |
| Kent | 6 |
| Kirkland [1] | 13 |
| Longview | 25 |
| Medical Lake | 1 |
| Moses Lake | 10 |
| Mount Vernon | 8 |
| Olympia | 22 |
| Omak | 5 |
| Pasco | 18 |
| Port Angeles | 13 |
| Port Townsend | 4 |
| Prosser | 3 |
| Pullman [1] | 10 |
| Puyallup | 14 |
| Raymond | 4 |
| Renton | 26 |
| Sedro Woolley | 4 |
| Shelton | 10 |
| Snohomish | 4 |
| Sumner | 4 |
| Sunnyside [1] | 8 |
| Toppenish | 9 |
| Tumwater [1] | 5 |
| Walla Walla | 36 |
| Wapato | 7 |
| Wenatchee | 23 |
| **WEST VIRGINIA** | |
| Beckley | 20 |
| Benwood | 8 |
| Bluefield | 24 |
| Buckhannon [1] | 5 |
| Charles Town | 4 |
| Chester | 2 |
| Dunbar | 5 |
| Elkins | 7 |
| Grafton | 7 |
| Hinton | 8 |
| Kenova | 3 |
| Keyser | 8 |
| Keystone [1] | 3 |
| **WEST VIRGINIA—Continued** | |
| Logan | 11 |
| Mannington | 2 |
| Martinsburg | 17 |
| McMechen | 4 |
| Montgomery | 8 |
| Moundsville | 7 |
| Mullens | 4 |
| New Martinsville | 4 |
| Oak Hill | 6 |
| Philippi | 3 |
| Piedmont | 2 |
| Point Pleasant | 5 |
| Princeton | 12 |
| Richwood | 3 |
| Salem | 3 |
| South Charleston [1] | 22 |
| War [1] | 3 |
| Weirton | 24 |
| Welch [1] | 10 |
| Wellsburg | 5 |
| Weston [1] | 9 |
| White Sulphur Springs | 2 |
| Williamson [1] | 14 |
| **WISCONSIN** | |
| Algoma | 4 |
| Antigo | 12 |
| Ashland | 14 |
| Baraboo | 11 |
| Beaver Dam | 14 |
| Berlin [1] | 7 |
| Black River Falls | 3 |
| Bloomer | 3 |
| Burlington | 10 |
| Cedarburg | 3 |
| Chippewa Falls | 18 |
| Clintonville | 7 |
| Columbus | 4 |
| Cudahy | 21 |
| Delavan | 7 |
| De Pere | 7 |
| Dodgeville | 3 |
| Edgerton [1] | 5 |
| Elkhorn | 4 |
| Evansville [1] | 5 |
| Fort Atkinson | 10 |
| Fox Point [1] | 13 |
| Greendale [1] | 5 |
| Hartford [1] | 6 |
| Horicon [1] | 4 |
| Hudson | 5 |
| Hurley | 5 |
| Janesville [1] | 36 |
| Jefferson | 4 |
| Kaukauna | 8 |
| Kewaunee | 3 |
| Kimberly | 4 |
| Ladysmith | 4 |
| Lake Geneva [1] | 8 |
| Lake Mills | 3 |
| Lancaster | 4 |
| Little Chute | 3 |
| Marinette | 16 |
| Marshfield | 19 |
| Mauston | 4 |
| Mayville | 3 |
| **WISCONSIN—Con.** | |
| Medford [1] | 3 |
| Menasha | 23 |
| Menomonie | 11 |
| Merrill | 13 |
| Monona | 2 |
| Monroe | 11 |
| Neenah [1] | 26 |
| Neillsville | 3 |
| New London | 6 |
| New Richmond | 4 |
| Oconomowoc | 8 |
| Oconto | 4 |
| Onalaska | 2 |
| Park Falls | 4 |
| Platteville | 6 |
| Plymouth | 5 |
| Portage [1] | 10 |
| Port Washington | 6 |
| Prairie du Chien | 5 |
| Reedsburg | 6 |
| Rhinelander | 14 |
| Rice Lake | 9 |
| Richland Center [1] | 8 |
| Ripon | 6 |
| River Falls | 3 |
| Shawano | 7 |
| Sheboygan Falls | 4 |
| Shorewood [1] | 28 |
| South Milwaukee | 20 |
| Sparta | 7 |
| Spooner [1] | 5 |
| Stevens Point | 20 |
| Stoughton | 6 |
| Sturgeon Bay | 9 |
| Tomah [1] | 8 |
| Tomahawk | 4 |
| Two Rivers | 15 |
| Viroqua [1] | 5 |
| Watertown | 15 |
| Waukesha | 39 |
| Waupaca | 5 |
| Waupun | 8 |
| West Bend [1] | 8 |
| West Milwaukee [1] | 19 |
| Whitefish Bay [1] | 31 |
| Whitewater | 7 |
| Wisconsin Rapids | 21 |
| **WYOMING** | |
| Buffalo | 4 |
| Casper | 34 |
| Cody | 6 |
| Douglas | 3 |
| Evanston | 3 |
| Green River | 4 |
| Lander | 4 |
| Laramie | 16 |
| Lovell | 2 |
| Powell | 6 |
| Rawlins | 12 |
| Riverton | 8 |
| Rock Springs | 10 |
| Sheridan | 13 |
| Thermopolis | 4 |
| Torrington | 6 |
| Worland | 6 |

[1] The figures for the cities indicated include part-time employees expressed in terms of full-time personnel. See comments on page 25.

## OFFENSES CLEARED AND PERSONS ARRESTED

*Offenses Cleared by Arrest, 1954*

Better than one crime in four (27.6 percent) cleared by arrest, was the city police experience, in 1954. The over-all figures are reduced by a relatively low clearance rate for the numerous property crimes.

Police cleared by arrest over 3 out of 4 (76.8 percent) homicides and felonious assaults. This continues the high clearance rate for crimes against the person. Clearance rates of these personal crimes for 1954 are: (1) murder and nonnegligent manslaughter (wilful killings), 93.1 percent; (2) manslaughter by negligence (mostly traffic deaths), 88.0 percent; (3) rape, 75.8 percent; and (4) aggravated assault, 75.6 percent.

Property crimes were cleared at the rate of 1 in 4 (24.6 percent) in 1954. Robberies, similar to the "personal" crimes in that the victim is present, were cleared at the rate of 2 out of 5 (40.6 percent). Property crimes, other than robbery, were cleared at the rate of slightly less than 1 per 4 such crimes (23.9 percent). However, these crimes (burglary, auto theft and other larcenies) made up 78.3 percent of all offenses cleared by arrest in 1954.

Police representing 72 percent of the urban population (1,732 cities) reported 1,208,844 offenses and 333,631 offenses cleared by arrest of 242,687 persons. Figures from these cities are presented in tables 15, 16 and 17. The data indicate that on the average for every 100 offenses, 28 were cleared by the arrest of 20 persons. Note that the number of persons arrested does not indicate the number of offenses cleared. One person may commit several crimes. Several persons may be involved in only one crime.

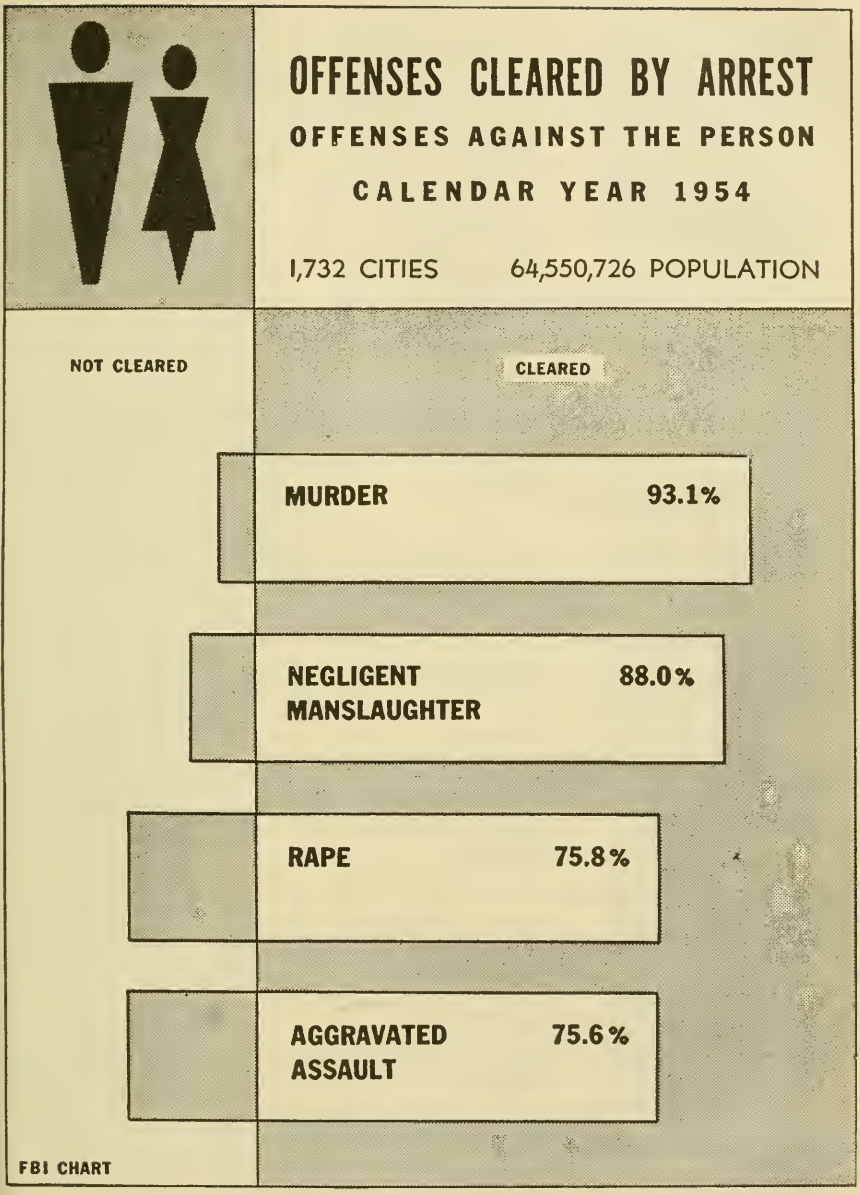

OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARREST
OFFENSES AGAINST THE PERSON
CALENDAR YEAR 1954
1,732 CITIES
64,550,726 POPULATION
NOT CLEARED
CLEARED
MURDER 93.1%
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER 88.0%
RAPE 75.8%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT 75.6%
FBI CHART

FIGURE 3.

TABLE 15.—OFFENSES KNOWN, CLEARED BY ARREST, AND PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION), 1954, BY POPULATION GROUPS, NUMBER PER 100 KNOWN OFFENSES

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Population group | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **TOTAL, GROUPS I-VI** | | | | | | | | |
| 1,732 cities; total population, 64,550,726: | | | | | | | | |
| **Offenses known** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** | **100.0** |
| **Offenses cleared by arrest** | **93.1** | **88.0** | **75.8** | **40.6** | **75.6** | **29.6** | **20.9** | **27.5** |
| **Persons charged** | **92.6** | **84.6** | **71.2** | **33.7** | **61.4** | **18.8** | **14.8** | **22.2** |
| GROUP I | | | | | | | | |
| 35 cities over 250,000; total population, 30,722,557: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 92.4 | 87.0 | 73.2 | 40.7 | 72.1 | 29.5 | 22.5 | 24.7 |
| Persons charged | 92.0 | 85.3 | 65.1 | 30.0 | 55.5 | 15.1 | 14.3 | 18.5 |
| GROUP II | | | | | | | | |
| 49 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,168,546: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 90.3 | 94.1 | 77.1 | 37.8 | 75.8 | 28.5 | 17.9 | 28.7 |
| Persons charged | 89.1 | 81.9 | 73.7 | 38.7 | 47.7 | 20.4 | 14.0 | 22.4 |
| GROUP III | | | | | | | | |
| 100 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 7,078,715: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 100.4 | 85.5 | 79.7 | 38.0 | 81.7 | 26.4 | 16.8 | 27.5 |
| Persons charged | 104.9 | 81.8 | 84.1 | 49.7 | 78.5 | 19.2 | 14.4 | 21.1 |
| GROUP IV | | | | | | | | |
| 187 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 6,600,732: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 95.8 | 84.5 | 84.3 | 45.0 | 88.0 | 31.5 | 20.2 | 33.3 |
| Persons charged | 99.5 | 75.3 | 87.3 | 55.2 | 89.1 | 26.0 | 15.6 | 31.2 |
| GROUP V | | | | | | | | |
| 533 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 8,190,924: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 92.2 | 96.6 | 85.3 | 42.1 | 90.4 | 31.2 | 20.5 | 38.8 |
| Persons charged | 89.7 | 95.7 | 87.5 | 50.5 | 92.8 | 26.0 | 14.8 | 36.7 |
| GROUP VI | | | | | | | | |
| 828 cities under 10,000; total population, 4,789,252: | | | | | | | | |
| Offenses known | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Offenses cleared by arrest | 92.2 | 89.1 | 84.5 | 47.6 | 91.5 | 34.4 | 24.3 | 43.1 |
| Persons charged | 77.6 | 101.6 | 101.1 | 67.8 | 97.1 | 33.0 | 20.2 | 45.2 |

The ratio of offenses cleared and persons charged per 100 offenses known in 1,732 cities is shown by city groups in the above table. A geographic arrangement of offenses known and clearances is shown in the next table.

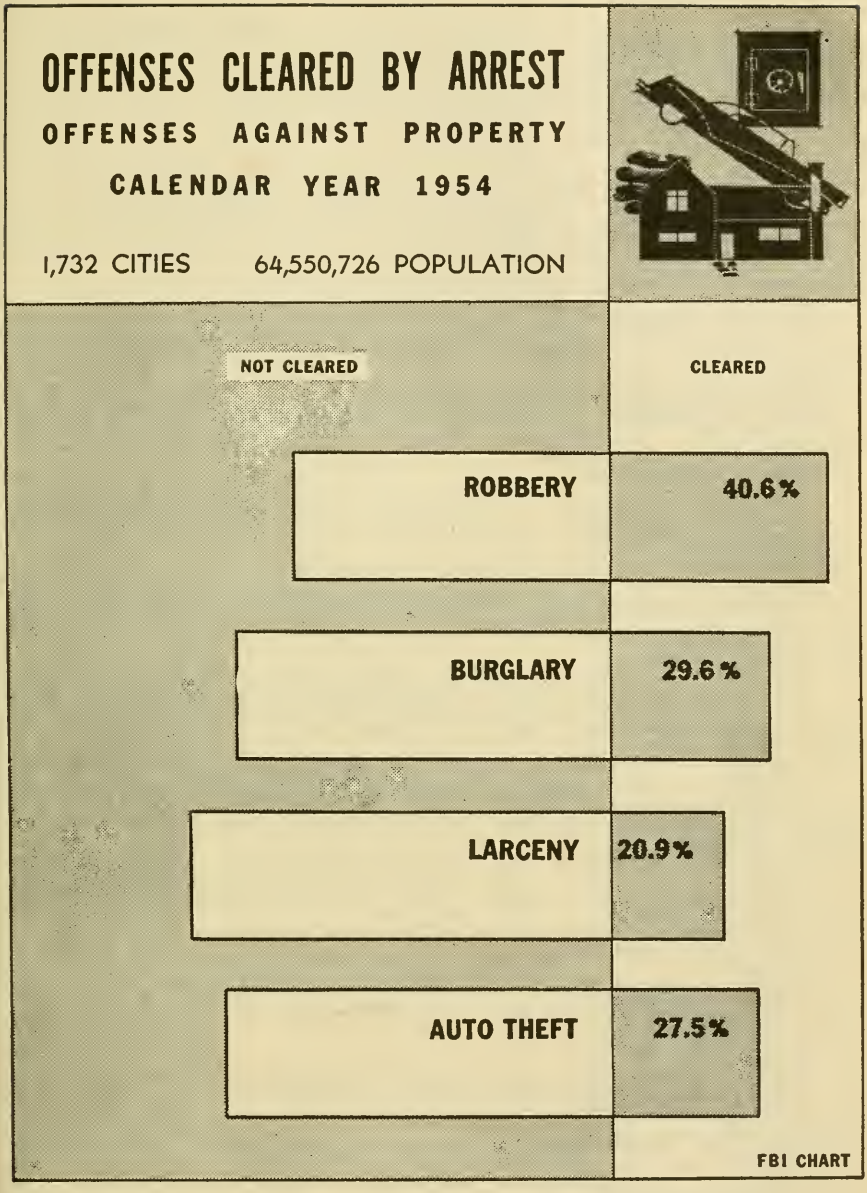

OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARREST
OFFENSES AGAINST PROPERTY
CALENDAR YEAR 1954
1,732 CITIES
64,550,726 POPULATION
NOT CLEARED
CLEARED
ROBBERY
40.6%
BURGLARY
29.6%
LARCENY
20.9%
AUTO THEFT
27.5%
FBI CHART

FIGURE 4.

TABLE 16.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN, NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE CLEARED BY ARREST, 1954, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Geographic division | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary-breaking or entering | Larceny-theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **TOTAL, ALL DIVISIONS** | | | | | | | | |
| **1,732 cities; total population, 64,550,726:** | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of offenses known** | **3,054** | **2,138** | **8,163** | **48,527** | **55,353** | **239,588** | **679,330** | **122,695** |
| **Number cleared by arrest** | **2,842** | **1,879** | **6,191** | **19,720** | **41,345** | **85,693** | **141,671** | **33,790** |
| **Percentage cleared by arrest** | **93.1** | **88.0** | **75.8** | **40.6** | **75.8** | **29.6** | **20.9** | **27.5** |
| New England States: | | | | | | | | |
| 145 cities; total population, 5,138,216: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 65 | 148 | 337 | 807 | 874 | 13,017 | 31,471 | 6,397 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 58 | 123 | 316 | 444 | 784 | 4,721 | 8,216 | 2,039 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 89.2 | 83.1 | 93.8 | 55.0 | 89.7 | 36.3 | 26.1 | 31.9 |
| Middle Atlantic States: | | | | | | | | |
| 379 cities; total population, 18,277,090: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 632 | 569 | 2,410 | 15,224 | 14,208 | 82,127 | 140,185 | 26,990 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 561 | 536 | 1,727 | 5,848 | 9,547 | 24,420 | 27,189 | 6,907 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 88.8 | 94.2 | 71.7 | 38.4 | 67.2 | 29.7 | 19.4 | 25.6 |
| East North Central States: | | | | | | | | |
| 450 cities; total population, 16,898,759: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 725 | 478 | 2,070 | 16,556 | 12,213 | 65,207 | 177,393 | 28,048 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 672 | 418 | 1,663 | 7,077 | 8,799 | 20,410 | 40,373 | 9,452 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 92.7 | 87.4 | 80.3 | 42.7 | 72.0 | 31.3 | 22.8 | 33.7 |
| West North Central States: | | | | | | | | |
| 182 cities; total population, 5,003,885: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 145 | 138 | 564 | 3,295 | 3,152 | 21,274 | 55,642 | 9,436 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 137 | 118 | 419 | 1,072 | 2,223 | 5,531 | 10,141 | 2,560 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 94.5 | 85.5 | 74.3 | 32.5 | 70.5 | 26.0 | 18.2 | 27.1 |
| South Atlantic States: [1] | | | | | | | | |
| 142 cities; total population, 5,557,623: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 602 | 228 | 847 | 3,571 | 15,047 | 28,330 | 67,409 | 14,892 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 578 | 215 | 729 | 1,852 | 13,148 | 9,377 | 17,416 | 3,138 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 96.0 | 94.3 | 86.1 | 51.9 | 87.4 | 33.1 | 25.8 | 21.1 |
| East South Central States: | | | | | | | | |
| 63 cities; total population, 1,502,808: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 156 | 72 | 139 | 830 | 1,701 | 6,683 | 12,795 | 2,888 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 148 | 63 | 116 | 227 | 1,218 | 1,749 | 2,756 | 779 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 94.9 | 87.5 | 83.5 | 27.3 | 71.6 | 26.2 | 21.5 | 27.0 |
| West South Central States: | | | | | | | | |
| 88 cities; total population, 4,649,923: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 464 | 236 | 654 | 2,589 | 4,674 | 27,206 | 61,594 | 13,503 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 438 | 216 | 423 | 1,192 | 3,798 | 8,043 | 14,829 | 3,770 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 94.4 | 91.5 | 64.7 | 46.0 | 81.3 | 29.6 | 24.1 | 27.9 |
| Mountain States: | | | | | | | | |
| 80 cities; total population, 1,684,040: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 77 | 32 | 275 | 1,243 | 886 | 11,157 | 30,900 | 4,513 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 75 | 28 | 208 | 475 | 601 | 3,117 | 5,698 | 1,456 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 97.4 | 87.5 | 75.6 | 38.2 | 67.8 | 27.9 | 18.4 | 32.3 |
| Pacific States: | | | | | | | | |
| 203 cities; total population 5,838,382: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 188 | 235 | 867 | 4,412 | 2,598 | 34,585 | 101,941 | 16,028 |
| Number cleared by arrest | 175 | 162 | 590 | 1,533 | 1,727 | 8,325 | 15,053 | 3,689 |
| Percentage cleared by arrest | 93.1 | 68.9 | 68.1 | 34.7 | 66.5 | 24.1 | 14.8 | 23.0 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

*Persons Charged, 1954*

It is estimated that city police arrested and charged 2 percent more persons in 1954 than in 1953. Total persons charged in cities numbered 3,718,000 in 1953 and 3,795,000 in 1954, according to the estimates.

The estimates do not include (1) persons charged with traffic violations other than driving while intoxicated or (2) persons arrested but released without a formal charge having been placed against them.

The number of persons charged per 100,000 inhabitants varied in cities of different sizes and among the geographic divisions as shown in the following tables. The rates shown in the tables use the latest United States census figures, those for 1950.

In comparisons, the population changes since 1950 and also possible variations in local practices should be considered. For example, persons arrested for drunkenness may be charged with disorderly conduct rather than with drunkenness.

In properly counting persons charged, the number of persons is counted and not the number of charges placed against them. Most of the reports used in the tables followed the indicated procedure, but a few (only 5.2 percent) were based on the number of charges and not on the number of persons charged.

Of the reports used in the tabulations concerning persons charged, most included juvenile offenders, but a few (5.8 percent) did not. Six percent of the departments reporting juveniles noted that their juvenile figures were only partially complete. Less than 1 (0.7) percent of the departments listed juveniles opposite "all other offenses" instead of properly opposite the offense for which juvenile arrests were made.

TABLE 17.—PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION), 1954, ALL OFFENSES EXCEPT TRAFFIC, NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense Charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1,732 cities; total population, 64,550,726 | 35 cities over 250,000; population, 30,722,557 | 49 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 7,168,546 | 100 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 7,078,715 | 187 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 6,600,732 | 533 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 8,190,924 | 828 cities under 10,000; population, 4,789,252 |
| **Grand Total** | 2,776,389 | 1,345,967 | 381,536 | 317,629 | 263,041 | 280,749 | 187,467 |
| **Rate per 100,000** | 4,301.1 | 4,381.0 | 5,322.4 | 4,487.1 | 3,985.0 | 3,427.6 | 3,914.3 |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 2,827 | 1,719 | 311 | 278 | 211 | 218 | 90 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 1,807 | 1,090 | 195 | 180 | 165 | 112 | 65 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Robbery: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 18,383 | 11,508 | 1,498 | 1,170 | 892 | 794 | 501 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 25.3 | 37.5 | 20.9 | 16.5 | 13.5 | 9.7 | 10.5 |
| Aggravated assault: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 33,987 | 20,807 | 2,821 | 3,765 | 2,333 | 2,747 | 1,514 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 52.7 | 67.7 | 39.4 | 53.2 | 35.3 | 33.5 | 31.6 |
| Other assaults: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 98,454 | 40,888 | 15,323 | 12,290 | 11,479 | 12,385 | 6,089 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 152.5 | 133.1 | 213.8 | 173.6 | 173.9 | 151.2 | 127.1 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 54,320 | 24,980 | 7,236 | 5,311 | 6,001 | 6,557 | 4,235 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 84.2 | 81.3 | 100.9 | 75.0 | 90.9 | 80.1 | 88.4 |
| Larceny-theft: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 100,383 | 46,471 | 12,581 | 10,922 | 11,340 | 11,741 | 7,328 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 155.5 | 151.3 | 175.5 | 154.3 | 171.8 | 143.3 | 153.0 |
| Auto theft: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 27,188 | 14,114 | 3,292 | 2,314 | 2,637 | 2,980 | 1,851 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 42.1 | 45.9 | 45.9 | 32.7 | 40.0 | 36.4 | 38.6 |
| Embezzlement and fraud: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 18,413 | 8,661 | 3,143 | 2,020 | 2,011 | 1,755 | 823 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 43.8 | 28.5 | 30.5 | 21.4 | 17.2 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 4,787 | 2,693 | 448 | 339 | 457 | 532 | 298 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.2 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 11,513 | 4,138 | 1,673 | 1,671 | 1,387 | 1,778 | 866 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 17.8 | 13.5 | 23.3 | 23.6 | 21.0 | 21.7 | 18.1 |
| Rape: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 5,812 | 3,610 | 589 | 434 | 418 | 481 | 280 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 9.0 | 11.8 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 26,353 | 18,443 | 4,439 | 1,571 | 1,007 | 664 | 229 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 40.8 | 60.0 | 61.9 | 22.2 | 15.3 | 8.1 | 4.8 |
| Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution): | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 27,111 | 13,152 | 5,036 | 2,800 | 3,023 | 2,151 | 949 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 70.3 | 39.6 | 45.8 | 26.3 | 19.8 |
| Narcotic drug laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 14,226 | 11,512 | 927 | 907 | 284 | 440 | 156 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 22.0 | 37.5 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 3.3 |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 20,024 | 10,808 | 2,579 | 1,914 | 2,076 | 1,616 | 1,031 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 31.0 | 35.2 | 36.0 | 27.0 | 31.5 | 19.7 | 21.5 |
| Offenses against family and children: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 33,580 | 15,216 | 4,418 | 4,771 | 3,586 | 4,001 | 1,588 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 52.0 | 49.5 | 61.6 | 67.4 | 54.3 | 48.8 | 33.2 |

TABLE 17.—PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION), 1954, ALL OFFENSES EXCEPT TRAFFIC, NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS—Continued

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense Charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1,732 cities; total population, 64,550,726 | 35 cities over 250,000; population, 30,722,557 | 49 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 7,168,546 | 100 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 7,078,715 | 187 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 6,600,732 | 533 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 8,190,924 | 828 cities under 10,000; population, 4,789,252 |
| Liquor laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 47,878 | 13,683 | 8,339 | 7,282 | 6,880 | 7,044 | 4,650 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 74.2 | 44.5 | 116.3 | 102.9 | 104.2 | 86.0 | 97.1 |
| Driving while intoxicated: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 122,779 | 32,262 | 18,094 | 17,157 | 16,066 | 21,716 | 17,484 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 190.2 | 105.0 | 252.4 | 242.4 | 243.4 | 265.1 | 365.1 |
| Disorderly conduct: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 329,394 | 174,678 | 35,287 | 35,405 | 27,107 | 31,952 | 24,965 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 510.3 | 568.6 | 492.2 | 500.2 | 410.7 | 390.1 | 521.3 |
| Drunkenness: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 1,191,785 | 540,986 | 179,524 | 148,712 | 116,257 | 121,938 | 84,368 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1,846.3 | 1,760.9 | 2,504.3 | 2,100.8 | 1,761.3 | 1,488.7 | 1,761.6 |
| Vagrancy: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 131,615 | 64,466 | 22,902 | 15,756 | 11,318 | 10,551 | 6,622 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 203.9 | 209.8 | 319.5 | 222.6 | 171.5 | 128.8 | 138.3 |
| Gambling: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 91,823 | 68,932 | 9,740 | 4,724 | 3,894 | 2,786 | 1,747 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 142.2 | 224.4 | 135.9 | 66.7 | 59.0 | 34.0 | 36.5 |
| All other offenses: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 363,987 | 201,150 | 41,141 | 35,936 | 32,212 | 33,810 | 19,738 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 563.9 | 654.7 | 573.9 | 507.7 | 488.0 | 412.8 | 412.1 |

Persons charged during 1954 with traffic violations other than driving while intoxicated are represented in table 18. The data are from 1,233 cities.

TABLE 18.—PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION), TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS, EXCEPT DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED, 1954; NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1,233 cities; total population, 52,878,853 | 29 cities over 250,000; population, 26,677,339 | 39 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 5,810,355 | 80 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 5,566,117 | 158 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 5,573,545 | 391 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 6,062,416 | 536 cities, under 10,000 population, 3,189,081 |
| Road and driving laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 3,567,664 | 2,065,096 | 452,988 | 324,903 | 258,902 | 313,078 | 152,697 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 6,746.9 | 7,741.0 | 7,796.2 | 5,837.2 | 4,645.2 | 5,164.2 | 4,788.1 |
| Parking violations: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 15,505,230 | 5,799,592 | 2,553,921 | 1,944,078 | 2,063,732 | 2,254,643 | 889,264 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 29,322.2 | 21,739.8 | 43,954.6 | 34,927.0 | 37,027.3 | 37,190.5 | 27,884.6 |
| Other traffic and motor vehicle laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 847,894 | 396,983 | 137,225 | 98,360 | 64,297 | 102,717 | 48,312 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1,603.5 | 1,488.1 | 2,361.7 | 1,767.1 | 1,153.6 | 1,694.3 | 1,514.9 |

TABLE 19.—PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION), 1954, ALL OFFENSES EXCEPT TRAFFIC, NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS

[Population figures from 1950 decennial census]

| Offense charged | TOTAL | New England States | Middle Atlantic States | East North Central States | West North Central States | South Atlantic States [1] | East South Central States | West South Central States | Mountain States | Pacific States |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1,732 cities; total population, 64,550,726 | 145 cities; total population, 5,138,216 | 379 cities; total population, 18,277,090 | 450 cities; total population, 16,898,759 | 182 cities; total population, 5,003,885 | 142 cities; total population, 5,557,623 | 63 cities; total population, 1,502,808 | 88 cities; total population, 4,649,923 | 80 cities; total population, 1,681,040 | 203 cities; total population, 5,838,382 |
| **GRAND TOTAL** | 2,776,389 | 142,392 | 442,739 | 589,198 | 161,789 | 521,587 | 126,521 | 321,384 | 133,259 | 337,520 |
| **RATE PER 100,000** | 4,301.1 | 2,771.2 | 2,422.4 | 3,486.6 | 3,233.3 | 9,385.1 | 8,419.0 | 6,911.6 | 7,913.1 | 5,781.1 |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 2,827 | 60 | 615 | 672 | 84 | 596 | 160 | 421 | 71 | 148 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 4.4 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 9.1 | 4.2 | 2.5 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 1,807 | 144 | 545 | 324 | 106 | 337 | 89 | 116 | 23 | 123 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Robbery: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 16,363 | 617 | 4,911 | 4,160 | 652 | 2,441 | 437 | 1,180 | 462 | 1,503 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 25.3 | 12.0 | 26.9 | 24.6 | 13.0 | 43.9 | 29.1 | 25.4 | 27.4 | 25.7 |
| Aggravated assault: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 33,987 | 901 | 9,131 | 5,132 | 757 | 11,482 | 1,746 | 2,879 | 546 | 1,413 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 52.7 | 17.5 | 50.0 | 30.4 | 15.1 | 206.6 | 116.2 | 61.9 | 32.4 | 24.2 |
| Other assaults: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 98,454 | 5,273 | 19,580 | 21,714 | 3,672 | 28,791 | 5,300 | 7,745 | 1,917 | 4,462 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 152.5 | 102.6 | 107.1 | 128.5 | 73.4 | 518.0 | 352.7 | 166.6 | 113.8 | 76.4 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 54,320 | 4,388 | 10,899 | 10,930 | 3,329 | 9,556 | 2,092 | 4,923 | 2,477 | 5,726 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 84.2 | 85.4 | 59.6 | 64.7 | 66.5 | 171.9 | 139.2 | 105.9 | 147.1 | 98.1 |
| Larceny-theft: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 100,383 | 7,677 | 15,494 | 24,811 | 6,835 | 16,379 | 3,522 | 9,197 | 5,169 | 11,299 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 155.5 | 149.4 | 84.8 | 146.8 | 136.6 | 294.7 | 234.4 | 197.8 | 306.9 | 193.5 |
| Auto theft: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 27,188 | 1,321 | 5,941 | 7,092 | 2,012 | 3,206 | 936 | 1,778 | 1,157 | 3,745 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 42.1 | 25.7 | 32.5 | 42.0 | 40.2 | 57.7 | 62.3 | 38.2 | 68.7 | 64.1 |
| Embezzlement and fraud: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 18,413 | 1,171 | 2,678 | 5,604 | 1,018 | 3,919 | 734 | 1,187 | 509 | 1,563 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 28.5 | 22.8 | 14.7 | 33.2 | 20.3 | 71.1 | 48.8 | 25.5 | 30.2 | 26.8 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 4,767 | 345 | 1,294 | 1,182 | 266 | 604 | 230 | 314 | 200 | 332 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 5.3 | 10.9 | 15.3 | 6.8 | 11.9 | 5.7 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Forgery and counterfeiting: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 11,513 | 638 | 1,116 | 1,842 | 782 | 1,903 | 1,058 | 1,233 | 720 | 2,221 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 17.8 | 12.4 | 6.1 | 10.9 | 15.6 | 34.2 | 70.4 | 26.5 | 42.8 | 38.0 |
| Rape: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 5,812 | 318 | 1,973 | 1,187 | 277 | 783 | 162 | 451 | 167 | 494 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 9.0 | 6.2 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 14.1 | 10.8 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 8.5 |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 26,353 | 270 | 5,329 | 6,343 | 436 | 3,988 | 1,028 | 6,763 | 385 | 1,811 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 40.8 | 5.3 | 29.2 | 37.5 | 8.7 | 71.8 | 68.4 | 145.4 | 22.9 | 31.0 |
| Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 27,111 | 4,199 | 4,932 | 6,463 | 1,397 | 4,269 | 249 | 1,420 | 1,185 | 2,997 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 42.0 | 81.7 | 27.0 | 38.2 | 27.9 | 76.8 | 16.6 | 30.5 | 70.4 | 51.3 |
| Narcotic drug laws: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 14,226 | 471 | 6,134 | 2,436 | 85 | 1,371 | 410 | 1,172 | 237 | 1,910 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 22.0 | 9.2 | 33.6 | 14.4 | 1.7 | 24.7 | 27.3 | 25.2 | 14.1 | 32.7 |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 20,024 | 680 | 3,767 | 5,178 | 769 | 3,609 | 1,329 | 2,364 | 930 | 1,398 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 31.0 | 13.2 | 20.6 | 30.6 | 15.4 | 64.9 | 88.4 | 50.8 | 55.2 | 23.9 |
| Offenses against family and children: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 33,580 | 4,812 | 6,909 | 9,813 | 1,476 | 6,424 | 747 | 771 | 393 | 2,235 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 52.0 | 93.7 | 37.8 | 58.1 | 29.5 | 115.6 | 49.7 | 16.6 | 23.3 | 38.3 |
| Liquor laws: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons | 47,878 | 604 | 3,535 | 7,491 | 3,727 | 15,180 | 4,288 | 6,926 | 1,273 | 4,854 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 74.2 | 11.8 | 19.3 | 44.3 | 74.5 | 273.1 | 285.3 | 148.9 | 75.6 | 83.1 |
| Driving while intoxicated: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 122,779 | 6,025 | 5,798 | 33,020 | 10,916 | 19,808 | 8,327 | 12,134 | 7,073 | 19,678 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 190.2 | 117.3 | 31.7 | 195.4 | 218.2 | 356.4 | 554.1 | 261.0 | 420.0 | 337.0 |
| Disorderly conduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 329,394 | 9,298 | 50,323 | 90,327 | 18,595 | 87,581 | 14,993 | 33,330 | 9,520 | 15,427 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 510.3 | 181.0 | 275.3 | 534.5 | 371.6 | 1,575.9 | 997.7 | 716.8 | 565.3 | 264.2 |
| Drunkenness: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 1,191,785 | 73,565 | 130,489 | 225,876 | 74,956 | 217,250 | 56,442 | 146,014 | 73,007 | 191,186 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1,846.3 | 1,431.7 | 713.9 | 1,336.6 | 1,498.0 | 3,909.0 | 3,755.8 | 3,140.1 | 4,335.2 | 3,326.0 |
| Vagrancy: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 131,615 | 1,552 | 8,689 | 23,159 | 7,401 | 12,735 | 5,181 | 31,328 | 9,721 | 31,849 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 203.9 | 30.2 | 47.5 | 137.0 | 147.9 | 229.1 | 344.8 | 673.7 | 577.2 | 545.5 |
| Gambling: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 91,823 | 2,093 | 41,617 | 17,103 | 1,520 | 10,147 | 3,462 | 13,866 | 442 | 1,573 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 142.2 | 40.7 | 227.7 | 101.2 | 30.4 | 182.6 | 230.4 | 298.2 | 26.2 | 26.9 |
| All other offenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons charged | 363,987 | 15,970 | 101,040 | 77,339 | 20,721 | 59,198 | 13,599 | 33,872 | 15,675 | 26,573 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 563.9 | 310.8 | 552.8 | 457.7 | 414.1 | 1,065.2 | 904.9 | 728.4 | 930.8 | 455.1 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

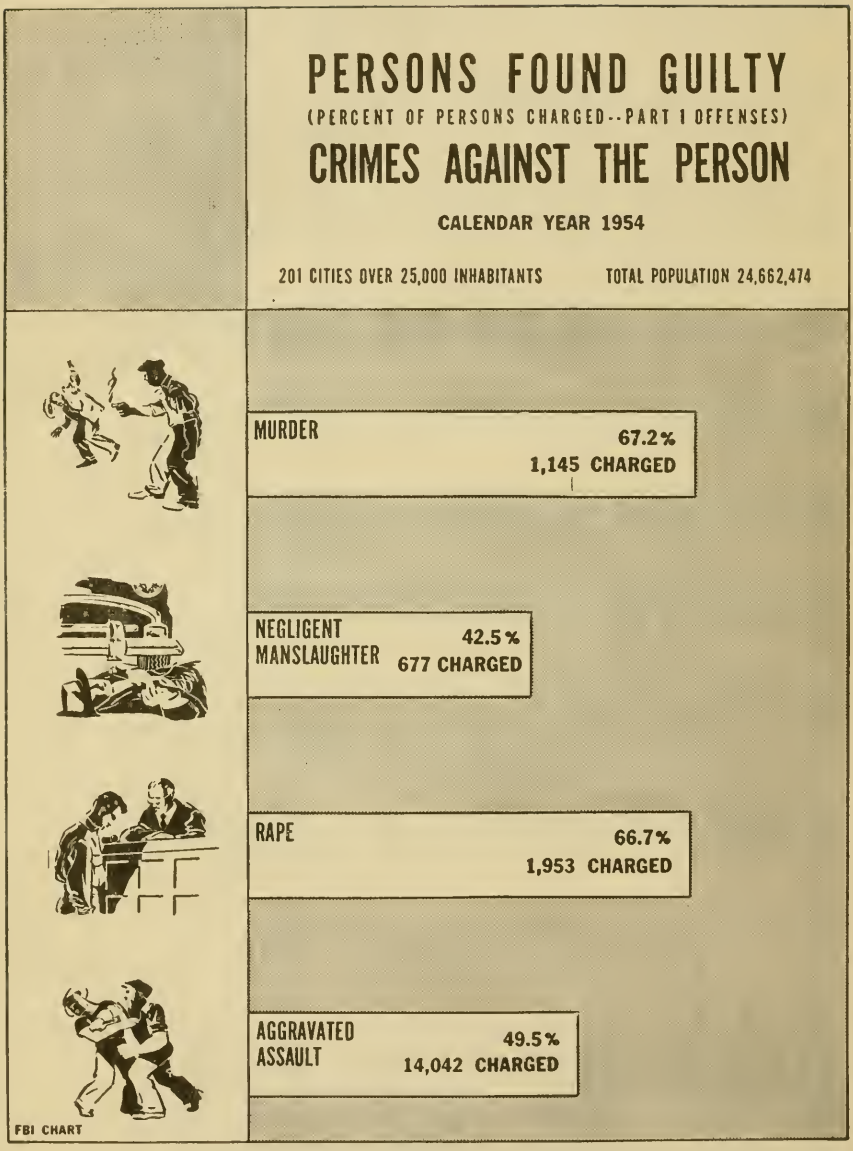

PERSONS FOUND GUILTY
(PERCENT OF PERSONS CHARGED--PART I OFFENSES)
CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON
CALENDAR YEAR 1954
201 CITIES OVER 25,000 INHABITANTS
TOTAL POPULATION 24,662,474
MURDER
67.2%
1,145 CHARGED
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
42.5%
677 CHARGED
RAPE
66.7%
1,953 CHARGED
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
49.5%
14,042 CHARGED
FBI CHART

FIGURE 5.

*Persons Found Guilty, 1954*

For every 7 major offenses reported to police, there is an average of 1 conviction in court. For murder, the ratio is about 2 offenses for each conviction. Every third offense of negligent manslaughter and rape is followed by a conviction. Robberies and aggravated assaults occur at the rate of about 4 for every conviction in these categories. Burglaries and auto thefts occur 7 times more frequently than do convictions for such crimes. Other thefts, larceny, occur almost 9 times more frequently than do convictions.

The above ratios compare the number of offenses known with the number of persons convicted. In any use of these broad ratios it should be recalled that while all offenses are scored by police, only the number of persons convicted is counted and not the number of offenses (charges) for which they are convicted.

Five out of 7 persons charged by the police in 1954 were found guilty, according to the reports of 201 cities.

The highest conviction rate in the individual crime classes continues in cases of driving while intoxicated (87.5 percent). The lowest is again in the manslaughter by negligence category, 42.5 percent found guilty. (Manslaughter by negligence offenses are principally traffic killings. An offense is scored only when the police investigation reflects that the victim was killed as the result of the gross negligence of someone else.)

The observations above are based on reports of 201 cities over 25,000 in population. The reports from these cities show final dispositions of charges placed. Reports were excluded from the tabulation on guilty data if the dispositions shown were based on some preliminary proceedings.

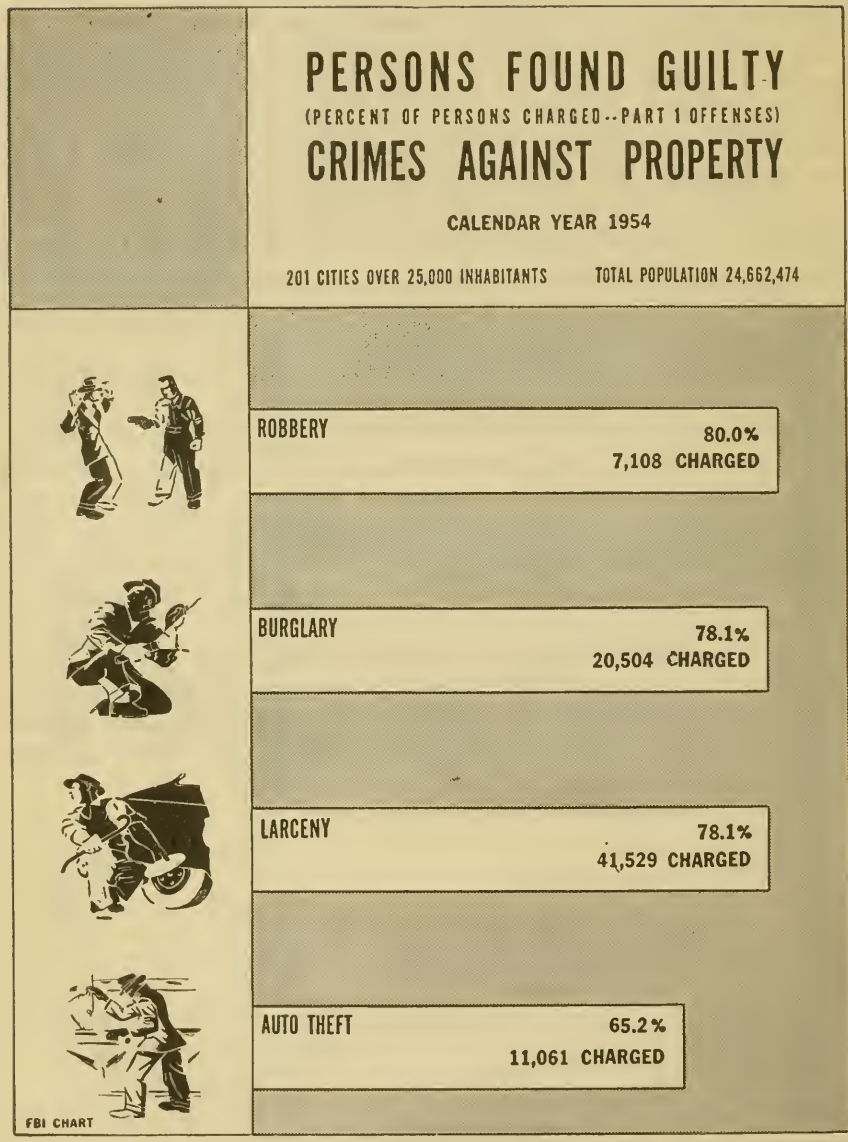

PERSONS FOUND GUILTY
(PERCENT OF PERSONS CHARGED--PART 1 OFFENSES)
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY
CALENDAR YEAR 1954
201 CITIES OVER 25,000 INHABITANTS
TOTAL POPULATION 24,662,474
ROBBERY
80.0%
7,108 CHARGED
BURGLARY
78.1%
20,504 CHARGED
LARCENY
78.1%
41,529 CHARGED
AUTO THEFT
65.2%
11,061 CHARGED
FBI CHART

FIGURE 6.

TABLE 20.—OFFENSES KNOWN, CLEARED BY ARREST, AND NUMBER OF PERSONS FOUND GUILTY, 1954; 201 CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION

(Total population 24,662,474 based on 1950 decennial census)

| Offense (Part I classes) | Number of offenses | | Number of persons | | | | Percentage found guilty |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Known to the police | Cleared by arrest | Charged (held for prosecution) | Found guilty | | | |
| | | | | Total guilty | Offense charged | Lesser offense | |
| **TOTAL** | **506,028** | **141,434** | **98,019** | **70,672** | **61,905** | **8,767** | **72.1** |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 1,245 | 1,168 | 1,145 | 769 | 609 | 160 | 67.2 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence | 874 | 749 | 677 | 288 | 234 | 54 | 42.5 |
| Rape | 3,476 | 2,708 | 1,953 | 1,302 | 943 | 359 | 66.7 |
| Robbery | 24,258 | 10,097 | 7,108 | 5,683 | 4,590 | 1,093 | 80.0 |
| Aggravated assault | 26,595 | 20,333 | 14,042 | 6,951 | 4,837 | 2,114 | 49.5 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 113,964 | 33,260 | 20,504 | 16,014 | 13,671 | 2,343 | 78.1 |
| Larceny—theft (except auto theft) | 283,755 | 59,687 | 41,529 | 32,450 | 30,708 | 1,742 | 78.1 |
| Auto theft | 51,861 | 13,432 | 11,061 | 7,215 | 6,313 | 902 | 65.2 |

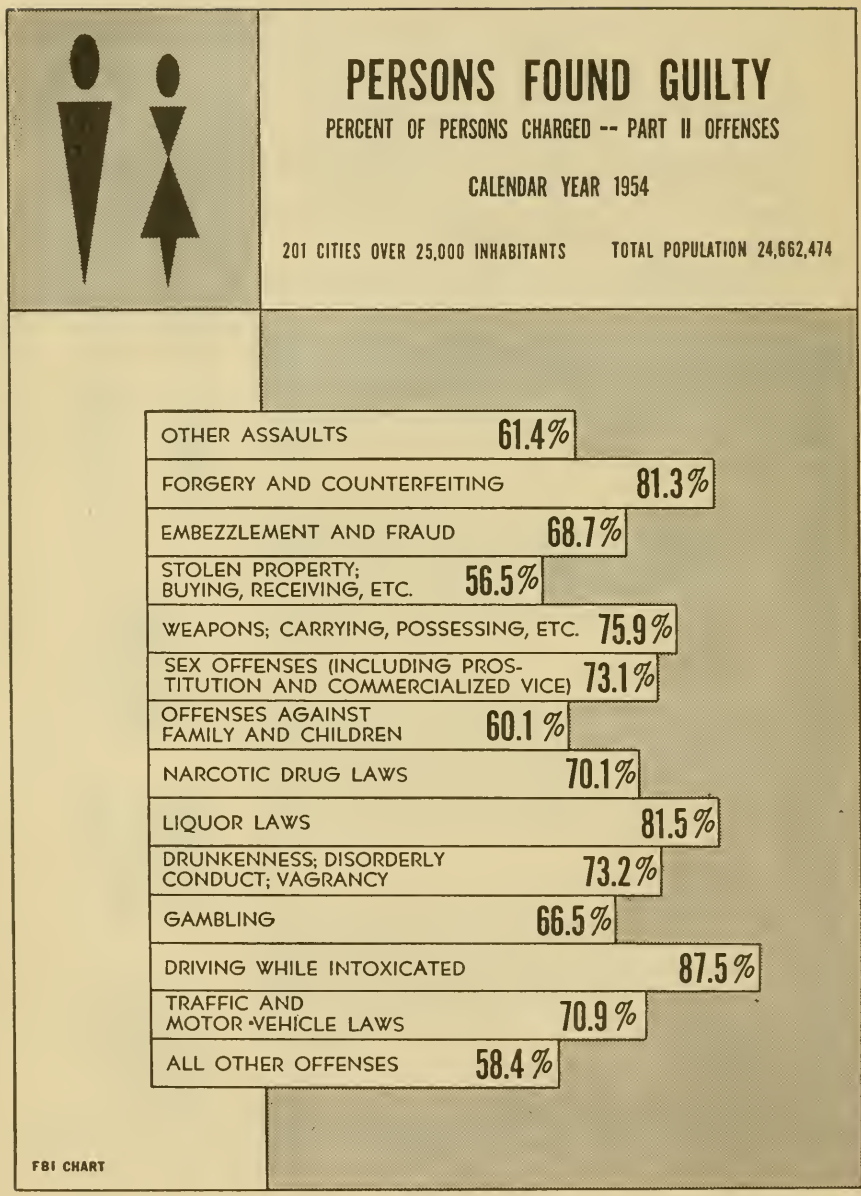

PERSONS FOUND GUILTY
PERCENT OF PERSONS CHARGED -- PART II OFFENSES
CALENDAR YEAR 1954
201 CITIES OVER 25,000 INHABITANTS
TOTAL POPULATION 24,662,474
OTHER ASSAULTS 61.4%
FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING 81.3%
EMBEZZLEMENT AND FRAUD 68.7%
STOLEN PROPERTY; BUYING, RECEIVING, ETC. 56.5%
WEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC. 75.9%
SEX OFFENSES (INCLUDING PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE) 73.1%
OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY AND CHILDREN 60.1%
NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS 70.1%
LIQUOR LAWS 81.5%
DRUNKENNESS; DISORDERLY CONDUCT; VAGRANCY 73.2%
GAMBLING 66.5%
DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED 87.5%
TRAFFIC AND MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS 70.9%
ALL OTHER OFFENSES 58.4%
FBI CHART

FIGURE 7.

TABLE 21.—NUMBER OF PERSONS CHARGED (HELD FOR PROSECUTION) AND NUMBER FOUND GUILTY, 1954; 201 CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION

(Total population 24,662,474 based on 1950 decennial census)

| Offense (Part II classes) | Number of persons charged (held for prosecution) | | | | Percentage found guilty |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | TOTAL CHARGED | Found guilty | | | |
| | | TOTAL GUILTY | Offense charged | Lesser offense | |
| **TOTAL** | [1] 10,634,514 | [1] 7,543,778 | [1] 7,488,827 | [1] 54,951 | [1] 70.9 |
| Other assaults | 40,653 | 24,980 | 23,928 | 1,052 | 61.4 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting | 3,955 | 3,216 | 2,851 | 365 | 81.3 |
| Embezzlement and fraud | 9,835 | 6,757 | 6,291 | 466 | 68.7 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc | 1,880 | 1,062 | 986 | 76 | 56.5 |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc | 8,197 | 6,224 | 5,976 | 248 | 75.9 |
| Sex offenses (including prostitution and commercialized vice) | 23,011 | 16,810 | 16,234 | 576 | 73.1 |
| Offenses against family and children | 16,017 | 9,622 | 9,249 | 373 | 60.1 |
| Narcotic drug laws | 5,084 | 3,563 | 3,524 | 39 | 70.1 |
| Liquor laws | 19,721 | 16,070 | 15,609 | 461 | 81.5 |
| Drunkenness; disorderly conduct; vagrancy | 702,223 | 513,840 | 511,327 | 2,513 | 73.2 |
| Gambling | 27,013 | 17,957 | 17,816 | 141 | 66.5 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 44,988 | 39,374 | 36,194 | 3,180 | 87.5 |
| Traffic and motor vehicle laws | [2] 9,599,590 | [2] 6,807,058 | [2] 6,763,750 | [2] 43,308 | [2] 70.9 |
| All other offenses | 132,347 | 77,245 | 75,092 | 2,153 | 58.4 |

[1] The total figures are subject to footnote 2.
[2] Based on reports of 195 cities, total population 22,349,727.

***Persons Released—Not Held for Prosecution, 1954***

In the annual report of persons arrested, police count separately those who are released without a formal charge being filed after the arrest. In the tabulation of "persons released" no count is included of persons found "not guilty" and persons released to other jurisdictions for prosecution. In some classifications, principally traffic, persons who fail to respond to a summons or citation are counted as "released." This is true only in those instances where the failure to appear as ordered is not followed by an actual arrest for the original violation.

TABLE 22.—PERSONS RELEASED WITHOUT BEING HELD FOR PROSECUTION, 1954; ALL OFFENSES EXCEPT TRAFFIC, NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 846 cities; total population, 34,208,898 | 24 cities over 250,000; population, 16,101,626 | 25 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 3,520,728 | 61 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 4,348,100 | 113 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 3,969,662 | 274 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 4,204,825 | 349 cities under 10,000; population, 2,063,957 |
| **GRAND TOTAL** | 242,140 | 114,857 | 38,227 | 18,669 | 20,555 | 28,112 | 21,720 |
| **RATE PER 100,000** | 707.8 | 713.3 | 1,085.8 | 429.4 | 517.8 | 668.6 | 1,052.3 |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 238 | 109 | 12 | 13 | 53 | 20 | 31 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 141 | 26 | 19 | 38 | 33 | 13 | 12 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Robbery: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 2,032 | 1,090 | 316 | 222 | 159 | 159 | 86 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 9.0 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 |
| Aggravated assault: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,958 | 821 | 443 | 211 | 145 | 225 | 113 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 12.6 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| Other assaults: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 6,670 | 3,645 | 760 | 392 | 513 | 848 | 512 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 19.5 | 22.6 | 21.6 | 9.0 | 12.9 | 20.2 | 24.8 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 5,853 | 1,666 | 606 | 704 | 699 | 1,340 | 838 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 17.1 | 10.3 | 17.2 | 16.2 | 17.6 | 31.9 | 40.6 |
| Larceny—theft: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 11,572 | 3,961 | 1,487 | 712 | 1,605 | 2,339 | 1,468 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 33.8 | 24.6 | 42.2 | 16.4 | 40.4 | 55.6 | 71.1 |
| Auto theft: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 2,497 | 680 | 274 | 403 | 387 | 477 | 276 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 7.3 | 4.2 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 11.3 | 13.4 |
| Embezzlement and fraud: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,259 | 528 | 210 | 87 | 136 | 199 | 99 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 6.0 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 411 | 132 | 47 | 30 | 50 | 82 | 70 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 886 | 187 | 82 | 133 | 103 | 212 | 169 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 8.2 |
| Rape: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 483 | 151 | 74 | 78 | 49 | 76 | 55 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 3,692 | 3,226 | 236 | 16 | 10 | 67 | 137 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 10.8 | 20.0 | 6.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 6.6 |
| Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution): | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,101 | 217 | 203 | 137 | 145 | 260 | 139 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 6.7 |
| Narcotic drug laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,109 | 611 | 200 | 104 | 48 | 112 | 34 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 1.6 |
| Weapons; carrying, possession, etc.: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 983 | 364 | 154 | 51 | 123 | 167 | 124 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 6.0 |
| Offenses against family and children: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,974 | 756 | 267 | 204 | 158 | 284 | 305 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 7.6 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 6.8 | 14.8 |
| Liquor laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 1,897 | 577 | 194 | 93 | 271 | 490 | 272 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 2.1 | 6.8 | 11.7 | 13.2 |

TABLE 22.—PERSONS RELEASED WITHOUT BEING HELD FOR PROSECUTION, 1954; ALL OFFENSES EXCEPT TRAFFIC, NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS—Con.

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 846 cities; total population, 34,208,898 | 24 cities over 250,000; population, 16,101,626 | 25 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 3,520,728 | 61 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 4,348,100 | 113 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 3,969,662 | 274 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 4,204,825 | 349 cities under 10,000; population, 2,063,957 |
| Driving while intoxicated: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 2,260 | 60 | 457 | 77 | 264 | 369 | 1,033 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 6.6 | 0.4 | 13.0 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 8.8 | 50.3 |
| Disorderly conduct: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 9,929 | 2,199 | 1,417 | 895 | 1,329 | 2,203 | 1,886 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 29.0 | 13.7 | 40.2 | 20.6 | 33.5 | 52.4 | 91.4 |
| Drunkenness: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 66,302 | 26,192 | 23,879 | 4,909 | 3,018 | 4,586 | 3,718 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 193.8 | 162.7 | 678.2 | 112.9 | 76.0 | 109.1 | 180.1 |
| Vagrancy: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 6,634 | 525 | 1,097 | 999 | 771 | 1,232 | 2,010 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 19.4 | 3.3 | 31.2 | 23.0 | 19.4 | 29.3 | 97.4 |
| Gambling: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 3,332 | 2,815 | 203 | 31 | 53 | 126 | 104 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 9.7 | 17.5 | 5.8 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 5.0 |
| Suspicion: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 88,490 | 59,820 | 2,984 | 6,732 | 6,301 | 8,120 | 4,533 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 258.7 | 371.5 | 84.8 | 154.8 | 158.7 | 193.1 | 219.6 |
| All other offenses: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 20,437 | 4,499 | 2,606 | 1,398 | 4,132 | 4,106 | 3,696 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 59.7 | 27.9 | 74.0 | 32.2 | 104.1 | 97.6 | 179.1 |

TABLE 23.—PERSONS RELEASED WITHOUT BEING HELD FOR PROSECUTION, TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS, EXCEPT DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED, 1954; NUMBER AND RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS, BY POPULATION GROUPS

(Population figures from 1950 decennial census)

| Offense charged | TOTAL | Group I | Group II | Group III | Group IV | Group V | Group VI |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 610 cities, total population, 23,884,708 | 19 cities over 250,000; population, 11,803,254 | 13 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 1,922,939 | 38 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 2,721,809 | 80 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 2,821,600 | 199 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 3,046,356 | 261 cities under 10,000; population, 1,568,750 |
| Road and driving laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 131,521 | 50,154 | 4,342 | 1,555 | 42,315 | 15,413 | 17,742 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 550.6 | 424.9 | 225.8 | 57.1 | 1,499.7 | 505.9 | 1,131.0 |
| Parking violations: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 917,583 | 150,345 | 92,906 | 94,479 | 186,203 | 277,609 | 116,041 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3,841.7 | 1,273.8 | 4,831.5 | 3,471.2 | 6,599.2 | 9,112.8 | 7,397.0 |
| Other traffic and motor vehicle laws: | | | | | | | |
| Number of persons released | 45,118 | 18,749 | 5,677 | 928 | 8,081 | 5,159 | 6,524 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 188.9 | 158.8 | 295.2 | 34.1 | 286.4 | 169.3 | 415.9 |

## CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

*Uniform Crime Reporting Program*

Readers not entirely familiar with the uniform crime reporting program may be interested in a brief explanation of the contents of crime reports included in this bulletin:

1. These crime figures are called "police statistics" to distinguish them from judicial or penal statistics in the criminal field. (Program is voluntary. International Association of Chiefs of Police started it January 1930. The FBI has acted as the central clearinghouse since September 1930, by an Act of Congress.)

2. Crimes that are exclusively Federal are not included.

3. Each reporting agency counts only those crimes or arrests for crimes committed in its jurisdiction. A sheriff reports only for his rural areas outside the city or town limits of any urban places in his county. This feature avoids duplication.

4. "Offenses known to the police" is a term that refers to those crimes included in the Part I offenses of the crime reporting classification. (See below for individual classes.) The Part I offenses are limited to seven classes of grave offenses shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police.

5. Offenses (crimes) for the Part I classes are reported as they become known. The police may learn of the occurrence of crime in a number of ways: reports of police officers; citizens' complaints; notification from prosecuting or court officials; or otherwise.

6. Offenses are included without regard to: (*a*) the age of the offender; (*b*) the value of property involved; (*c*) the recovery of stolen property; (*d*) arrests; or (*e*) prosecutive action. The purpose is to show the amount of crime that has occurred as distinguished from arrest data and the classifying is based strictly on the facts in possession of the police.

7. Complaints that are found by police investigation to be groundless are not included in crime tables in this bulletin, and returns that appear incomplete or defective are excluded.

8. Arrest data is not included in "offenses known" information but arrest data is collected separately for the entire crime classification, Parts I and II. So, the only information for Part II offenses is that based on arrest data.

In publishing the data sent in by chiefs of police in different cities, the FBI does not vouch for their accuracy. They are given out as current information which may throw some light on problems of crime and criminal-law enforcement.

The complete classification of crimes is shown below with brief definitions for each:

***Part I Offenses***

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter includes all wilful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides excluded from this classification are limited to the following types of cases: (1) The killing of a felon by a peace officer in line of duty; (2) the killing of a holdup man by a private citizen. (*b*) Manslaughter by negligence includes any death which the police investigation establishes was primarily attributable to gross negligence on the part of some individual other than the victim.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape (no force used—victim under age of consent), assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as strong-arm robbery, stickups, robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safecracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or a theft, even though no force was used to gain entrance. Includes attempts. Burglary followed by larceny is included in this classification and not counted again as larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft* (except auto theft).—(*a*) Fifty dollars and over in value; (*b*) under $50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of the property stolen, thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket picking, or any stealing of property or article of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called joy-riding thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

***Part II Offenses***

8. *Other assaults.*—Includes all assaults and attempted assaults which are not of an aggravated nature and which do not belong in class 4.

9. *Forgery and counterfeiting.*—Includes offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

10. *Embezzlement and fraud.*—Includes all offenses of fraudulent

conversion, embezzlement, and obtaining money or property by false pretenses.

11. *Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.*—Includes buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property as well as attempts to commit any of those offenses.

12. *Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.*—Includes all violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and all attempts to violate such statutes or regulations.

13. *Prostitution and commercialized vice.*—Includes sex offenses of a commercialized nature, or attempts to commit the same, such as prostitution, keeping bawdy house, procuring, transporting, or detaining women for immoral purposes.

14. *Sex offenses* (except rape and prostitution and commercialized vice).—Includes offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.

15. *Offenses against the family and children.*—Includes offenses of nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

16. *Narcotic drug laws.*—Includes offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale, or use. Excludes Federal offenses.

17. *Liquor laws.*—With the exception of "drunkenness" (class 18) and "driving while intoxicated" (class 22), liquor law violations, State or local, are placed in this class. Excludes Federal violations.

18. *Drunkenness.*—Includes all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication.

19. *Disorderly conduct.*—Includes all charges of committing a breach of the peace.

20. *Vagrancy.*—Includes such offenses as vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

21. *Gambling.*—Includes offenses of promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

22. *Driving while intoxicated.*—Includes driving or operating any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

23. *Violation of road and driving laws.*—Includes violations of regulations with respect to the proper handling of a motor vehicle to prevent accidents.

24. *Parking violations.*—Includes violations of parking ordinances.

25. *Other violations of traffic and motor vehicle laws.*—Includes violations of State laws and municipal ordinances with regard to traffic and motor vehicles not otherwise provided for in classes 22–24.

26. *All other offenses.*—Includes all violations of State or local laws for which no provision has been made above in classes 1–25.

27. *Suspicion.*—This classification includes all persons arrested as suspicious characters, but not in connection with any specific offense, who are released without formal charges being placed against them.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1955

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

## FOR THE UNITED STATES

**FOR RELEASE MONDAY, P.M., APRIL 30, 1956**

*ISSUED BY THE*
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Volume XXVI Number 2
ANNUAL BULLETIN 1955

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

## FOR THE UNITED STATES

Volume XXVI—Number 2

ANNUAL BULLETIN, 1955

*Issued by the*
*Federal Bureau of Investigation*
*United States Department of Justice*
*Washington, D. C.*

ADVISORY

International Association of Chiefs of Police

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1956

## CONTENTS


| | Page |
|---|---|
| Summary of volume XXVI, No. 2 | 67–6 |
| Crime trends: | |
| Estimated number of major crimes (table 24) | 69–7 |
| Urban trends (tables 25–27) | 73–8 |
| Rural trends (table 28) | 84–8 |
| Monthly variations (table 29) | 86–8 |
| Crime rates: | |
| Urban rates (tables 30–33) | 90–9 |
| Rural rates (table 34) | 90–91, 9 |
| Offenses in individual areas: | |
| Cities over 25,000 (table 35) | 97–10 |
| Jurisdictions outside the United States (table 36) | 10 |
| Supplemental crime data: | |
| Offense analysis trends (table 37) | 107–10 |
| Value of property stolen by type of crime (table 38) | 109–11 |
| Value of property stolen and value of property recovered (table 39) | 11 |
| Age, sex, and race of persons arrested: | |
| Trends (table 40) | 111–11 |
| Age distribution (tables 41–42) | 113–11 |
| Sex distribution (table 43) | 11 |
| Race distribution (table 44) | 11 |
| Reporting area (table 45) | 118–11 |
| Classification of offenses | 120–12 |
| Index to volume XXVI | 123–12 |

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Volume XXVI JANUARY 1956 Number 2

## SUMMARY

### *Estimated Major Crimes*

Major crimes were over the 2-million mark for the fourth year but a slight decrease of two-tenths of one percent made 1955 the first year in eight not to register an increase in crime. The estimated 2,262,450 major crimes in 1955 resulted from percentage increases in rape (5.9), auto theft (5.2), manslaughter by negligence (3.7), and arceny (1.5), and percentage decreases in robbery (14.7), burglary (5.1) and aggravated assault (0.9). There was no change in murder.

The 1955 property loss to robberies, burglaries, auto thefts, and other larcenies was about $399 million, and this was offset by a police recovery rate of about 57 percent.

The percentage rise in crime since 1950 is almost three times that of population. Crime is up 26 percent while population is up 9 percent (since 1950).

### *Crime Trends, Urban—Rural*

A decline of city crime by 0.8 percent was caused by a 4.3 percent decrease in cities over 250,000. Cities under 250,000 had a 2.9 percent increase in crime. Murders, robberies, aggravated assaults and burglaries decreased in cities. Other major crimes increased.

Rural crimes were up 1.8 percent with increases in murders, negligent manslaughters, rapes, larcenies, and auto thefts.

### *Monthly Variations*

Seasonal variations in 1955 were similar to those in other years. Crimes against the person generally rise in the warmer months while crimes against property occur with greater frequency during the cool dark months. Negligent manslaughter, a crime against the person, follows the hazardous driving conditions with a high in December. Murder was exceptional in 1955, registering a high for the year in December.

### *Property Recovered*

Police in 420 cities recovered 56.8 percent of the property stolen. Currency, notes, and other negotiables made up 25.4 percent of the

unrecovered loss. Autos represented only 8.3 percent of the unrecovered loss.

***Persons Arrested***

Arrests of young persons under 18 increased 11.4 percent in 1,162 cities in 1955. In 276 of these cities (over 25,000 population), such arrests rose 10.5 percent but the increase was 15.6 percent in 886 of the cities with population under 25,000. Of the arrests for major crimes in 1,477 cities, 42.3 percent were of persons under 18 and almost half (47.9) of these were under the age of 15. The high percentage of arrests for major crimes of persons under 18 results from a high ratio of arrests of such persons for the major crimes against property of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. Of all persons arrested for auto theft in the reporting cities, 62.2 percent were under the age of 18.

## CRIME TREND

### *Major Crime Totals, 1955*

**Trend.**—Major crimes numbered 2,262,450 in 1955, the fourth consecutive year above the 2-million mark. The 1955 estimate is two-tenths of one percent below the 2,267,250 such crimes estimated for 1954.

The slight change marks the first decrease in 8 years of comparable crime totals. Percentage increases since 1947 have ranged from 1.3 to 8.2. Thus, the negligible decrease in 1955 still leaves the major crime total standing 18.7 percent above the 1947–54 8-year annual average of 1,906,260 crimes.

Offenses (crimes) designated as "major" and reported by local law enforcement agencies are shown in table 24 below with a comparison of the 1954 and 1955 estimated totals for the United States.

TABLE 24.—CRIME TRENDS, URBAN AND RURAL

[Estimated number of major crimes in the United States, 1954–55]

| Offense | Number of offenses | | Change | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | Number | Percent |
| TOTAL | 2,267,250 | 2,262,450 | −4,800 | −0.2 |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 6,850 | 6,850 | | |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 5,410 | 5,610 | +200 | +3.7 |
| Rape | 18,030 | 19,100 | +1,070 | +5.9 |
| Robbery | 67,420 | 57,490 | −9,930 | −14.7 |
| Aggravated assault | 93,540 | 92,740 | −800 | −.9 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 519,190 | 492,530 | −26,660 | −5.1 |
| Larceny—theft | 1,340,870 | 1,360,980 | +20,110 | +1.5 |
| Auto theft | 215,940 | 227,150 | +11,210 | +5.2 |

No change occurred in the murder class. The downward trend in three individual classes ranged from 0.9 percent to 14.7 percent. A sharp decrease of 14.7 percent in robberies was accompanied by a moderate decrease of 5.1 percent in burglaries. Aggravated assaults (other than rapes) declined only slightly, 0.9 percent. The spread in percentage changes in the four classes showing increases was not so marked, from 1.5 to 5.9. Percentage increases from high to low are: rape, 5.9; auto theft, 5.2; negligent manslaughter (mostly traffic deaths), 3.7; and larceny, 1.5.

**Population and Crime.**—Population has increased 9 percent and crime has increased 26 percent since 1950—the percentage increase in crime is almost 3 times that of population. Measuring crimes against units of population, the 1955 crime rate is 15.9 percent above the 1950 rate. (Crimes per 100,000 inhabitants in 1950 numbered

1,187.8 as compared with 1,377.2 in 1955; the 1950 population count was used for the 1950 rate and the population estimate for July 1, 1955, was used for the 1955 rate.)

**Crimes Against the Person.**—There were 124,300 criminal attacks on persons in 1955, or 470 more slain, maimed or violated than in 1954—a percentage increase of 0.4. Crimes against the person are: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, rape, and aggravated assault.

Criminal homicide consists of wilful and negligent killings which are treated separately in tabulations in this program. With (a) murder and nonnegligent manslaughter and (b) manslaughter by negligence grouped, the total persons who died in 1955 at the hands of killers is 12,460 or 200 (1.6 percent) more than the 12,260 persons killed in 1954 by criminal acts.

The 6,850 wilful killings (murder and nonnegligent manslaughter) in 1955 equaled the number in 1954, while killings by persons acting in a grossly negligent manner (manslaughter by negligence) numbered 5,610 in 1955 or 3.7 percent above the 5,410 in 1954. Most of these negligent manslaughters are traffic fatalities but do not include all traffic deaths.

Rapes increased 5.9 percent, the highest percentage increase recorded in any major crime class in 1955. The 19,100 rapes in 1955 were 1,070 or 5.9 percent greater than the 1954 figure. An analysis by 433 cities (table 37) shows that forcible rapes increased 21.3 percent and statutory offenses declined 4.6 percent.

Aggravated assaults numbered 92,740 or 800 (0.9 percent) fewer persons shot, stabbed, or otherwise feloniously assaulted than in 1954 (rapes are not included).

**Crimes Against Property.**—These decreased 0.2 percent in 1955. Loss to robberies, burglaries, auto thefts and other larcenies was about $399 million and about 57 percent of this amount was recovered, assuming that the national experience was similar to the average for over 400 cities (tables 38 and 39).

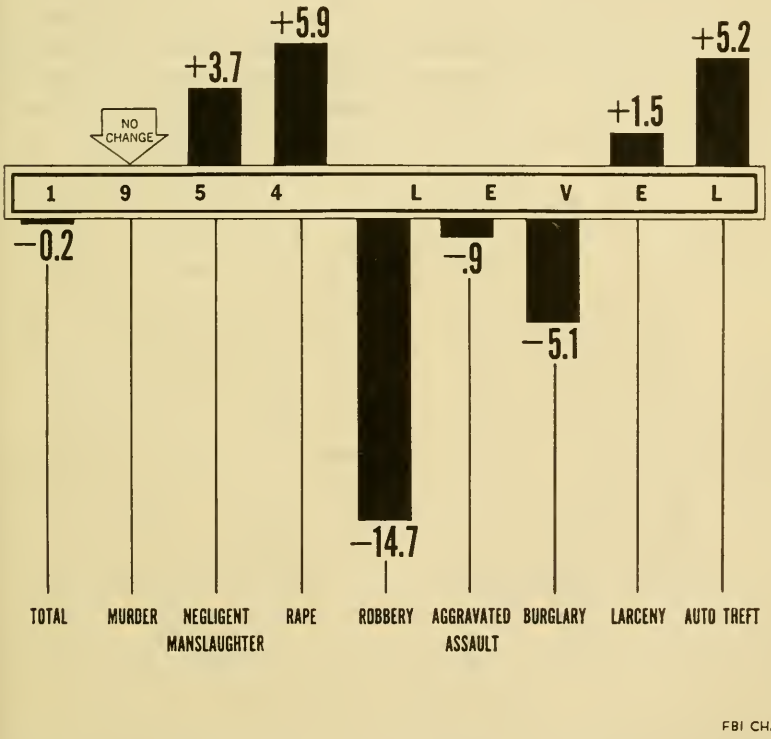
Robberies, down 14.7 percent, still cost about $14 million or about the same as in 1954. This is due to an increase in the average loss per robbery of $246 in 1955 (table 38) as compared with $219 in 1954. The 57,490 armed and unarmed robberies in 1955 were 9,930 less than the 67,420 in 1954. In 433 cities (table 37), all types of robberies, except bank robberies, decreased and this may be indicative of the robbery experience nationally.

Burglaries decreased 26,660 or 5.1 percent in 1955. The average loss per burglary was $175 (table 38), a dollar less than the 1954 figure. The loss to burglars was about $86 million in 1955, $5 million less than 1954.

# CRIME TREND--U. S.

## BASED ON THE ESTIMATED NUMBER OF MAJOR CRIMES

1954-1955 PERCENT CHANGE




FBI CHART

FIGURE 8.

Larcenies (except autos) increased 1.5 percent and at an average loss per offense of $70 (table 38) the 1,360,980 larcenies in 1955 involved property valued at about $95 million.

Autos valued at about $203 million were stolen in 1955. However, the high recovery rate for autos, about 92 percent of the number stolen, cuts the unrecovered loss to a comparatively small figure (tables 37–39). The 227,150 auto thefts in 1955 were 11,210 or 5.2 percent more than the 1954 estimated figure.

**Estimated Crime Totals.**—These are considered as conservative indications of the nationwide major crime problem. Certain important crimes are not included in the "major" offense category of the program originated by the police (International Association of Chiefs of Police). The indicated exclusions were due to various practical considerations (see p. 120 for a brief outline of the program).

Actual counts of crime as reported by police are available for over four-fifths of the population (about 90 percent of the urban and about 68 percent of the rural). So, the estimates in effect are necessary for less than one-fifth of the potential reporting areas. Crime figures that are incomplete for any periods under study are excluded from trend data in order to present a reliable index to crime from year to year.

*Urban Crime Trends*

**Cities by Size.**—City crime decreased slightly, 0.8 percent. Crimes n the biggest cities caused it. They were down 4.3 percent (Group I— over 250,000 inhabitants). Their smaller neighbors were up 2.9 percent in 1955.

The increase was about the same in the five city groups below Group I. The smallest increase, 2.0 percent, was in Group V (10,000–25,000 inhabitants). The largest increase, 3.7 percent, was in Group VI (under 10,000).

The trend was the same in each city group for four crimes: rape, robbery, burglary, and auto theft. Robbery and burglary were down. Rape and auto theft were up.

Robbery declined the most in the largest cities (Group I), 18.3 percent. The smallest cities had the second greatest decrease in robberies, 16.9 percent. Those are the "cities" under 10,000 (Group VI).

Burglaries decreased 9.2 percent in the Group I cities. They were down from 1.3 percent to 3.7 percent in other city groups.

Increases in rape ranged from 2.2 percent to 11.9 percent. The smallest city group had the largest increase.

Auto thefts rose from 0.5 percent to 9.4 percent. Group II cities (100,000–250,000) led the auto theft increases.

Larcenies increased (up to 8.0 percent) in cities of all sizes except the largest. Group I had a 2.3 percent decline in these crimes.

Murders rose from 0.9 percent to 3.6 percent in the three city groups above 50,000 inhabitants. They declined from 6.0 percent to 20.7 percent in the three city groups under 50,000 inhabitants.

A pattern for city trends is not so clear for manslaughter by negligence and aggravated assault. Group I had a 5.2 percent decrease in manslaughter by negligence, but Group II had a 23.3 percent increase. The smallest city group had an 11.1 percent decrease in negligent killings. Other changes ranged from a minus 2.1 percent to plus 8.5 percent. Aggravated assaults changed erratically. From a decrease of 8.5 percent in the smallest city group, the changes ranged to a plus 13.4 percent increase in Group II (100,000–250,000).

Details of the changes from 1954 to 1955 for cities arranged by six population groups are shown in table 25. Reports from the same cities for both years were used. If reports are incomplete for either period, they are not used in trend information.

**Cities by Location.**—We saw that cities with more than 250,000 population held the trend to the slight decrease. The over-all decrease can be further pinpointed in a geographic grouping of these cities.

City crime increased in all geographic divisions but two. A decrease of 6.2 percent for the Middle Atlantic and East North Central

States overrode the 3.4 percent increase in other geographic divisions as a group.

The sharpest decrease, 7.8 percent, occurred in the Middle Atlantic States. The East North Central States followed with a 4.7 percent decline. Other groups of States had increases, from 0.1 percent in the West North Central to 5.8 percent in the East South Central and also the Mountain States.

Murder decreased in all but two divisions. The 3.8 percent increase in the West North Central and the 6.9 percent increase in the East North Central States were accompanied by decreases from 0.8 percent to 10.2 percent in other divisions. Other criminal homicides, manslaughter by negligence, were up in all divisions except the Middle and South Atlantic.

Rape decreased in four and increased in five of the geographic divisions.

Six divisions had decreases in robbery while three showed increases. The largest decrease was 28.4 percent (Middle Atlantic) and the largest increase was 10.5 (New England).

Aggravated assault rose in five divisions with a high of 27.9 percent in New England. In the four divisions with decreases, the South Atlantic States registered the greatest decline, 8.2 percent.

Burglary decreased from 2.5 percent to 13.8 percent in five geographic divisions while it increased from 1.0 percent to 2.0 percent in four.

Larceny increased from 3.4 percent to 8.5 percent in seven divisions and declined 3.7 percent and 4.4 percent in the other two.

Auto theft increased from 3.4 percent to 22.8 percent in seven divisions with the East South Central States high. The Middle Atlantic and West South Central States decreased, 0.8 percent and 5.3 percent, respectively.

## TABLE 25.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55, BY POPULATION GROUPS

[Offenses known to the police in 2,503 cities, total population 77,450,624, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Population group | Total | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **Total:** | | | | | | | | | |
| **1954** | **1,442,146** | **3,741** | **2,574** | **9,692** | **55,805** | **66,719** | **350,955** | **809,645** | **143,015** |
| **1955** | **1,431,066** | **3,676** | **2,580** | **10,356** | **47,257** | **66,226** | **329,546** | **821,039** | **150,356** |
| **Percent change** | **−0.8** | **−1.7** | **+0.2** | **+6.9** | **−15.3** | **−0.7** | **−6.1** | **+1.4** | **+5.1** |
| Group I: 38 cities over 250,000; total population, 32,987,114: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 731,515 | 2,076 | 1,455 | 6,401 | 42,494 | 43,412 | 186,862 | 366,377 | 82,438 |
| 1955 | 700,176 | 2,094 | 1,380 | 6,874 | 34,726 | 42,298 | 169,606 | 357,910 | 85,288 |
| Percent change | −4.3 | +.9 | −5.2 | +7.4 | −18.3 | −2.6 | −9.2 | −2.3 | +3.5 |
| Group II: 62 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 9,200,478: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 189,701 | 525 | 322 | 969 | 5,116 | 7,174 | 47,750 | 108,830 | 19,015 |
| 1955 | 195,079 | 544 | 397 | 1,006 | 4,890 | 8,134 | 47,123 | 112,183 | 20,802 |
| Percent change | +2.8 | +3.6 | +23.3 | +3.8 | −4.4 | +13.4 | −1.3 | +3.1 | +9.4 |
| Group III: 127 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 8,985,494: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 155,106 | 340 | 280 | 643 | 2,832 | 6,418 | 34,985 | 95,611 | 13,997 |
| 1955 | 159,478 | 343 | 274 | 708 | 2,748 | 6,200 | 33,696 | 100,500 | 15,009 |
| Percent change | +2.8 | +.9 | −2.1 | +10.1 | −3.0 | −3.4 | −3.7 | +5.1 | +7.2 |
| Group IV: 245 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 8,674,096: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 143,482 | 301 | 270 | 587 | 2,226 | 3,894 | 30,937 | 94,111 | 11,156 |
| 1955 | 148,199 | 283 | 293 | 609 | 2,101 | 3,979 | 30,347 | 98,536 | 12,051 |
| Percent change | +3.3 | −6.0 | +8.5 | +3.7 | −5.6 | +2.2 | −1.9 | +4.7 | +8.0 |
| Group V: 660 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 10,178,569: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 144,187 | 291 | 139 | 647 | 1,939 | 3,620 | 31,621 | 95,554 | 10,376 |
| 1955 | 147,069 | 247 | 140 | 661 | 1,826 | 3,600 | 30,642 | 98,810 | 11,143 |
| Percent change | +2.0 | −15.1 | +.7 | +2.2 | −5.8 | −.6 | −3.1 | +3.4 | +7.4 |
| Group VI: 1,371 cities under 10,000; total population, 7,424,873: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 78,155 | 208 | 108 | 445 | 1,198 | 2,201 | 18,800 | 49,162 | 6,033 |
| 1955 | 81,065 | 165 | 96 | 498 | 996 | 2,015 | 18,132 | 53,100 | 6,063 |
| Percent change | +3.7 | −20.7 | −11.1 | +11.9 | −16.9 | −8.5 | −3.6 | +8.0 | +.5 |

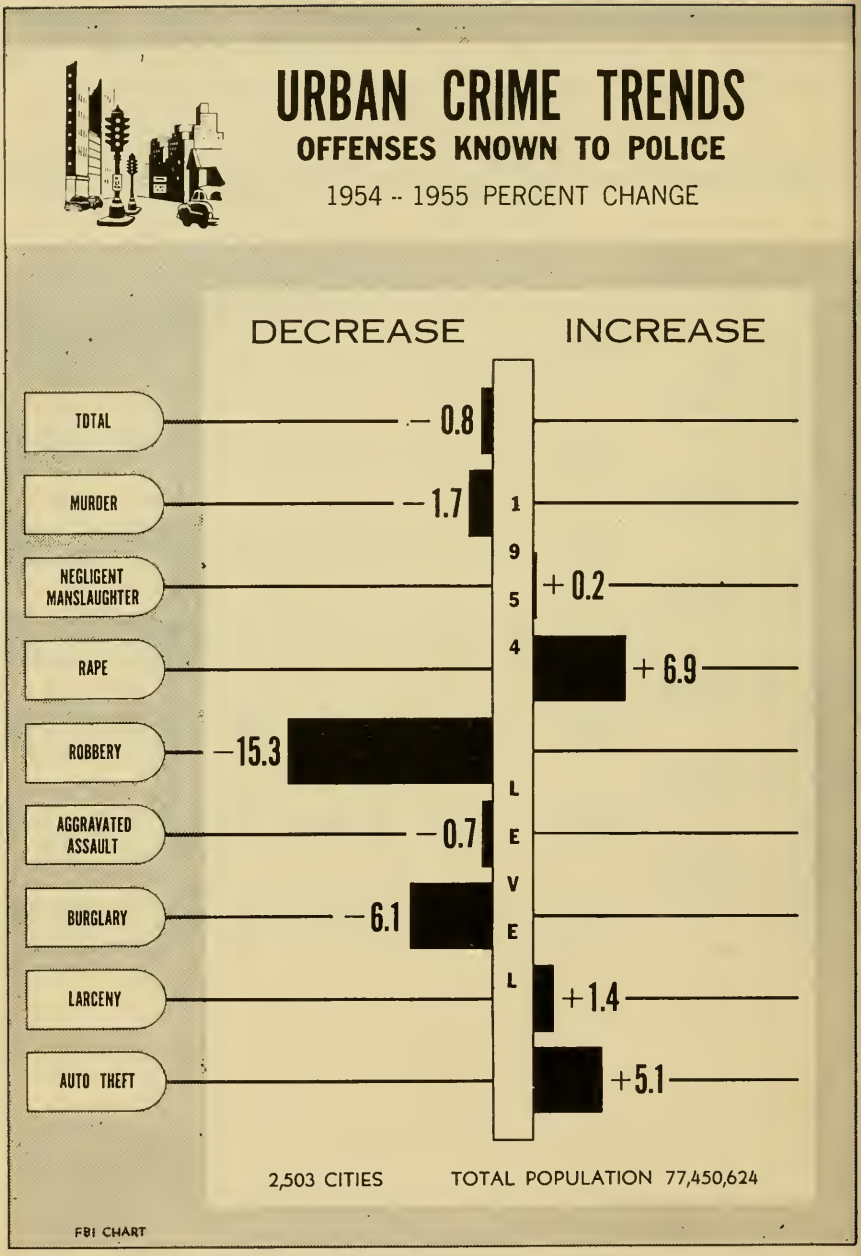

URBAN CRIME TRENDS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE
1954 - 1955 PERCENT CHANGE
DECREASE
INCREASE
TOTAL
MURDER
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
RAPE
ROBBERY
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
BURGLARY
LARCENY
AUTO THEFT
-0.8
-1.7
+0.2
+6.9
-15.3
-0.7
-6.1
+1.4
+5.1
1954 LEVEL
2,503 CITIES
TOTAL POPULATION 77,450,624
FBI CHART

FIGURE 9.

## TABLE 26.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES

[Offenses known to the police in 2,503 cities, total population, 77,450,624, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Divisions and States | Total | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **TOTAL:** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 1,442,146 | 3,741 | 2,574 | 9,692 | 55,805 | 68,719 | 350,955 | 809,645 | 143,015 |
| 1955 | 1,431,068 | 3,676 | 2,580 | 10,358 | 47,287 | 66,226 | 329,546 | 821,039 | 150,356 |
| Percent change | −0.8 | −1.7 | +0.2 | +6.9 | −15.3 | −0.7 | −6.1 | +1.4 | +5.1 |
| **New England,** 181 cities; population, 5,558,982: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *56,590* | *59* | *136* | *333* | *674* | *681* | *14,976* | *34,351* | *5,380* |
| 1955 | *59,248* | *53* | *155* | *319* | *745* | *871* | *15,282* | *35,756* | *6,067* |
| Percent change | *+4.7* | *−10.2* | *+14.0* | *−4.2* | *+10.5* | *+27.9* | *+2.0* | *+4.1* | *+12.8* |
| Connecticut, 26 cities; population, 1,237,119: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 13,589 | 17 | 38 | 67 | 211 | 313 | 3,653 | 7,826 | 1,464 |
| 1955 | 13,824 | 15 | 65 | 82 | 229 | 417 | 3,694 | 7,635 | 1,687 |
| Maine, 19 cities; population, 330,178: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 3,267 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 26 | 35 | 696 | 2,226 | 266 |
| 1955 | 3,404 | 6 | 4 | 15 | 31 | 28 | 814 | 2,176 | 330 |
| Massachusetts, 94 cities; population, 2,954,978: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 28,652 | 27 | 72 | 201 | 349 | 229 | 7,840 | 17,267 | 2,667 |
| 1955 | 29,795 | 21 | 70 | 163 | 357 | 255 | 7,749 | 18,068 | 3,112 |
| New Hampshire, 16 cities; population, 270,858: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,079 | 1 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 13 | 409 | 1,508 | 113 |
| 1955 | 2,045 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 18 | 19 | 398 | 1,458 | 141 |
| Rhode Island, 16 cities; population, 654,662: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 8,060 | 6 | 10 | 37 | 74 | 89 | 2,157 | 4,904 | 783 |
| 1955 | 9,411 | 9 | 13 | 47 | 102 | 151 | 2,464 | 5,894 | 731 |
| Vermont, 10 cities; population, 111,187: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 943 | ------- | 2 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 221 | 620 | 87 |
| 1955 | 789 | ------- | ------- | 6 | 8 | 1 | 163 | 525 | 66 |
| **Middle Atlantic,** 538 cities; population, 20,296,416: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *301,242* | *654* | *621* | *2,497* | *15,572* | *14,672* | *87,210* | *151,186* | *28,830* |
| 1955 | *277,772* | *606* | *446* | *2,823* | *11,150* | *14,389* | *75,154* | *144,595* | *28,609* |
| Percent change | *−7.8* | *−7.3* | *−28.2* | *+13.1* | *−28.4* | *−1.9* | *−13.8* | *−4.4* | *−.8* |
| New Jersey, 156 cities; population, 3,500,597: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 42,735 | 91 | 136 | 266 | 1,236 | 1,631 | 12,823 | 21,991 | 4,561 |
| 1955 | 45,169 | 75 | 139 | 311 | 1,140 | 1,721 | 12,897 | 23,635 | 5,251 |
| New York, 172 cities; population, 11,698,152: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 193,180 | 371 | 307 | 1,667 | 10,879 | 10,237 | 55,738 | 97,095 | 16,886 |
| 1955 | 175,804 | 367 | 141 | 1,820 | 7,659 | 9,401 | 47,088 | 92,354 | 16,974 |
| Pennsylvania, 210 cities; population, 5,097,667: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 65,327 | 192 | 178 | 564 | 3,457 | 2,804 | 18,649 | 32,100 | 7,383 |
| 1955 | 56,799 | 164 | 166 | 692 | 2,351 | 3,267 | 15,169 | 28,606 | 6,384 |
| **East North Central,** 592 cities; population, 18,627,226: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *325,267* | *768* | *503* | *2,160* | *17,100* | *12,680* | *70,436* | *191,716* | *29,904* |
| 1955 | *310,052* | *821* | *548* | *2,337* | *14,481* | *13,108* | *63,278* | *184,559* | *30,920* |
| Percent change | *−4.7* | *+6.9* | *+8.9* | *+8.2* | *−15.3* | *+3.4* | *−10.2* | *−3.7* | *+3.4* |
| Illinois, 157 cities; population, 5,914,676: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 84,249 | 318 | 168 | 586 | 8,735 | 4,759 | 22,831 | 39,325 | 7,527 |
| 1955 | 77,428 | 338 | 172 | 686 | 7,420 | 4,623 | 19,978 | 36,882 | 7,329 |

TABLE 26.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES—Continued

[Offenses known to the police in 2,503 cities, total population, 77,450,624, based on 1950 decennial census

| Divisions and States | Total | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| Indiana, 76 cities; population, 1,977,469: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 37,077 | 71 | 48 | 177 | 978 | 766 | 8,725 | 22,581 | 3,73 |
| 1955 | 36,046 | 87 | 45 | 161 | 732 | 728 | 8,531 | 21,365 | 4,39 |
| Michigan, 113 cities; population, 3,927,350: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 98,518 | 168 | 93 | 929 | 4,225 | 4,959 | 18,950 | 58,655 | 10,53 |
| 1955 | 95,270 | 184 | 107 | 937 | 3,585 | 5,334 | 16,729 | 57,742 | 10,65 |
| Ohio, 167 cities; population, 5,033,600: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 82,529 | 192 | 160 | 356 | 2,954 | 1,857 | 16,767 | 53,793 | 6,45 |
| 1955 | 78,921 | 191 | 190 | 452 | 2,599 | 2,119 | 15,079 | 51,520 | 6,77 |
| Wisconsin, 79 cities; population, 1,774,131: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 22,894 | 19 | 34 | 112 | 208 | 339 | 3,163 | 17,362 | 1,65 |
| 1955 | 22,387 | 21 | 34 | 101 | 145 | 304 | 2,961 | 17,050 | 1,77 |
| **West North Central**, 295 cities; population, 6,320,098: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *108,326* | *208* | *162* | *653* | *3,783* | *3,539* | *24,381* | *64,686* | *10,91* |
| 1955 | *108,423* | *216* | *166* | *621* | *3,137* | *3,418* | *22,660* | *66,853* | *11,35* |
| Percent change | *+.1* | *+3.8* | *+2.5* | *−4.9* | *−17.1* | *−3.4* | *−7.1* | *+3.4* | *+4.* |
| Iowa, 66 cities; population, 1,098,223: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 14,629 | 12 | 12 | 48 | 136 | 113 | 3,240 | 10,035 | 1,03 |
| 1955 | 13,834 | 12 | 17 | 45 | 137 | 108 | 2,515 | 10,096 | 90 |
| Kansas, 54 cities; population, 830,891: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 15,611 | 36 | 17 | 102 | 314 | 485 | 3,914 | 9,619 | 1,12 |
| 1955 | 15,548 | 24 | 18 | 103 | 299 | 494 | 3,438 | 10,075 | 1,09 |
| Minnesota, 70 cities; population, 1,513,352: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 23,901 | 9 | 64 | 99 | 709 | 178 | 5,660 | 14,999 | 2,18 |
| 1955 | 22,861 | 17 | 66 | 96 | 527 | 151 | 5,302 | 14,403 | 2,29 |
| Missouri, 51 cities; population, 1,996,989: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 41,727 | 134 | 48 | 373 | 2,487 | 2,623 | 9,683 | 20,959 | 5,42 |
| 1955 | 43,432 | 145 | 52 | 344 | 2,025 | 2,488 | 9,333 | 23,073 | 5,97 |
| Nebraska, 26 cities; population, 533,153: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 7,948 | 14 | 16 | 13 | 111 | 124 | 1,222 | 5,555 | 89 |
| 1955 | 8,071 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 123 | 162 | 1,385 | 5,561 | 79 |
| North Dakota, 13 cities; population, 164,817: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,505 | -------- | 1 | 5 | 15 | 5 | 337 | 1,981 | 16 |
| 1955 | 2,571 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 7 | 376 | 1,993 | 16 |
| South Dakota, 15 cities; population, 182,673: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,005 | 3 | 4 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 325 | 1,538 | 10 |
| 1955 | 2,108 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 11 | 8 | 311 | 1,652 | 11 |
| **South Atlantic**,[1] 242 cities; population, 7,642,429: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *170,772* | *753* | *316* | *1,007* | *4,562* | *17,378* | *40,379* | *88,102* | *18,27* |
| 1955 | *175,031* | *725* | *305* | *1,077* | *4,619* | *15,954* | *40,767* | *92,558* | *19,03* |
| Percent change | *+2.5* | *−3.7* | *−3.5* | *+7.0* | *+1.2* | *−8.2* | *+1.0* | *+5.1* | *+4.1* |
| Delaware, 4 cities; population, 127,154: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,870 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 65 | 26 | 623 | 1,850 | 28 |
| 1955 | 2,840 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 62 | 36 | 696 | 1,779 | 25 |
| Florida, 51 cities; population, 1,372,305: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 38,394 | 139 | 89 | 83 | 1,051 | 1,371 | 12,047 | 20,402 | 3,21 |
| 1955 | 41,543 | 173 | 64 | 100 | 1,073 | 1,443 | 12,289 | 23,169 | 3,23 |

[1] Includes the District of Columbia.

## TABLE 26.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES—Continued

Offenses known to the police in 2,503 cities, total population, 77,450,624, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Divisions and States | Total | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| Georgia, 29 cities; population, 1,059,481: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 21,029 | 168 | 40 | 106 | 494 | 2,140 | 5,201 | 10,221 | 2,659 |
| 1955 | 20,512 | 145 | 47 | 132 | 391 | 2,065 | 4,937 | 10,572 | 2,223 |
| Maryland, 18 cities; population, 1,152,863: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 25,283 | 88 | 11 | 197 | 775 | 1,819 | 5,346 | 11,936 | 5,111 |
| 1955 | 26,723 | 87 | 48 | 208 | 933 | 2,221 | 5,313 | 12,577 | 5,336 |
| North Carolina, 57 cities; population, 979,570: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 18,207 | 107 | 65 | 107 | 257 | 3,506 | 3,821 | 8,905 | 1,439 |
| 1955 | 17,492 | 97 | 46 | 97 | 256 | 3,027 | 3,415 | 9,064 | 1,490 |
| South Carolina, 25 cities; population, 434,569: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 8,822 | 31 | 7 | 50 | 138 | 467 | 2,154 | 5,317 | 658 |
| 1955 | 8,824 | 45 | 7 | 57 | 145 | 450 | 2,164 | 5,184 | 772 |
| Virginia, 40 cities; population, 1,284,468: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 32,299 | 128 | 62 | 226 | 867 | 3,120 | 6,435 | 18,416 | 3,045 |
| 1955 | 34,550 | 109 | 47 | 253 | 850 | 3,077 | 7,105 | 19,560 | 3,549 |
| West Virginia, 17 cities; population, 429,841: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 5,122 | 14 | 5 | 20 | 111 | 271 | 1,238 | 2,972 | 491 |
| 1955 | 4,271 | 11 | 9 | 14 | 125 | 194 | 1,199 | 2,264 | 455 |
| **East South Central, 106 cities; population, 3,188,666:** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *52,709* | *417* | *131* | *263* | *1,593* | *3,915* | *15,409* | *24,692* | *6,289* |
| 1955 | *55,745* | *386* | *156* | *318* | *1,651* | *3,883* | *15,686* | *25,940* | *7,725* |
| Percent change | *+5.8* | *−7.4* | *+19.1* | *+20.9* | *+3.6* | *−.8* | *+1.8* | *+5.1* | *+22.8* |
| Alabama, 27 cities; population, 911,827: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 14,845 | 137 | 33 | 75 | 335 | 1,207 | 4,821 | 7,058 | 1,179 |
| 1955 | 15,688 | 157 | 56 | 122 | 381 | 1,422 | 4,668 | 7,406 | 1,476 |
| Kentucky, 33 cities; population, 785,304: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 17,343 | 83 | 32 | 105 | 708 | 1,301 | 4,184 | 8,523 | 2,407 |
| 1955 | 19,563 | 73 | 37 | 131 | 761 | 1,139 | 4,752 | 9,170 | 3,500 |
| Mississippi, 19 cities; population, 405,246: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 4,731 | 36 | 12 | 21 | 66 | 223 | 1,498 | 2,469 | 406 |
| 1955 | 4,747 | 38 | 9 | 20 | 59 | 220 | 1,347 | 2,624 | 430 |
| Tennessee, 27 cities; population, 1,086,289: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 15,790 | 161 | 54 | 62 | 484 | 1,184 | 4,906 | 6,642 | 2,297 |
| 1955 | 15,747 | 118 | 54 | 45 | 450 | 1,102 | 4,919 | 6,740 | 2,319 |
| **West South Central, 169 cities; population, 5,564,052:** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *123,001* | *501* | *252* | *708* | *2,785* | *5,316* | *29,802* | *68,961* | *14,676* |
| 1955 | *128,652* | *497* | *262* | *692* | *2,499* | *5,733* | *30,233* | *74,835* | *13,901* |
| Percent change | *+4.6* | *−.8* | *+4.0* | *−2.3* | *−10.3* | *+7.8* | *+1.4* | *+8.5* | *−5.3* |
| Arkansas, 26 cities; population, 377,460: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 5,748 | 24 | 17 | 27 | 220 | 358 | 1,550 | 3,144 | 408 |
| 1955 | 4,900 | 27 | 16 | 32 | 151 | 345 | 1,273 | 2,701 | 355 |
| Louisiana, 18 cities; population, 777,584: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 12,861 | 81 | 57 | 166 | 577 | 679 | 2,136 | 5,674 | 3,491 |
| 1955 | 14,179 | 68 | 55 | 159 | 578 | 725 | 2,705 | 6,996 | 2,893 |
| Oklahoma, 36 cities; population, 860,453: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 17,378 | 47 | 30 | 79 | 335 | 339 | 4,471 | 10,650 | 1,427 |
| 1955 | 18,386 | 46 | 31 | 101 | 289 | 488 | 4,363 | 11,370 | 1,698 |

TABLE 26.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES—Continued

[Offenses known to the police in 2,503 cities, total population, 77,450,624, based on 1950 decennial census

| Divisions and States | Total | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| Texas, 89 cities; population, 3,548,555: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 87,014 | 349 | 148 | 436 | 1,653 | 3,940 | 21,645 | 49,493 | 9,35 |
| 1955 | 91,187 | 356 | 160 | 400 | 1,481 | 4,175 | 21,892 | 53,768 | 8,95 |
| Mountain, 126 cities; population, 2,068,461: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *57,142* | *84* | *38* | *317* | *1,348* | *977* | *12,613* | *36,700* | *5,06* |
| 1955 | *60,435* | *83* | *41* | *300* | *1,283* | *1,006* | *12,140* | *39,536* | *6,04* |
| Percent change | *+5.8* | *−1.2* | *+7.9* | *−5.4* | *−4.8* | *+3.0* | *−3.8* | *+7.7* | *+19.* |
| Arizona, 14 cities; population, 227,117: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 11,017 | 20 | 8 | 59 | 233 | 318 | 2,185 | 7,109 | 1,08 |
| 1955 | 11,750 | 16 | 12 | 62 | 221 | 381 | 2,235 | 7,549 | 1,27 |
| Colorado, 29 cities; population, 738,147: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 19,498 | 31 | 13 | 126 | 689 | 336 | 5,047 | 11,554 | 1,70 |
| 1955 | 21,075 | 30 | 17 | 139 | 709 | 317 | 4,821 | 12,761 | 2,28 |
| Idaho, 20 cities; population, 194,928: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 4,864 | 4 | ------- | 11 | 46 | 25 | 808 | 3,670 | 30 |
| 1955 | 4,719 | 5 | 1 | 9 | 14 | 23 | 641 | 3,730 | 29 |
| Montana, 14 cities; population, 162,158: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 3,597 | 1 | 3 | 31 | 65 | 52 | 507 | 2,620 | 31 |
| 1955 | 3,969 | 4 | 2 | 14 | 32 | 40 | 630 | 2,954 | 29 |
| Nevada, 4 cities; population, 44,612: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,122 | 5 | ------- | 10 | 67 | 14 | 590 | 1,267 | 16 |
| 1955 | 2,025 | 9 | 1 | 9 | 66 | 25 | 468 | 1,255 | 19 |
| New Mexico, 13 cities; population, 210,282: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 5,355 | 8 | 6 | 22 | 98 | 123 | 1,415 | 3,098 | 58 |
| 1955 | 6,458 | 7 | 1 | 18 | 100 | 121 | 1,459 | 3,990 | 76 |
| Utah, 19 cities; population, 364,350: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 8,380 | 12 | 8 | 36 | 103 | 73 | 1,677 | 5,723 | 74 |
| 1955 | 7,781 | 8 | 7 | 29 | 104 | 74 | 1,513 | 5,293 | 75 |
| Wyoming, 13 cities; population, 126,867: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 2,309 | 3 | ------- | 22 | 47 | 36 | 384 | 1,659 | 15 |
| 1955 | 2,658 | 4 | ------- | 20 | 37 | 25 | 373 | 2,004 | 19 |
| Pacific, 254 cities; population, 8,184,294: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | *247,097* | *297* | *415* | *1,754* | *8,388* | *7,561* | *55,749* | *149,251* | *23,68* |
| 1955 | *255,708* | *289* | *501* | *1,869* | *7,722* | *7,864* | *54,346* | *156,412* | *26,70* |
| Percent change | *+3.5* | *−2.7* | *+20.7* | *+6.6* | *−7.9* | *+4.0* | *−2.5* | *+4.8* | *+12.* |
| California, 182 cities; population, 6,797,930: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 213,797 | 263 | 376 | 1,660 | 7,813 | 7,230 | 49,335 | 125,651 | 21,46 |
| 1955 | 224,285 | 253 | 455 | 1,755 | 7,240 | 7,529 | 48,796 | 133,757 | 24,50 |
| Oregon, 35 cities; population, 679,156: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 15,469 | 16 | 24 | 52 | 333 | 220 | 3,370 | 10,522 | 93 |
| 1955 | 14,660 | 21 | 24 | 60 | 273 | 202 | 2,820 | 10,369 | 89 |
| Washington, 37 cities; population, 707,208: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1954 | 17,831 | 18 | 15 | 42 | 242 | 111 | 3,044 | 13,078 | 1,28 |
| 1955 | 16,783 | 15 | 22 | 54 | 209 | 133 | 2,730 | 12,286 | 1,31 |

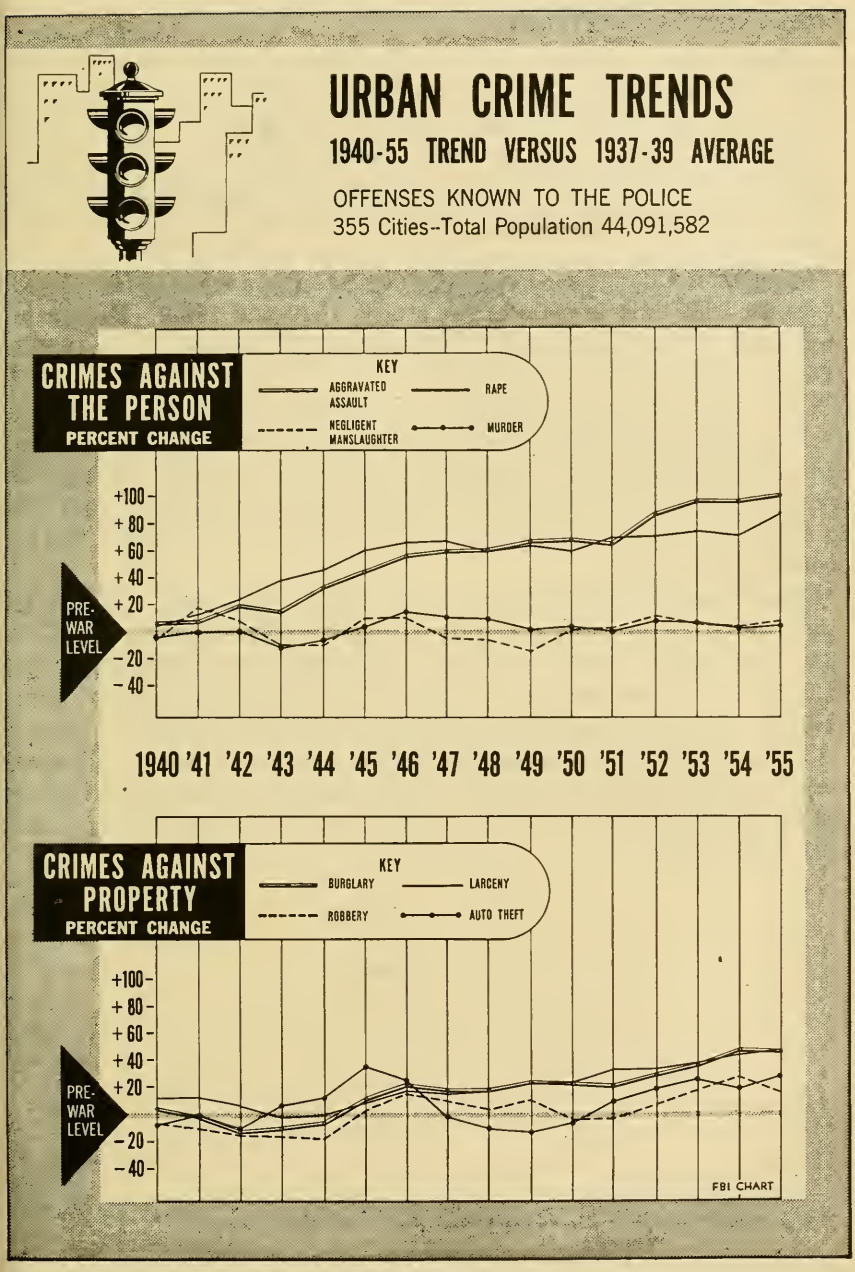

URBAN CRIME TRENDS
1940-55 TREND VERSUS 1937-39 AVERAGE
OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE
355 Cities--Total Population 44,091,582
CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON
PERCENT CHANGE
KEY
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
RAPE
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
MURDER
+100
+80
+60
+40
+20
-20
-40
PRE-WAR LEVEL
1940 '41 '42 '43 '44 '45 '46 '47 '48 '49 '50 '51 '52 '53 '54 '55
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY
PERCENT CHANGE
KEY
BURGLARY
LARCENY
ROBBERY
AUTO THEFT
+100
+80
+60
+40
+20
-20
-40
PRE-WAR LEVEL
FBI CHART

FIGURE 10.

*Long-Term Urban Trends*

**Crime Count.**—Major crime is 44.4 percent (1955) above the pre-World War II level in 355 cities (table 27). The annual average for the war years (1942–45) was 2.8 percent above the prewar annual average (1937–39). The annual average for the post-war years (1946–55) is 26.8 percent above the prewar average. Figure 10 and table 27 reflect changes in individual crime classes for a 19-year period (1937–55).

**Population Changes.**—Population counts are available for the 355 cities used for only 2 years of the study, 1940 and 1950. Population increased 16.8 percent and crime increased 11.8 percent from 1940 to 1950 in the 355 cities studied.

Crimes per 100,000 inhabitants (the crime rate) in these 355 cities declined 4.3 percent from 1940 to 1950. The rate of crimes against the person increased 29.5 percent while crimes against property decreased 5.7 percent in the same period. However, note that from 1940 to 1950 crime increased only 11.8 percent while a 20.8 percent rise has occurred since 1950.

**Cities Used.**—Table 27 is limited to 355 cities with over 25,000 inhabitants which have a record of regular crime reporting. Their 1940 population was 37,753,783. In 1950, their population was 44,091,582. Exact counts or estimates for these cities are not available from the Bureau of the Census for intercensal years.

Cities whose police departments are known to have undergone major record procedure changes, possibly affecting crime reporting, are not included in table 27. The same 355 cities are represented for each year in the table.

## TABLE 27.—URBAN CRIME TRENDS, 1937–55

[Offenses known to the police in 355 cities with over 25,000 inhabitants, total population 44,091,582 based on 1950 decennial census]

| Year | Total | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1937 | 616,778 | 2,569 | 2,046 | 3,220 | 27,187 | 20,365 | 139,654 | 330,577 | 91,160 |
| 1938 | 624,595 | 2,209 | 1,480 | 3,117 | 28,342 | 19,358 | 140,558 | 350,860 | 78,671 |
| 1939 | 649,400 | 2,321 | 1,286 | 3,390 | 26,840 | 19,634 | 146,912 | 374,618 | 74,399 |
| 1940 | 673,778 | 2,277 | 1,512 | 3,381 | 25,702 | 20,860 | 148,048 | 396,679 | 75,319 |
| 1941 | 672,747 | 2,371 | 1,889 | 3,661 | 24,591 | 21,317 | 139,403 | 398,328 | 81,187 |
| 1942 | 630,081 | 2,375 | 1,731 | 4,024 | 23,255 | 23,529 | 124,744 | 377,306 | 73,117 |
| 1943 | 615,208 | 2,099 | 1,451 | 4,474 | 23,055 | 22,710 | 128,493 | 346,423 | 86,503 |
| 1944 | 632,762 | 2,226 | 1,451 | 4,713 | 22,636 | 26,275 | 134,144 | 350,515 | 90,802 |
| 1945 | 714,807 | 2,447 | 1,759 | 5,184 | 28,089 | 28,664 | 158,635 | 380,270 | 109,759 |
| 1946 | 758,906 | 2,724 | 1,773 | 5,376 | 31,749 | 31,004 | 173,569 | 411,232 | 101,479 |
| 1947 | 721,608 | 2,618 | 1,534 | 5,428 | 30,138 | 31,687 | 167,127 | 402,950 | 80,126 |
| 1948 | 720,020 | 2,607 | 1,513 | 5,161 | 28,539 | 31,747 | 166,982 | 410,269 | 73,202 |
| 1949 | 750,758 | 2,399 | 1,371 | 5,295 | 30,292 | 32,922 | 176,570 | 430,750 | 71,159 |
| 1950 | 753,309 | 2,446 | 1,626 | 5,172 | 26,559 | 33,133 | 174,056 | 433,695 | 76,622 |
| 1951 | 795,918 | 2,372 | 1,642 | 5,493 | 26,702 | 32,607 | 172,065 | 466,047 | 88,990 |
| 1952 | 825,277 | 2,555 | 1,789 | 5,526 | 29,239 | 36,973 | 183,987 | 468,450 | 96,758 |
| 1953 | 862,221 | 2,515 | 1,692 | 5,653 | 32,448 | 38,841 | 194,099 | 484,969 | 102,004 |
| 1954 | 896,259 | 2,433 | 1,671 | 5,560 | 34,961 | 38,807 | 209,564 | 506,318 | 96,945 |
| 1955 | 910,179 | 2,487 | 1,736 | 6,103 | 31,679 | 39,681 | 207,522 | 517,331 | 103,640 |

### *Rural Crime Trends*

Rural crime increased 1.8 percent in 1955. This is the first levelling off for crime in areas outside cities since 1943. For eleven years the rise has been unbroken with percentage increases ranging from 4.0 to 14.1. Since 1951, the annual increases have been above 8 percent.

Although rural crime increased 1.8 percent and urban crime decreased a slight 0.8 percent, trends for the two areas were similar in all individual crime classes except murder. Rural murders increased 3.1 percent (city murders declined 1.7 percent).

Other rural increases were: negligent manslaughter, 7.5 percent rape, 4.7 percent; larceny, 5.5 percent; and auto theft, 5.5 percent (Urban crimes increased in these classes also.)

Robbery decreased sharply, 12 percent, in rural areas with less marked decreases in burglary (2.7 percent) and aggravated assault (1.4 percent). (Urban crimes were down in the same classes.)

There was not too much change in the total number of crimes against the person and crimes with property as their object. When grouped, both reflect increases. Property crimes were up 1.9 percent while "personal" crimes were up 1 percent in the rural areas.

Table 28 shows the details of the 1954–55 rural crime trends. Reports from the same 1,586 law enforcement agencies were used for both years in making the comparison. These agencies represent a total rural population of 38,769,606 (1950 decennial census).

Here "rural" means areas outside the limits of cities (urban places—any incorporated place of 2,500 or more inhabitants). Such rural areas include "urbanized fringe" areas around cities. These fringe areas cannot be separately reported. They do not coincide with police jurisdictions and there are practical difficulties, including the defining of the boundaries of these growing communities.

TABLE 28.—RURAL CRIME TRENDS, 1954–55

[Based on reports of 1,429 sheriffs, 145 rural village officers, and 12 State police; total rural population 38,769,606, based on the 1950 decennial census]

| Offense | Number of offenses | | Percent change |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | |
| **TOTAL** | 271,517 | 276,374 | +1.8 |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 1,848 | 1,905 | +3.1 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 1,835 | 1,972 | +7.5 |
| Rape | 4,829 | 5,054 | +4.7 |
| Robbery | 7,567 | 6,656 | −12.0 |
| Aggravated assault | 14,141 | 13,948 | −1.4 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 93,330 | 90,805 | −2.7 |
| Larceny—theft | 124,109 | 130,875 | +5.5 |
| Auto theft | 23,855 | 25,159 | +5.5 |

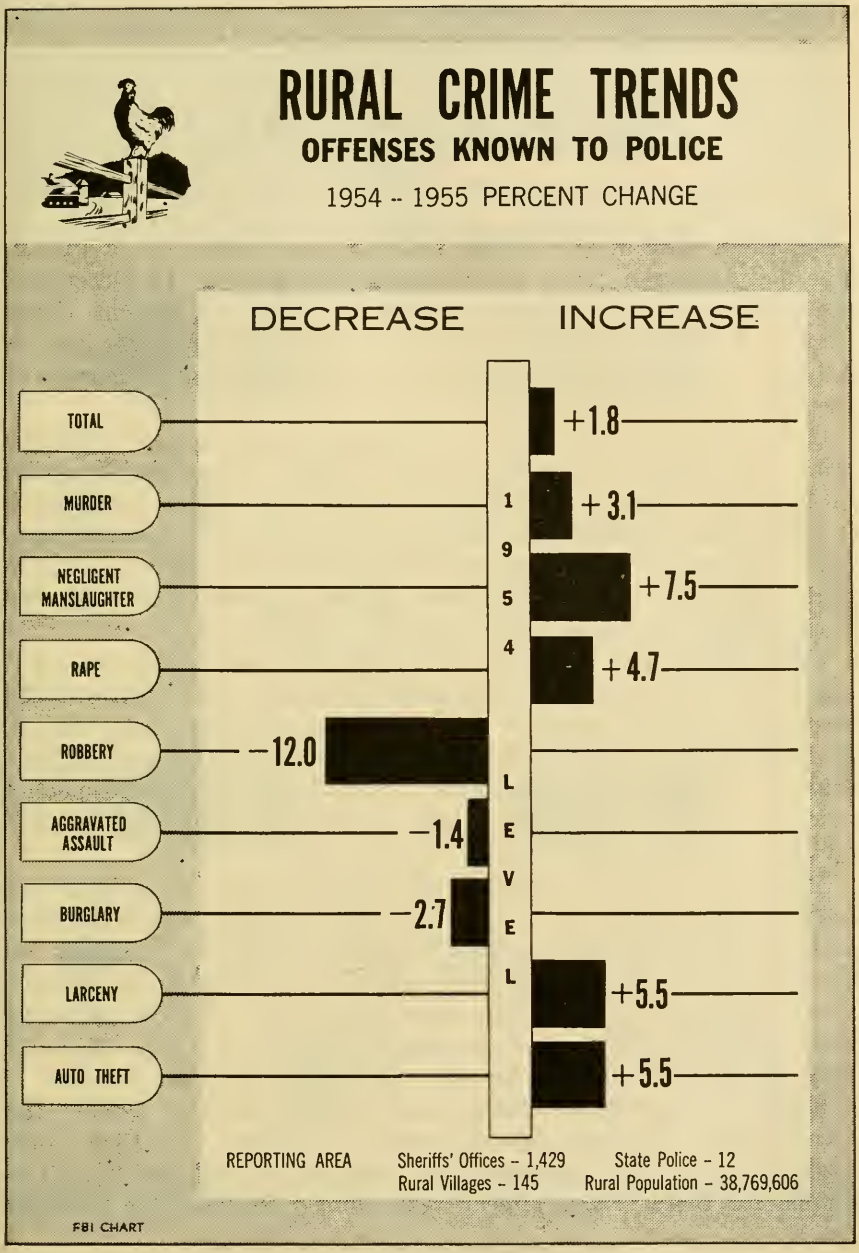

RURAL CRIME TRENDS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE
1954 -- 1955 PERCENT CHANGE
DECREASE
INCREASE
TOTAL
+1.8
MURDER
+3.1
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
+7.5
RAPE
+4.7
ROBBERY
−12.0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
−1.4
BURGLARY
−2.7
LARCENY
+5.5
AUTO THEFT
+5.5
1954 LEVEL
REPORTING AREA
Sheriffs' Offices - 1,429
Rural Villages - 145
State Police - 12
Rural Population - 38,769,606
FBI CHART

FIGURE 11.

*Monthly Variations*

People, not seasons, cause crimes. Different seasons, however, seem to motivate different crimes. Opportunity, social contacts, heat, cold and other factors have been pointed out as probables by students of the seasonal variations in criminal activity.

Even though certain seasonal variations can be graphically demonstrated, there is no average day in the year that is crime free. In 1955, there were 3,767 offenses daily in July in the cities studied. The daily average in all other months was higher. In December, the highest month, the daily average was only 16.6 percent above that for July, the low month. So, for every 100 crimes per day in July there were as many each day plus a few more in other months of the year.

One of the most marked seasonal variations is found in the major crime of negligent manslaughter, the killing of another by gross negligence. Criminal intent is not an element of this crime; rather it is the criminal carelessness of people that gives rise to such a crime. Most of these grow out of automobile "accidents" but only those deaths due to the gross negligence of some person other than the victim are classed under this crime.

Unlike the other crimes against the person (murder, rape, and aggravated assault), negligent manslaughter is at its low during the warm months of the year but rises to a tremendous peak in December. Hazardous traffic conditions, including increased darkness, confront drivers in the month of December. Such crimes might be expected to continue into January but there is always a sharp drop in that month from the December peak.

Murder (including nonnegligent manslaughter) is generally a warm-weather crime. The months of July, August, and September had the highest average number of offenses in 1955. The high for the year, however, did not occur during that quarter. December was the high month for murder for the year 1955. Similar upswings in recent years in the curve for murder occurred in 1950, 1951, and 1952, but only in 1951 was December the high month for the year.

Rape and aggravated assault, the other two crimes against the person, appear definitely as warm-weather crimes. In 1955, their high was in the third quarter (July, August, and September). The graphs for these crimes appear very similar to those for previous years.

Of the crimes against property, robbery and burglary present the most perfect picture of crimes which occur most frequently during the darker and colder months of the year, high during the first and last quarters, and low during the second and third quarters. Of the two remaining property crimes (auto theft and larceny), auto theft

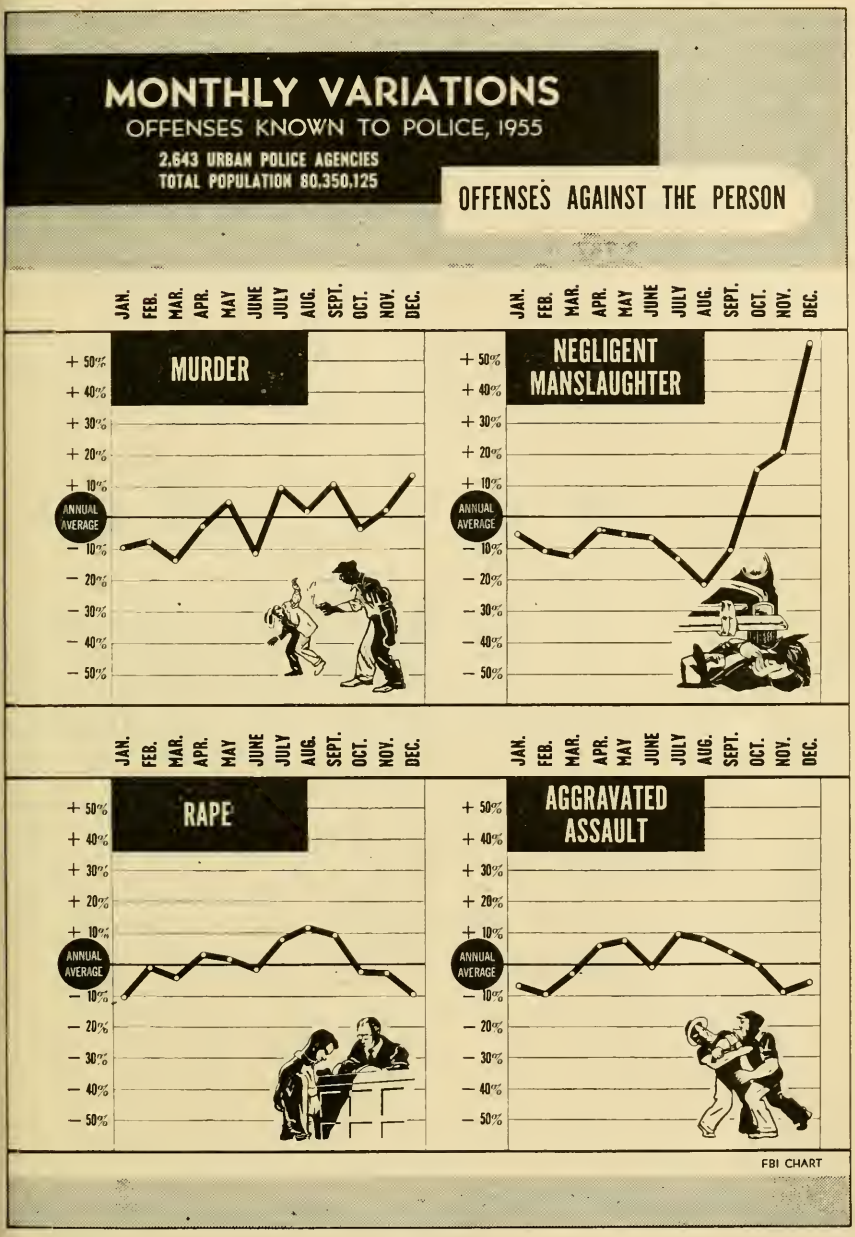

MONTHLY VARIATIONS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE, 1955
2,643 URBAN POLICE AGENCIES
TOTAL POPULATION 80,350,125
OFFENSES AGAINST THE PERSON
JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE JULY AUG. SEPT. OCT. NOV. DEC.
MURDER
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER
RAPE
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
+ 50%
+ 40%
+ 30%
+ 20%
+ 10%
ANNUAL AVERAGE
− 10%
− 20%
− 30%
− 40%
− 50%
FBI CHART

Figure 12.

shows a strong upsurge from September to the end of the year with December the high month. Auto theft, however, drops back to below average in January and reaches its low during June and July. The curve for auto theft is fairly consistent from year to year. Larceny reached its peak in the last quarter of 1955 although its low for the year was in January. It went above average in April and then dropped back until the start of the strong rise in the latter part of the year.

Table 29 and the accompanying graphs present details from 2,643 cities.

TABLE 29.—MONTHLY VARIATIONS, URBAN COMMUNITIES, 1955

[Daily average, offenses known to the police in 2,643 cities, total population 80,350,125, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Month | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **January–December** | **10.4** | **7.4** | **29.1** | **133.5** | **185.6** | **931.1** | **2,306.5** | **429.1** |
| January–March | 9.3 | 6.7 | 27.6 | 154.0 | 173.6 | 1,034.6 | 2,168.3 | 415.8 |
| April–June | 10.1 | 7.0 | 29.4 | 119.5 | 193.4 | 888.4 | 2,307.4 | 399.2 |
| July–September | 11.2 | 6.3 | 31.9 | 116.2 | 198.8 | 863.0 | 2,272.8 | 403.8 |
| October–December | 10.8 | 9.6 | 27.6 | 144.7 | 176.4 | 940.2 | 2,474.5 | 497.1 |
| January | 9.4 | 7.0 | 26.1 | 164.9 | 172.8 | 1,044.3 | 2,074.4 | 413.9 |
| February | 9.6 | 6.6 | 28.8 | 156.7 | 167.2 | 1,063.6 | 2,160.0 | 413.0 |
| March | 9.0 | 6.5 | 27.9 | 140.5 | 180.1 | 998.6 | 2,269.7 | 420.1 |
| April | 10.1 | 7.1 | 30.0 | 138.8 | 196.6 | 964.6 | 2,403.3 | 426.7 |
| May | 10.9 | 7.0 | 29.6 | 112.8 | 199.4 | 869.6 | 2,216.9 | 391.1 |
| June | 9.2 | 6.9 | 28.7 | 107.1 | 183.8 | 831.5 | 2,304.9 | 380.0 |
| July | 11.4 | 6.4 | 31.4 | 112.5 | 203.5 | 845.5 | 2,175.7 | 380.8 |
| August | 10.6 | 5.8 | 32.5 | 114.3 | 200.2 | 885.9 | 2,318.2 | 408.5 |
| September | 11.5 | 6.6 | 31.8 | 122.0 | 192.6 | 857.3 | 2,326.3 | 422.8 |
| October | 10.0 | 8.5 | 28.4 | 126.4 | 185.2 | 877.4 | 2,514.8 | 495.8 |
| November | 10.6 | 8.9 | 28.3 | 134.3 | 168.9 | 916.5 | 2,458.5 | 475.5 |
| December | 11.8 | 11.5 | 26.3 | 173.0 | 174.8 | 1,025.9 | 2,449.6 | 519.5 |

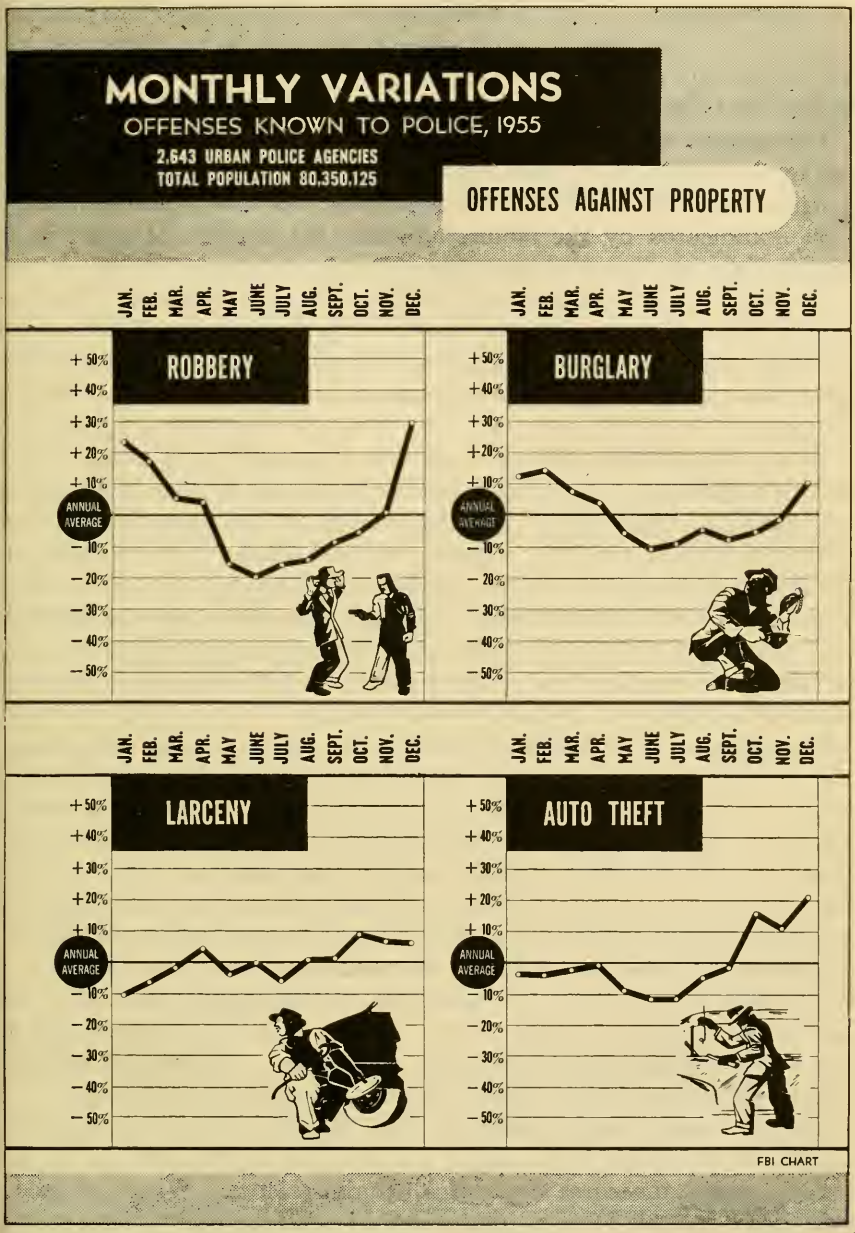

MONTHLY VARIATIONS
OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE, 1955
2,643 URBAN POLICE AGENCIES
TOTAL POPULATION 80,350,125
OFFENSES AGAINST PROPERTY
JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE JULY AUG. SEPT. OCT. NOV. DEC.
ROBBERY
BURGLARY
LARCENY
AUTO THEFT
+50% +40% +30% +20% +10%
ANNUAL AVERAGE
−10% −20% −30% −40% −50%
FBI CHART

FIGURE 13.

## CRIME RATES

### *Qualifying Factors In Interpretation And Use Of Rates*

**Explanation of Rates.**—A comparison of crime in two areas is of little value unless the differences in the makeup of the two areas can be eliminated for the study. The extent of the differences that may exist is indicated by the factors affecting the amount of crime in a community as discussed on page 97. A common practice is to consider only one factor, that of differences in population. There is danger in drawing conclusions based on only one factor of the many affecting differences in the incidence of crime. So, it is incumbent upon the user of any such comparative measures to use extreme caution.

By expressing the number of crimes in terms of the number per unit of population comparative figures of certain limited application are obtained. The unit of population used in the crime rate tables in this bulletin is 100,000. In other words, crime rates are ratios of the number of crimes to the population. For example: 55 crimes in a city of 25,000 equal a crime rate per 100,000 of 220 (55 divided by 25,000 equals 0.0022, the crimes per one person in the population—to furnish an easy to use figure multiply by 100,000 to get 220, the number of crimes per 100,000 population).

**Population.**—In converting raw figures to crime rates, the significance of the rates depends on the accuracy of the population figures used. True accuracy can be approached only once each ten years when the decennial census is taken. Even then the accuracy is only approximate. Current estimates of the population are made by the Bureau of the Census. These, however, cannot be utilized here because the estimates do not include a breakdown of urban population (for preparing urban crime rates) or of rural population (for preparing rural crime rates). Further, estimates of the current population of individual cities and other areas are not available for converting crime figures from reporting areas to crime rates. The latest decennial population figures for the individual areas are necessarily used.

**Use of rates.**—Rates based on the latest decennial population figures are presented as a matter of convenience primarily for use in certain rough measures by police administrators. Where desired, rates using reliable local estimates can be constructed by using crime data for an individual city as set forth in the listing by individual cities of over 25,000 population in another section of this publication. Also, the summary rates as published here can be adjusted as desired.

**Effect of Population Changes on Crime Rates.**—From the census of April 1, 1950, to July 1, 1955, the population of this country increased 9.0 percent. For the individual states, the percentage changes range from minus 6.3 to plus 40.6. (U. S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Population Estimates, Series P–25, Number 129, Provisional Estimates of the Population of States, July 1, 1955, dated January 20, 1956. For sale by the Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C. Price 10 cents.)

The range in the percentage changes since 1950 in smaller areas, such as cities, would undoubtedly reflect a much wider spread than that noted in the estimates for states.

For adjusting the accompanying rate tables, where desired, the following example may be of assistance. The population of Nevada increased from 160,083 in 1950 to an estimated 225,000 as of July 1, 1955, or 40.6 percent (source identified above). For the example, it is assumed that the population of the cities represented in the urban rates for Nevada had an increase of 40.6 percent, the same as the increase for the entire State (urban and rural). The population has increased so the rates based on the 1950 population are overstated. The rates are in terms of crimes per 100,000 population. To determine the adjusted rate apply the assumed percentage increase of population to 100,000. One hundred thousand increased by 40.6 percent is 140,600. Thus, the rates based on the 1950 population are actually the number of crimes per 140,600 inhabitants. So, reduce the published rates by the percentage that 100,000 is under 140,600 or 28.9 percent (to adjust, multiply the published rates by 71.1 which is 100 minus 28.9). This method is about as accurate as when the percentage change is applied directly to the population figures and the rates recalculated from the raw crime figures.

If the assumed change in the Nevada cities is applicable, the murder rate for Nevada in 1955, for example, was 14.4 instead of 20.2 as found by using the 1950 population figures.

### *Urban Crime Rates*

Crime rates presented in tables 30–32 are based on the reports of 2,643 cities with a total population of 80,350,125 (as of 1950). The representation by city groups and geographic distribution is shown in table 33.

Urban crime rates are based on the 1950 decennial census and are subject to the observations set forth above.

## TABLE 30.—URBAN CRIME RATES, 1955, BY POPULATION GROUPS

[Offenses known to the police and rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Population figures based on 1950 decennial census]

| Population group | Criminal homicide | | Rape | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Manslaughter by negligence | | | | | | |
| **TOTAL, GROUPS I–VI** | | | | | | | | |
| **2,643 cities; total population, 80,350,125:** | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of offenses known** | **3,780** | **2,702** | **10,634** | **48,732** | **67,736** | **339,846** | **841,864** | **156,631** |
| **Rate per 100,000** | **4.7** | **3.4** | **13.2** | **60.6** | **84.3** | **423.0** | **1,047.7** | **194.9** |
| GROUP I | | | | | | | | |
| 40 cities over 250,000; total population, 34,465,364: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 2,147 | 1,472 | 7,066 | 35,865 | 43,066 | 175,876 | 368,392 | 90,215 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 20.5 | 104.1 | 125.0 | 510.3 | 1,068.9 | 261.8 |
| GROUP II | | | | | | | | |
| 64 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 9,432,863: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 552 | 400 | 1,014 | 4,936 | 8,238 | 47,909 | 114,199 | 21,024 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 5.9 | 4.2 | 10.7 | 52.3 | 87.3 | 507.9 | 1,210.7 | 222.9 |
| GROUP III | | | | | | | | |
| 128 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 9,052,062: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 349 | 279 | 720 | 2,797 | 6,369 | 34,177 | 101,483 | 15,026 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 8.0 | 30.9 | 70.4 | 377.6 | 1,121.1 | 166.0 |
| GROUP IV | | | | | | | | |
| 255 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 8,977,456: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 292 | 304 | 629 | 2,147 | 4,135 | 31,039 | 100,616 | 12,406 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 7.0 | 23.9 | 46.1 | 345.7 | 1,120.8 | 138.2 |
| GROUP V | | | | | | | | |
| 680 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 10,470,202: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 253 | 144 | 676 | 1,876 | 3,721 | 31,402 | 191,068 | 11,406 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 17.9 | 35.5 | 299.9 | 965.3 | 108.9 |
| GROUP VI | | | | | | | | |
| 1,476 cities under 10,000; total population, 7,952,178: | | | | | | | | |
| Number of offenses known | 187 | 103 | 529 | 1,111 | 2,207 | 19,443 | 56,106 | 6,554 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 6.7 | 14.0 | 27.8 | 244.5 | 705.5 | 82.4 |

## TABLE 31.—URBAN CRIME RATES, 1955, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES

[Offenses known per 100,000 inhabitants. Population based on 1950 decennial census]

| Division and State | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **TOTAL** | **4.7** | **60.6** | **84.3** | **423.0** | **1,047.7** | **194.9** |
| **New England** | **1.2** | **18.7** | **18.0** | **280.5** | **660.7** | **139.3** |
| Connecticut | 1.2 | 18.0 | 32.4 | 292.4 | 603.2 | 132.0 |
| Maine | 1.8 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 243.8 | 652.7 | 98.6 |
| Massachusetts | 1.2 | 21.4 | 14.4 | 276.7 | 654.1 | 158.5 |
| New Hampshire | .7 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 146.9 | 538.3 | 52.1 |
| Rhode Island | 1.4 | 15.6 | 23.1 | 376.4 | 900.3 | 111.7 |
| Vermont | ---------- | 7.2 | .9 | 146.6 | 472.2 | 59.4 |
| **Middle Atlantic** | **3.0** | **55.9** | **70.2** | **372.7** | **705.3** | **145.0** |
| New Jersey | 2.1 | 32.8 | 49.2 | 366.9 | 671.3 | 149.4 |
| New York | 3.1 | 65.3 | 80.2 | 401.8 | 789.2 | 144.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 3.2 | 51.1 | 63.1 | 318.7 | 560.3 | 142.7 |
| **East North Central** | **4.4** | **77.1** | **69.9** | **338.6** | **987.6** | **165.1** |
| Illinois | 5.7 | 124.1 | 77.8 | 335.3 | 619.4 | 123.3 |
| Indiana | 4.4 | 37.1 | 36.8 | 431.0 | 1,077.7 | 221.9 |
| Michigan | 4.6 | 90.9 | 134.8 | 427.8 | 1,479.7 | 270.6 |
| Ohio | 3.7 | 51.2 | 41.6 | 297.6 | 1,015.4 | 133.3 |
| Wisconsin | 1.2 | 8.1 | 16.9 | 167.0 | 952.7 | 99.5 |
| **West North Central** | **3.4** | **49.2** | **53.6** | **357.4** | **1,060.2** | **179.0** |
| Iowa | 1.1 | 12.4 | 9.7 | 227.9 | 912.3 | 81.6 |
| Kansas | 2.8 | 35.3 | 59.5 | 407.9 | 1,225.8 | 131.7 |
| Minnesota | 1.1 | 34.5 | 9.9 | 348.9 | 954.9 | 152.4 |
| Missouri | 7.2 | 100.7 | 123.3 | 467.4 | 1,158.7 | 298.1 |
| Nebraska | 2.0 | 22.9 | 30.0 | 258.5 | 1,038.2 | 147.8 |
| North Dakota | 1.8 | 9.1 | 4.2 | 228.1 | 1,209.2 | 102.5 |
| South Dakota | 2.2 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 170.2 | 904.3 | 61.9 |
| **South Atlantic**[1] | **9.4** | **59.7** | **206.6** | **528.5** | **1,197.2** | **246.1** |
| Delaware | 3.9 | 48.8 | 28.3 | 547.4 | 1,399.1 | 198.2 |
| Florida | 12.3 | 77.0 | 103.6 | 881.7 | 1,659.1 | 234.3 |
| Georgia | 13.6 | 36.6 | 193.3 | 462.4 | 989.2 | 208.3 |
| Maryland | 7.6 | 80.6 | 191.8 | 459.4 | 1,088.1 | 461.5 |
| North Carolina | 9.9 | 25.8 | 306.2 | 346.8 | 919.1 | 151.7 |
| South Carolina | 10.0 | 31.5 | 109.8 | 488.7 | 1,157.8 | 170.3 |
| Virginia | 8.4 | 66.0 | 239.3 | 548.7 | 1,506.0 | 272.8 |
| West Virginia | 2.6 | 28.1 | 43.2 | 274.7 | 519.8 | 100.9 |
| **East South Central** | **12.1** | **51.2** | **120.3** | **487.9** | **805.1** | **239.5** |
| Alabama | 17.1 | 41.6 | 155.4 | 511.0 | 810.2 | 161.2 |
| Kentucky | 9.4 | 96.1 | 143.5 | 600.4 | 1,157.8 | 441.5 |
| Mississippi | 9.4 | 14.2 | 53.0 | 324.5 | 618.8 | 103.3 |
| Tennessee | 10.8 | 41.3 | 100.9 | 452.2 | 618.7 | 212.6 |
| **West South Central** | **8.9** | **44.0** | **103.4** | **535.5** | **1,314.4** | **240.0** |
| Arkansas | 7.4 | 39.9 | 90.7 | 338.7 | 715.8 | 93.5 |
| Louisiana | 8.6 | 66.4 | 98.3 | 369.1 | 919.2 | 332.2 |
| Oklahoma | 5.2 | 33.0 | 55.8 | 497.8 | 1,295.2 | 194.0 |
| Texas | 9.9 | 41.3 | 117.2 | 606.3 | 1,479.3 | 242.6 |
| **Mountain** | **4.3** | **60.7** | **48.6** | **578.5** | **1,383.4** | **288.8** |
| Arizona | 6.7 | 91.5 | 158.3 | 955.2 | 3,304.8 | 538.3 |
| Colorado | 4.1 | 96.1 | 42.9 | 653.1 | 1,728.8 | 309.0 |
| Idaho | 3.0 | 6.9 | 11.4 | 324.8 | 1,880.8 | 148.0 |
| Montana | 2.8 | 22.7 | 29.0 | 365.6 | 1,708.8 | 170.9 |
| Nevada | 20.2 | 147.9 | 56.0 | 1,049.0 | 2,813.1 | 430.4 |
| New Mexico | 4.5 | 44.9 | 54.3 | 650.6 | 1,695.3 | 346.3 |
| Utah | 2.4 | 28.1 | 20.0 | 411.4 | 1,445.0 | 204.6 |
| Wyoming | 3.8 | 28.6 | 19.6 | 284.2 | 1,512.2 | 149.3 |
| **Pacific** | **3.5** | **93.7** | **95.4** | **661.1** | **1,903.8** | **324.8** |
| California | 3.7 | 105.7 | 109.8 | 714.2 | 1,959.1 | 358.5 |
| Oregon | 3.1 | 39.9 | 29.6 | 412.5 | 1,521.8 | 130.8 |
| Washington | 2.1 | 29.6 | 18.8 | 386.0 | 1,737.3 | 185.8 |

[1] Includes the report of the District of Columbia.

## TABLE 32.—URBAN CRIME RATES, 1955, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND POPULATION GROUPS

[Offenses known per 100,000 inhabitants. Population based on 1950 decennial census]

| Division and group | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **TOTAL** | 4.7 | 60.6 | 84.3 | 423.0 | 1,047.7 | 194.9 |
| **New England** | 1.2 | 18.7 | 18.0 | 280.5 | 660.7 | 139.3 |
| Group I | 3.1 | 57.1 | 35.7 | 340.0 | 834.5 | 363.6 |
| Group II | 1.6 | 22.5 | 32.9 | 357.5 | 722.9 | 167.7 |
| Group III | .9 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 261.0 | 717.4 | 117.0 |
| Group IV | .9 | 8.9 | 7.6 | 234.5 | 591.9 | 77.3 |
| Group V | .4 | 7.5 | 4.0 | 231.9 | 528.2 | 61.4 |
| Group VI | .2 | 2.7 | 5.7 | 181.5 | 440.5 | 50.1 |
| **Middle Atlantic** | 3.0 | 55.9 | 70.2 | 372.7 | 705.3 | 145.0 |
| Group I | 4.2 | 86.2 | 105.4 | 475.0 | 794.2 | 183.4 |
| Group II | 1.5 | 19.8 | 32.9 | 301 3 | 624.4 | 138.1 |
| Group III | 1.9 | 20.0 | 36.4 | 287.9 | 622.3 | 115.2 |
| Group IV | 1.5 | 12.5 | 19.3 | 231.1 | 664.9 | 88.0 |
| Group V | .8 | 11.0 | 13.2 | 192.3 | 552.4 | 72.6 |
| Group VI | 1.0 | 9.2 | 11.4 | 166.1 | 468.4 | 57.0 |
| **East North Central** | 4.4 | 77.1 | 69.9 | 338.6 | 987.6 | 165.1 |
| Group I | 6.8 | 133.1 | 111.4 | 380.3 | 959.4 | 200.1 |
| Group II | 5.4 | 56.6 | 92.0 | 441.7 | 1,246.9 | 198.2 |
| Group III | 1.9 | 26.6 | 43.5 | 313.8 | 1,116.8 | 168.6 |
| Group IV | 1.1 | 26.1 | 20.2 | 283.5 | 1,094.6 | 131.8 |
| Group V | 2.0 | 20.4 | 15.4 | 286.3 | 1,033.7 | 114.0 |
| Group VI | 1.3 | 12.7 | 9.7 | 217.4 | 603.6 | 71.9 |
| **West North Central** | 3.4 | 49.2 | 53.6 | 357.4 | 1,060.2 | 179.0 |
| Group I | 6.3 | 104.1 | 109.2 | 513.8 | 1,251.8 | 320.0 |
| Group II | 3.4 | 46.2 | 70.0 | 484.9 | 1,388.1 | 193.7 |
| Group III | 2.5 | 16.5 | 28.3 | 307.9 | 1,187.4 | 100.2 |
| Group IV | 1.3 | 11.5 | 8.1 | 194.2 | 1,070.7 | 86.9 |
| Group V | .8 | 11.1 | 9.2 | 226.2 | 849.1 | 74.9 |
| Group VI | 1.3 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 191.8 | 557.1 | 61.1 |
| **South Atlantic** [1] | 9.4 | 59.7 | 206.6 | 528.5 | 1,197.2 | 246.1 |
| Group I | 9.5 | 85.5 | 291.3 | 485.4 | 1,125.3 | 366.9 |
| Group II | 11.2 | 101.7 | 201.7 | 805.6 | 1,647.2 | 331.3 |
| Group III | 10.2 | 38.9 | 176.4 | 462.7 | 1,110.7 | 177.3 |
| Group IV | 9.3 | 37.4 | 166.3 | 566.9 | 1,395.9 | 188.1 |
| Group V | 6.7 | 18.6 | 166.7 | 416.3 | 951.3 | 117.1 |
| Group VI | 7.3 | 24.8 | 132.0 | 338.8 | 767.8 | 104.4 |
| **East South Central** | 12.1 | 51.2 | 120.3 | 487.9 | 805.1 | 239.5 |
| Group I | 11.5 | 81.7 | 154.4 | 620.3 | 1,028.3 | 356.0 |
| Group II | 19.2 | 64.6 | 99.5 | 567.9 | 771.6 | 290.4 |
| Group III | 10.2 | 39.8 | 155.1 | 515.0 | 966.1 | 196.0 |
| Group IV | 10.1 | 19.2 | 142.5 | 368.4 | 771.8 | 138.2 |
| Group V | 10.6 | 23.8 | 77.2 | 346.4 | 570.9 | 134.6 |
| Group VI | 5.8 | 13.4 | 43.1 | 223.5 | 352.1 | 68.5 |
| **West South Central** | 8.9 | 44.0 | 103.4 | 535.5 | 1,314.4 | 240.0 |
| Group I | 13.4 | 68.8 | 117.2 | 714.0 | 1,482.8 | 379.6 |
| Group II | 6.7 | 49.4 | 121.9 | 657.8 | 1,674.7 | 246.4 |
| Group III | 6.8 | 37.2 | 164.9 | 509.8 | 1,697.8 | 191.8 |
| Group IV | 8.9 | 25.7 | 90.8 | 445.1 | 1,254.9 | 158.3 |
| Group V | 4.5 | 12.4 | 55.9 | 228.8 | 779.2 | 74.1 |
| Group VI | 3.9 | 10.0 | 38.8 | 215.5 | 534.9 | 65.9 |
| **Mountain** | 4.3 | 60.7 | 48.6 | 578.5 | 1,883.4 | 288.8 |
| Group I | 5.1 | 152.0 | 64.0 | 859.8 | 1,763.2 | 414.2 |
| Group II | 5.9 | 65.8 | 113.5 | 777.0 | 2,396.0 | 409.4 |
| Group III | 4.6 | 58.4 | 41.8 | 596.0 | 2,061.0 | 401.2 |
| Group IV | 4.9 | 40.9 | 37.3 | 566.0 | 2,316.5 | 293.0 |
| Group V | 2.1 | 19.2 | 20.8 | 364.4 | 1,783.0 | 158.0 |
| Group VI | 3.7 | 28.8 | 30.6 | 391.2 | 1,352.6 | 160.0 |
| **Pacific** | 3.5 | 93.7 | 95.4 | 661.1 | 1,903.8 | 324.8 |
| Group I | 4.5 | 134.3 | 153.9 | 765.4 | 1,750.1 | 414.7 |
| Group II | 3.5 | 77.9 | 28.4 | 480.7 | 1,843.1 | 220.0 |
| Group III | 2.8 | 72.7 | 50.2 | 600.0 | 2,099.8 | 280.5 |
| Group IV | 2.8 | 52.7 | 44.1 | 618.2 | 2,275.0 | 254.8 |
| Group V | 2.0 | 43.8 | 35.9 | 583.9 | 2,132.6 | 239.4 |
| Group VI | 1.6 | 26.4 | 27.9 | 466.8 | 1,801.0 | 171.3 |

[1] Includes the report of the District of Columbia.

TABLE 33.—NUMBER OF CITIES IN EACH POPULATION GROUP, GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION, AND STATE REPRESENTED IN THE URBAN CRIME RATE TABULATIONS (TABLES 30–32)

| Division and State | Total | Population group | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Over 250,000 | 100,000 to 250,000 | 50,000 to 100,000 | 25,000 to 50,000 | 10,000 to 25,000 | Less than 10,000 |
| **TOTAL:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 80,350,125 | 2,843 | 40 | 64 | 128 | 255 | 880 | 1,476 |
| **New England:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 6,507,206 | 190 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 36 | 86 | 58 |
| Connecticut | 29 | | 4 | 2 | 12 | 4 | 7 |
| Maine | 20 | | | 1 | 2 | 7 | 10 |
| Massachusetts | 99 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 43 | 22 |
| New Hampshire | 16 | | | 1 | 2 | 5 | 8 |
| Rhode Island | 16 | | 1 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Vermont | 10 | | | | 1 | 2 | 7 |
| **Middle Atlantic:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 21,212,988 | 556 | 7 | 12 | 24 | 47 | 142 | 324 |
| New Jersey | 160 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 17 | 43 | 86 |
| New York | 175 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 16 | 43 | 103 |
| Pennsylvania | 221 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 56 | 135 |
| **East North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 18,832,980 | 618 | 9 | 10 | 30 | 63 | 147 | 359 |
| Illinois | 169 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 13 | 41 | 104 |
| Indiana | 78 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 17 | 43 |
| Michigan | 116 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 33 | 64 |
| Ohio | 172 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 20 | 41 | 97 |
| Wisconsin | 83 | 1 | | 4 | 12 | 15 | 51 |
| **West North Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 6,408,362 | 308 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 19 | 77 | 194 |
| Iowa | 89 | | 1 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 47 |
| Kansas | 56 | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 31 |
| Minnesota | 72 | 2 | 1 | | 3 | 16 | 50 |
| Missouri | 55 | 2 | | 2 | 4 | 17 | 30 |
| Nebraska | 28 | 1 | | 1 | | 7 | 19 |
| North Dakota | 13 | | | | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| South Dakota | 15 | | | 1 | 1 | 4 | 9 |
| **South Atlantic:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 7,795,781 | 263 | 3 | 8 | 20 | 28 | 62 | 142 |
| Delaware | 4 | | 1 | | | | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| Florida | 54 | | 3 | 2 | 9 | 9 | 31 |
| Georgia | 32 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 16 |
| Maryland | 20 | 1 | | | 2 | 7 | 10 |
| North Carolina | 59 | | | 5 | 5 | 18 | 31 |
| South Carolina | 28 | | | 3 | 1 | 6 | 18 |
| Virginia | 44 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 23 |
| West Virginia | 21 | | | 3 | 3 | 5 | 10 |
| **East South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 3,242,782 | 114 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 15 | 24 | 63 |
| Alabama | 28 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 15 |
| Kentucky | 35 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 6 | 23 |
| Mississippi | 22 | | | 1 | 6 | 6 | 9 |
| Tennessee | 29 | 1 | 3 | | 3 | 6 | 16 |
| **West South Central:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 5,931,235 | 193 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 13 | 56 | 103 |
| Arkansas | 27 | | 1 | | 3 | 4 | 19 |
| Louisiana | 20 | 1 | 1 | | 3 | 5 | 10 |
| Oklahoma | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | 15 | 18 |
| Texas | 108 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 4 | 32 | 56 |
| **Mountain:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 2,163,663 | 138 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 25 | 96 |
| Arizona | 17 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 14 |
| Colorado | 29 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 7 | 19 |
| Idaho | 22 | | | | 2 | 6 | 14 |
| Montana | 16 | | | | 2 | 4 | 10 |
| Nevada | 4 | | | | 1 | | 3 |
| New Mexico | 15 | | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Utah | 20 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 16 |
| Wyoming | 15 | | | | 1 | 4 | 10 |
| **Pacific:** | | | | | | | |
| Population, 8,255,128 | 263 | 6 | 5 | 11 | 23 | 81 | 137 |
| California | 189 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 16 | 63 | 91 |
| Oregon | 37 | 1 | | | 2 | 8 | 26 |
| Washington | 37 | | 2 | | 5 | 10 | 20 |

### *Rural Crime Rates*

Crimes per 100,000 population for rural areas are shown in table 34. The rates are based on the 1950 decennial census figures in the absence of current population estimates for individual rural areas.

The extent of the possible effect of population changes in the rural areas of the United States since 1950 on rural crime rates prepared by using 1950 figures is indicated by the discussion of rates on page 91.

No attempt is made to present rural data by States or geographic divisions because the coverage in rural areas is not as broad as that for urban places. Reports received from rural areas may in some instances be limited to arrest information rather than offenses-known information. This is particularly true in those offense classes where the smallest percentage of arrests is made. When it is obvious that rural reports are incorrectly prepared, they are excluded from published figures.

The data presented in table 34 represent a rural population of 41,889,165 (1950 census figures).

TABLE 34.—RURAL CRIME RATES, 1955

[Offenses known and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, as reported by 1,577 sheriffs, 161 rural village officers, and 13 State police; total rural population 41,889,165, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense | Offenses known | |
|---|---|---|
| | Number | Rate |
| Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 2,075 | 5.0 |
| Manslaughter by negligence | 2,324 | 5.5 |
| Rape | 5,528 | 13.2 |
| Robbery | 7,308 | 17.4 |
| Aggravated assault | 15,296 | 36.5 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 96,485 | 230.3 |
| Larceny—theft | 137,660 | 328.6 |
| Auto theft | 26,307 | 62.8 |

## OFFENSES IN INDIVIDUAL AREAS

### *Offenses in Individual Cities With More Than 25,000 Inhabitants*

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the period of January–December 1955, is shown in table 35. The compilation includes the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 25,000 inhabitants. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in tables 30, 31, and 32 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

Caution should be exercised in comparing crime data for individual cities because the differences in the figures may be due to a variety of factors. Such comparisons are not necessarily significant even though the figures for individual communities are converted into terms of the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants.

The following is a list of some of the factors which affect the amount of crime in the community:

Population of the city and metropolitan area adjacent thereto.

The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race.

The economic status and activities of the population.

Climate.

Educational, recreational, and religious facilities.

The number of police employees per unit of population.

The standards governing appointments to the police force.

The policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

The attitude of the public toward law-enforcement problems.

The degree of efficiency of the local law-enforcement agency.

The figures presented in the following tabulation are those reported by the individual police departments in the cities represented without reducing the data to crime rates (number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants).

In considering the volume of crime committed locally, it is generally more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases rather than to ascertain whether they exceed or fall short of those for some other individual community, and it should be remembered that the amount of crime committed in a community is not solely chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community.

In publishing these figures the FBI acts as a service agency. The figures published are those submitted by the contributing agencies.

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Abilene, Tex | 3 | 5 | 62 | 132 | 84 | 680 | 31 |
| Abington, Pa | | 2 | 6 | 120 | 80 | 92 | 16 |
| Akron, Ohio | 5 | 262 | 264 | 1,165 | 582 | 2,980 | 886 |
| Alameda, Calif | 1 | 11 | 4 | 90 | 52 | 590 | 50 |
| Albany, Ga | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| Albany, N. Y | 3 | 23 | 33 | 267 | 91 | 390 | 214 |
| Albuquerque, N. Mex | 1 | 65 | 45 | 727 | 391 | 1,536 | 459 |
| Alexandria, La | 7 | 10 | 102 | 198 | 48 | 388 | 75 |
| Alexandria, Va | 6 | 34 | 188 | 434 | 214 | 1,066 | 176 |
| Alhambra, Calif | 1 | 17 | 14 | 233 | 198 | 616 | 68 |
| Aliquippa, Pa | | 10 | 27 | 39 | 42 | 112 | 8 |
| Allentown, Pa | | 11 | 9 | 226 | 229 | 596 | 74 |
| Alliance, Ohio | | 11 | 1 | 92 | 23 | 201 | 45 |
| Altou, Ill | 4 | 5 | 5 | 112 | 38 | 444 | 48 |
| Altoona, Pa | | 3 | 2 | 99 | 33 | 87 | 45 |
| Amarillo, Tex | 4 | 36 | 83 | 442 | 365 | 1,661 | 247 |
| Amsterdam, N. Y | | 1 | | 17 | 26 | 64 | 8 |
| Anderson, Ind | | 9 | 17 | 128 | 49 | 471 | 63 |
| Ann Arbor, Mich | | 4 | 15 | 111 | 169 | 436 | 26 |
| Anniston, Ala | 7 | 15 | 135 | 162 | 84 | 307 | 34 |
| Appleton, Wis | | 1 | 2 | 78 | 17 | 450 | 31 |
| Arlington, Mass | | 3 | | 85 | 35 | 72 | 11 |
| Arlington, Va | 2 | 26 | 77 | 383 | 333 | 1,166 | 149 |
| Asheville, N. C | 5 | 20 | 64 | 142 | 203 | 407 | 135 |
| Ashland, Ky | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| Athens, Ga | 1 | | 61 | 45 | 26 | 77 | 28 |
| Atlanta, Ga | 79 | 180 | 765 | 2,318 | 1,323 | 4,281 | 1,207 |
| Atlantic City, N. J | 4 | 28 | 110 | 543 | 399 | 429 | 134 |
| Auburn, N. Y | | | 1 | 23 | 25 | 92 | 20 |
| Augusta, Ga | 3 | 14 | 224 | 209 | 87 | 212 | 94 |
| Aurora, Ill | 1 | 12 | 20 | 106 | 90 | 335 | 65 |
| Austin, Tex | 9 | 25 | 318 | 642 | 224 | 2,220 | 193 |
| Bakersfield, Calif | 1 | 39 | 17 | 367 | 302 | 1,012 | 140 |
| Baltimore, Md | 76 | 903 | 2,153 | 4,630 | 3,486 | 7,093 | 5,082 |
| Bangor, Maine | 1 | 2 | 3 | 80 | 42 | 190 | 31 |
| Barberton, Ohio | | 6 | 10 | 76 | 22 | 254 | 58 |
| Baton Rouge, La | 7 | 35 | 95 | 559 | 353 | 839 | 161 |
| Battle Creek, Mich | 2 | 9 | 24 | 194 | 66 | 493 | 39 |
| Bay City, Mich | | 5 | 5 | 190 | 50 | 572 | 184 |
| Bayonne, N. J | | 6 | 22 | 135 | 160 | 345 | 102 |
| Beaumont, Tex | 6 | 29 | 323 | 430 | 229 | 1,184 | 109 |
| Belleville, Ill | | 1 | | 79 | 64 | 146 | 38 |
| Belleville, N. J | | 4 | 5 | 67 | 22 | 68 | 22 |
| Bellingham, Wash | | 2 | 1 | 77 | 111 | 138 | 31 |
| Belmont, Mass | | 3 | | 73 | 38 | 99 | 9 |
| Beloit, Wis | | 1 | 2 | 67 | 37 | 261 | 25 |
| Berkeley, Calif | 3 | 90 | 42 | 555 | 135 | 1,324 | 138 |
| Berwyn, Ill | | 18 | 1 | 159 | 72 | 134 | 54 |
| Bessemer, Ala | 5 | 5 | 159 | 145 | 28 | 161 | 57 |
| Bethlehem, Pa | | 10 | 2 | 117 | 122 | 271 | 23 |
| Beverly, Mass | | 3 | | 29 | 32 | 117 | 9 |
| Beverly Hills, Calif | 1 | 7 | | 75 | 74 | 68 | 33 |
| Billings, Mont | 1 | 7 | 25 | 185 | 219 | 804 | 120 |
| Biloxi, Miss | 3 | 9 | | 116 | 69 | 246 | 87 |
| Binghamton, N. Y | 1 | 2 | 1 | 174 | 98 | 468 | 60 |
| Birmingham, Ala | 61 | 184 | 510 | 2,051 | 999 | 2,443 | 656 |
| Bloomfield, N. J | | 2 | 1 | 58 | 32 | 112 | 32 |
| Bloomington, Ill | | 16 | | 139 | 85 | 313 | 147 |
| Bloomington, Ind | | 7 | 1 | 139 | 80 | 328 | 30 |
| Boise, Idaho | 1 | 2 | 5 | 137 | 122 | 700 | 91 |
| Boston, Mass | 25 | 458 | 286 | 2,725 | 2,143 | 4,545 | 2,914 |
| Bremerton, Wash | 2 | 3 | | 82 | 68 | 483 | 40 |
| Bridgeport, Conn | 6 | 39 | 86 | 335 | 321 | 663 | 300 |
| Bristol, Conn | | 1 | 2 | 58 | 40 | 97 | 22 |
| Brockton, Mass | 1 | 9 | 7 | 322 | 117 | 439 | 150 |

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Brookline, Mass | 1 | 8 | --- | 157 | 56 | 197 | 102 |
| Brownsville, Tex | --- | 6 | 13 | 208 | 98 | 467 | 91 |
| Buffalo, N. Y | 17 | 152 | 221 | 1,199 | 413 | 1,452 | 1,404 |
| Burbank, Calif | 1 | 38 | 17 | 289 | 213 | 834 | 201 |
| Burlington, Iowa | --- | --- | --- | 38 | 15 | 237 | 7 |
| Burlington, Vt | --- | 2 | --- | 64 | 50 | 249 | 44 |
| Butte, Mont | --- | 53 | 60 | 128 | 145 | 388 | 136 |
| Cambridge, Mass | 1 | 37 | 13 | 199 | 253 | 258 | 201 |
| Camden, N. J | 2 | 63 | 88 | 664 | 155 | 255 | 343 |
| Canton, Ohio | 2 | 57 | 13 | 367 | 218 | 801 | 170 |
| Cedar Rapids, Iowa | 1 | 7 | 2 | 143 | 152 | 837 | 80 |
| Champaign, Ill | 1 | 16 | 11 | 87 | 101 | 307 | 44 |
| Charleston, S. C | 16 | 84 | 77 | 597 | 296 | 1,165 | 194 |
| Charleston, W. Va | 3 | 42 | 79 | 220 | (1) | 521 | 102 |
| Charlotte, N. C | 15 | 56 | 597 | 1,012 | 402 | 1,709 | 229 |
| Charlottesville, Va | 2 | 2 | 32 | 59 | 47 | 158 | 26 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn | 26 | 88 | 145 | 757 | 106 | 343 | 261 |
| Chelsea, Mass | 2 | 19 | 3 | 94 | 65 | 129 | 64 |
| Chester, Pa | 4 | 46 | 86 | 194 | 140 | 255 | 161 |
| Cheyenne, Wyo | --- | 6 | 4 | 91 | 75 | 774 | 54 |
| Chicago, Ill | 292 | 6,725 | 4,053 | 13,236 | 9,013 | 8,779 | 4,453 |
| Chicopee, Mass | --- | 8 | 7 | 40 | 70 | 207 | 19 |
| Cicero, Ill | --- | 69 | 58 | 251 | 150 | 258 | 110 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | 33 | 220 | 380 | 1,260 | 1,079 | 3,030 | 897 |
| Clarksburg, W. Va | 2 | 20 | --- | 97 | 24 | 30 | 45 |
| Cleveland, Ohio | 63 | 802 | 305 | 1,759 | 1,145 | 11,182 | 1,100 |
| Cleveland Heights, Ohio | --- | 9 | --- | 111 | 28 | 241 | 25 |
| Clifton, N. J | 3 | 10 | 8 | 145 | 64 | 287 | 53 |
| Clinton, Iowa | --- | 1 | 1 | 46 | 47 | 336 | 17 |
| Colorado Springs, Colo | 2 | 10 | 3 | 160 | 130 | 613 | 87 |
| Columbia, Mo | --- | --- | 9 | 42 | 25 | 227 | 23 |
| Columbia, S. C | 6 | 23 | 87 | 361 | 336 | 1,065 | 211 |
| Columbus, Ga | 10 | 18 | 50 | 407 | 176 | 513 | 141 |
| Columbus, Ohio | 20 | 365 | 81 | 2,404 | 1,540 | 3,660 | 559 |
| Compton, Calif | 3 | 89 | 106 | 630 | 301 | 1,120 | 216 |
| Concord, N. H | --- | --- | 2 | 23 | 30 | 145 | 3 |
| Corpus Christi, Tex | 7 | 73 | 345 | 944 | 312 | 1,585 | 227 |
| Council Bluffs, Iowa | --- | 7 | 3 | 83 | 74 | 468 | 67 |
| Covington, Ky | 1 | 35 | 97 | 308 | 144 | 477 | 130 |
| Cranston, R. I | 1 | 6 | 4 | 201 | 111 | 310 | 29 |
| Cumberland, Md | 1 | --- | 2 | 39 | 33 | 101 | 42 |
| Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio | --- | 4 | 4 | 70 | 57 | 220 | 18 |
| Dallas, Tex | 74 | 298 | 992 | 3,656 | 820 | 8,400 | 1,426 |
| Danville, Ill | 3 | 19 | --- | 160 | 77 | 240 | 74 |
| Danville, Va | 9 | 11 | 72 | 107 | 124 | 451 | 41 |
| Davenport, Iowa | 1 | 16 | 4 | 255 | 137 | 863 | 73 |
| Dayton, Ohio | 27 | 119 | 284 | 796 | 377 | 1,935 | 381 |
| Daytona Beach, Fla | 2 | 16 | 49 | 282 | 132 | 490 | 53 |
| Dearborn, Mich | 2 | 45 | 22 | 471 | 349 | 2,386 | 410 |
| Decatur, Ill | 1 | 21 | 5 | 345 | 92 | 608 | 108 |
| Denver, Colo | 21 | 632 | 266 | 3,575 | 1,937 | 5,394 | 1,722 |
| Des Moines, Iowa | 1 | 47 | 45 | 747 | 543 | 1,668 | 274 |
| Detroit, Mich | 140 | 2,905 | 4,011 | 9,365 | 3,123 | 24,158 | 6,865 |
| Dubuque, Iowa | --- | 3 | 4 | 52 | 48 | 284 | 18 |
| Duluth, Minn | 2 | 21 | 9 | 234 | 221 | 923 | 152 |
| Durham, N. C | 3 | 12 | 357 | 134 | 143 | 577 | 113 |
| East Chicago, Ind | 5 | 33 | 27 | 186 | 195 | 456 | 232 |
| East Cleveland, Ohio | --- | 6 | 2 | 51 | 26 | 323 | 20 |
| East Hartford, Conn | --- | 1 | 2 | 102 | 82 | 178 | 37 |
| Easton, Pa | 1 | 1 | 1 | 54 | 29 | 146 | 19 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| East Orange, N. J | 1 | 17 | 12 | 271 | 131 | 419 | 71 |
| East Providence, R. I | | 1 | 4 | 117 | 104 | 224 | 32 |
| East St. Louis, Ill | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| Eau Claire, Wis | | | 1 | 77 | 45 | 201 | 10 |
| Elgin, Ill | | 1 | 7 | 65 | 30 | 132 | 52 |
| Elizabeth, N. J | | 42 | 40 | 333 | 227 | 564 | 154 |
| Elkhart, Ind | 1 | 10 | 1 | 66 | 94 | 204 | 29 |
| Elmira, N. Y | | 3 | 3 | 137 | 132 | 358 | 28 |
| El Paso, Tex | 7 | 62 | 56 | 917 | 550 | 2,209 | 526 |
| Elyria, Ohio | | 7 | 2 | 75 | 37 | 150 | 25 |
| Enid, Okla | | 3 | 4 | 87 | 46 | 338 | 27 |
| Erie, Pa | 3 | 16 | 53 | 381 | 151 | 804 | 138 |
| Euclid, Ohio | | 5 | 1 | 53 | 26 | 405 | 20 |
| Eugene, Oreg | 3 | 8 | 8 | 137 | 230 | 562 | 55 |
| Evanston, Ill | 1 | 12 | 55 | 191 | 260 | 651 | 75 |
| Evansville, Ind | 7 | 59 | 12 | 789 | 319 | 1,381 | 358 |
| Everett, Mass | 1 | 7 | | 66 | 28 | 127 | 28 |
| Everett, Wash | | 9 | 5 | 165 | 86 | 630 | 66 |
| Fairmont, W. Va | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Fall River, Mass | | 10 | 13 | 227 | 179 | 507 | 172 |
| Fargo, N. Dak | 1 | 3 | | 86 | 58 | 475 | 29 |
| Fayetteville, N. C | 1 | 38 | 156 | 251 | 25 | 684 | 150 |
| Ferndale, Mich | | 9 | 4 | 124 | 73 | 277 | 46 |
| Fitchburg, Mass | 1 | 3 | | 158 | 77 | 354 | 32 |
| Flint, Mich | 11 | 189 | 559 | 942 | 1,247 | 2,486 | 445 |
| Fond du Lac, Wis | | 2 | 1 | 52 | 29 | 431 | 26 |
| Fort Dodge, Iowa | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Fort Lauderdale, Fla | 12 | 34 | 25 | 370 | 282 | 912 | 120 |
| Fort Smith, Ark | 2 | 10 | 63 | 225 | 92 | 273 | 47 |
| Fort Wayne, Ind | 4 | 28 | 16 | 436 | 237 | 992 | 184 |
| Fort Worth, Tex | 38 | 185 | 109 | 2,440 | 443 | 3,901 | 908 |
| Framingham, Mass | | 2 | | 40 | 60 | 69 | 26 |
| Fresno, Calif | 4 | 114 | 83 | 718 | 587 | 1,342 | 372 |
| Gadsden, Ala | 6 | 4 | 63 | 165 | 57 | 236 | 99 |
| Gainesville, Fla | 4 | 2 | 40 | 83 | 85 | 362 | 23 |
| Galesburg, Ill | | 1 | 1 | 40 | 34 | 160 | 14 |
| Galveston, Tex | 6 | 49 | 169 | 481 | 458 | 525 | 17 |
| Garfield, N. J | | 2 | 1 | 54 | 52 | 145 | 7 |
| Gary, Ind | 13 | 130 | 260 | 936 | 544 | 1,426 | 477 |
| Glendale, Calif | 1 | 38 | 11 | 422 | 242 | 1,155 | 144 |
| Gloucester, Mass | | 1 | 13 | 34 | 34 | 63 | 23 |
| Grand Forks, N. Dak | 2 | 4 | | 83 | 42 | 537 | 45 |
| Grand Rapids, Mich | 1 | 54 | 72 | 796 | 298 | 1,860 | 285 |
| Granite City, Ill | | 11 | | 208 | 20 | 264 | 43 |
| Great Falls, Mont | 2 | 9 | 6 | 151 | 134 | 507 | 70 |
| Green Bay, Wis | | 2 | 2 | 129 | 55 | 205 | 45 |
| Greensboro, N. C | 7 | 33 | 125 | 274 | 214 | 584 | 110 |
| Greenville, Miss | 2 | | 9 | 152 | 104 | 235 | 25 |
| Greenville, S. C | 8 | 27 | 15 | 376 | 209 | 470 | 172 |
| Greenwich, Conn | | 1 | 1 | 42 | 45 | 112 | 11 |
| Hackensack, N. J | | 5 | 26 | 86 | 64 | 202 | 32 |
| Hagerstown, Md | | 5 | | 196 | 62 | 360 | 45 |
| Hamilton, N. J | 3 | 5 | 5 | 145 | 108 | 312 | 86 |
| Hamilton, Ohio | 2 | 16 | 38 | 219 | 148 | 525 | 161 |
| Hammond, Ind | | 28 | 17 | 401 | 392 | 960 | 234 |
| Hampton, Va | 8 | 21 | 61 | 264 | 241 | 584 | 58 |
| Hamtramck, Mich | 2 | 43 | 65 | 105 | 192 | 292 | 137 |
| Harrisburg, Pa | 3 | 34 | 24 | 401 | 186 | 490 | 79 |
| Hartford, Conn | 3 | 84 | 184 | 933 | 322 | 965 | 346 |
| Hattiesburg, Miss | 1 | 4 | 35 | 78 | 20 | 90 | 30 |
| Haverford, Pa | | 3 | | 48 | 51 | 187 | 13 |
| Haverhill, Mass | | | | 106 | 41 | 38 | 10 |
| Hayward, Calif | | 9 | 2 | 96 | 85 | 282 | 55 |
| Hazleton, Pa | | | | 23 | 14 | 60 | 7 |
| Hempstead, N. Y | 3 | 11 | 5 | 162 | 141 | 169 | 65 |

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Highland Park, Mich | ---- | 58 | 37 | 205 | 275 | 614 | 154 |
| High Point, N. C | 3 | 5 | 71 | 122 | 68 | 235 | 31 |
| Hoboken, N. J | 1 | 16 | 51 | 178 | 90 | 145 | 104 |
| Holyoke, Mass | ---- | 2 | 5 | 144 | 126 | 444 | 50 |
| Honolulu City, Hawaii | 16 | 41 | 28 | 1,664 | 674 | 3,005 | 319 |
| Hot Springs, Ark | 3 | 10 | 1 | 148 | 54 | 199 | 22 |
| Houston, Tex | 99 | 367 | 177 | 5,339 | 1,706 | 6,587 | 2,280 |
| Huntington, W. Va | 4 | 26 | 87 | 256 | 126 | 355 | 111 |
| Huntington Park, Calif | 1 | 32 | 11 | 291 | 213 | 701 | 129 |
| Hutchinson, Kans | ---- | 7 | 6 | 106 | 38 | 294 | 37 |
| Independence, Mo | 1 | 1 | ---- | 58 | 74 | 168 | 23 |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 33 | 258 | 290 | 2,498 | 1,538 | 3,037 | 1,740 |
| Inglewood, Calif | 2 | 29 | 23 | 410 | 389 | 863 | 175 |
| Iowa City, Iowa | ---- | 4 | 3 | 28 | 48 | 186 | 18 |
| Irondequoit, N. Y | ---- | 2 | 1 | 86 | 30 | 132 | 11 |
| Irvington, N. J | 1 | 12 | 1 | 257 | 121 | 327 | 49 |
| Ithaca, N. Y | ---- | 2 | 2 | 40 | 63 | 198 | 26 |
| Jackson, Mich | 1 | 4 | 35 | 141 | 119 | 508 | 71 |
| Jackson, Miss | 17 | 15 | 55 | 418 | 81 | 570 | 122 |
| Jackson, Tenn | 3 | 4 | 6 | 119 | 62 | 208 | 40 |
| Jacksonville, Fla | 30 | 239 | 81 | 1,651 | 1,164 | 2,712 | 678 |
| Jamestown, N. Y | 2 | 1 | 2 | 61 | 31 | 153 | 11 |
| Jefferson City, Mo | ---- | 1 | ---- | 33 | 17 | 90 | 20 |
| Jersey City, N. J | ---- | 61 | 142 | 810 | 241 | 620 | 479 |
| Johnson City, Tenn | 3 | 6 | 12 | 140 | 20 | 112 | 90 |
| Johnstown, Pa | ---- | 7 | 3 | 115 | 64 | 197 | 60 |
| Joliet, Ill | ---- | 21 | 24 | 57 | 70 | 169 | 91 |
| Joplin, Mo | 1 | 10 | 4 | 105 | 111 | 309 | 36 |
| Kalamazoo, Mich | ---- | 12 | 18 | 159 | 169 | 859 | 54 |
| Kankakee, Ill | ---- | 9 | 2 | 71 | 28 | 311 | 27 |
| Kannapolis, N. C | 1 | 3 | 96 | 40 | 26 | 100 | 20 |
| Kansas City, Kans | 11 | 107 | 72 | 684 | 367 | 1,117 | 351 |
| Kansas City, Mo | 32 | 270 | 270 | 988 | 963 | 2,450 | 582 |
| Kearny, N. J | ---- | 1 | 1 | 53 | 53 | 168 | 16 |
| Kenosha, Wis | 1 | 5 | 2 | 106 | 63 | 447 | 59 |
| Kettering, Ohio | ---- | 6 | 3 | 52 | 31 | 122 | 9 |
| Key West, Fla | ---- | 10 | 13 | 50 | 61 | 97 | 68 |
| Kingston, N. Y | ---- | 1 | 7 | 69 | 37 | 97 | 13 |
| Knoxville, Tenn | 19 | 55 | 110 | 510 | 219 | 271 | 458 |
| Kokomo, Ind | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| Lackawanna, N. Y | 3 | 23 | 21 | 102 | 48 | 125 | 121 |
| La Crosse, Wis | ---- | ---- | ---- | 85 | 44 | 476 | 56 |
| La Fayette, Ind | ---- | 13 | 5 | 101 | 91 | 490 | 46 |
| Lafayette, La | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| La Grange, Ga | 3 | 1 | 2 | 101 | 37 | 167 | 35 |
| Lake Charles, La | ---- | 8 | 29 | 191 | 94 | 134 | 40 |
| Lakeland, Fla | 1 | ---- | 37 | 124 | 102 | 163 | 24 |
| Lakewood, Ohio | ---- | 6 | 1 | 137 | 48 | 313 | 43 |
| Lancaster, Pa | ---- | 7 | 49 | 146 | 104 | 499 | 54 |
| Lansing, Mich | 2 | 14 | 10 | 243 | 145 | 876 | 130 |
| Laredo, Tex | 1 | 8 | 50 | 80 | 58 | 176 | 35 |
| Laurel, Miss | 2 | 2 | 29 | 133 | 44 | 152 | 19 |
| Lawrence, Mass | 1 | 7 | 3 | 152 | 59 | 294 | 100 |
| Lawton, Okla | 5 | 16 | 36 | 196 | 51 | 443 | 48 |
| Lebanon, Pa | Only 1 month received | | | | | | |
| Lewiston, Maine | 1 | 2 | 2 | 63 | 38 | 205 | 27 |
| Lexington, Ky | 4 | 55 | 210 | 520 | 289 | 793 | 186 |
| Lima, Ohio | ---- | 17 | 109 | 236 | 197 | 414 | 63 |
| Lincoln, Nebr | 2 | 12 | 75 | 323 | 190 | 1,456 | 90 |
| Lincoln Park, Mich | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Linden, N. J | ---- | 1 | 5 | 135 | 47 | 195 | 23 |
| Little Rock, Ark | 12 | 97 | 93 | 525 | 464 | 1,009 | 156 |
| Lockport, N. Y | ---- | 1 | 7 | 55 | 24 | 101 | 25 |
| Long Beach, Calif | 4 | 335 | 244 | 2,312 | (1) | 3,222 | 1,193 |
| Lorain, Ohio | 2 | 20 | 46 | 157 | 80 | 383 | 52 |

See footnote at end of table.

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Los Angeles, Calif. | 95 | 3,049 | 4,639 | 17,184 | 12,873 | 24,117 | 7,417 |
| Louisville, Ky. | 40 | 583 | 544 | 2,863 | 2,534 | 3,156 | 2,719 |
| Lowell, Mass. | | 13 | 76 | 186 | 68 | 448 | 138 |
| Lower Merion, Pa. | 1 | 5 | 4 | 146 | 149 | 320 | 36 |
| Lubbock, Tex. | 8 | 52 | 88 | 488 | 466 | 1,878 | 229 |
| Lynchburg, Va. | 7 | 10 | 59 | 148 | 37 | 340 | 28 |
| Lynn, Mass. | | 28 | 3 | 362 | 234 | 792 | 137 |
| Lynwood, Calif. | | 21 | 5 | 190 | 189 | 419 | 86 |
| Macon, Ga. | 9 | 28 | 28 | 506 | 183 | 647 | 140 |
| Madison, Wis. | | 4 | 4 | 237 | 198 | 854 | 77 |
| Malden, Mass. | | 14 | 2 | 72 | 67 | 266 | 46 |
| Manchester, N. H. | 1 | 7 | 3 | 83 | 72 | 376 | 50 |
| Manitowoc, Wis. | | 2 | | 51 | 40 | 170 | 20 |
| Mansfield, Ohio | | 26 | 20 | 182 | 89 | 364 | 68 |
| Maplewood, N. J. | | 3 | 5 | 21 | 26 | 38 | 5 |
| Marion, Ind. | 1 | 8 | | 88 | 41 | 290 | 35 |
| Marion, Ohio | 1 | 6 | 1 | 102 | 87 | 344 | 36 |
| Mason City, Iowa | | 2 | 1 | 51 | 38 | 191 | 25 |
| Massillon, Ohio | | 8 | 7 | 72 | 7 | 290 | 38 |
| Maywood, Ill. | | 18 | 7 | 62 | 63 | 99 | 24 |
| McKeesport, Pa. | 2 | 20 | 36 | 118 | 87 | 304 | 79 |
| Medford, Mass. | | 9 | | 108 | 71 | 276 | 25 |
| Melrose, Mass. | | 1 | | 46 | 21 | 129 | 13 |
| Memphis, Tenn. | 25 | 125 | 631 | 1,853 | 828 | 1,260 | 510 |
| Meriden, Conn. | | 7 | 5 | 95 | 14 | 154 | 51 |
| Meridian, Miss. | 5 | 4 | 49 | 105 | 114 | 238 | 41 |
| Miami, Fla. | 33 | 430 | 450 | 3,352 | 1,408 | 3,459 | 1,041 |
| Miami Beach, Fla. | 1 | 54 | 11 | 1,143 | 764 | 1,111 | 195 |
| Michigan City, Ind. | 1 | 5 | 8 | 113 | 93 | 375 | 11 |
| Middletown, Conn. | | | 3 | 50 | 54 | 125 | 20 |
| Middletown, Ohio | 2 | 6 | 12 | 117 | 85 | 344 | 80 |
| Milwaukee, Wis. | 14 | 93 | 257 | 786 | 1,386 | 5,182 | 957 |
| Minneapolis, Minn. | 9 | 306 | 98 | 2,546 | 1,282 | 4,061 | 1,194 |
| Mishawaka, Ind. | | 4 | 2 | 64 | 65 | 266 | 30 |
| Mobile, Ala. | 28 | 89 | 204 | 936 | 209 | 935 | 320 |
| Moline, Ill. | | 9 | | 99 | 65 | 345 | 32 |
| Monroe, La. | 9 | 9 | 5 | 143 | 48 | 335 | 98 |
| Montclair, N. J. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 123 | 72 | 163 | 20 |
| Montgomery, Ala. | 21 | 59 | 112 | 592 | 279 | 532 | 166 |
| Morgantown, W. Va. | 1 | 7 | | 33 | 27 | 71 | 18 |
| Mount Lebanon, Pa. | | | | 13 | 15 | 34 | 16 |
| Mount Vernon, N. Y. | 1 | 12 | 13 | 146 | 148 | 226 | 52 |
| Muncie, Ind. | 4 | 14 | 8 | 246 | 127 | 795 | 208 |
| Muskegon, Mich. | | 13 | 12 | 228 | 137 | 530 | 86 |
| Muskogee, Okla. | 3 | 11 | 2 | 105 | 54 | 302 | 37 |
| Nashua, N. H. | | 1 | 2 | 51 | 34 | 187 | 8 |
| Nashville, Tenn. | 34 | 139 | 91 | 985 | 754 | 1,488 | 728 |
| New Albany, Ind. | 1 | 3 | 3 | 74 | 87 | 368 | 45 |
| Newark, N. J. | 34 | 569 | 652 | 3,692 | 1,562 | 3,820 | 1,867 |
| Newark, Ohio | | 4 | 1 | 90 | 63 | 360 | 47 |
| New Bedford, Mass. | 1 | 14 | 20 | 555 | 251 | 951 | 132 |
| New Britain, Conn. | | 12 | 20 | 146 | 161 | 311 | 70 |
| New Brunswick, N. J. | | 9 | 18 | 100 | 21 | 346 | 80 |
| Newburgh, N. Y. | 1 | 7 | 3 | 93 | 88 | 207 | 33 |
| New Castle, Pa. | | 10 | 1 | 109 | 88 | 151 | 45 |
| New Haven, Conn. | 4 | 37 | 47 | 659 | 256 | 838 | 301 |
| New Kensington, Pa. | | | 11 | 29 | 12 | 41 | 8 |
| New London, Conn. | | 5 | 4 | 103 | 52 | 205 | 35 |
| New Orleans, La. | 52 | 546 | 610 | 2,137 | 1,908 | 3,724 | 3,138 |
| Newport, Ky. | 3 | 10 | 9 | 93 | 57 | 125 | 63 |
| Newport, R. I. | 4 | 1 | 4 | 116 | 78 | 373 | 56 |
| Newport News, Va. | 4 | 46 | 121 | 380 | 405 | 1,052 | 175 |
| New Rochelle, N. Y. | | 11 | 21 | 165 | 171 | 270 | 57 |
| Newton, Mass. | 1 | 9 | 4 | 255 | 180 | 459 | 62 |
| New York, N. Y. | 306 | 7,133 | 8,679 | 38,963 | 41,966 | 27,824 | 12,383 |

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Niagara Falls, N. Y | 2 | 23 | 51 | 231 | 258 | 487 | 173 |
| Norfolk, Va | 27 | 286 | 1,223 | 1,652 | 1,490 | 2,723 | 1,130 |
| Norman, Okla | | | Only 6 months received | | | | |
| Norristown, Pa | 1 | 5 | 10 | 53 | 37 | 95 | 37 |
| Northampton, Mass | | | 2 | 25 | 23 | 74 | 6 |
| North Bergen, N. J | | | Only 6 months received | | | | |
| North Little Rock, Ark | | | No reports received | | | | |
| Norwalk, Conn | | 7 | 24 | 124 | 116 | 223 | 31 |
| Norwich, Conn | 1 | 2 | 1 | 70 | 51 | 95 | 9 |
| Norwood, Ohio | | 5 | 1 | 96 | 58 | 162 | 23 |
| Nutley, N. J | | | No reports received | | | | |
| Oakland, Calif | 8 | 547 | 397 | 2,909 | 479 | 7,623 | 1,702 |
| Oak Park, Ill | | 15 | 1 | 109 | 69 | 229 | 40 |
| Oak Ridge, Tenn | | 1 | 21 | 34 | 23 | 149 | 13 |
| Odessa, Tex | 8 | 11 | 50 | 222 | 137 | 1,118 | 137 |
| Ogden, Utah | 4 | 29 | 27 | 193 | 138 | 1,000 | 163 |
| Oklahoma City, Okla | 18 | 130 | 162 | 1,925 | 1,504 | 3,099 | 812 |
| Omaha, Nebr | 9 | 89 | 77 | 681 | 198 | 1,997 | 549 |
| Orange, N. J | | 17 | 26 | 102 | 61 | 168 | 48 |
| Orlando, Fla | 15 | 21 | 144 | 433 | 233 | 481 | 116 |
| Oshkosh, Wis | | | | 107 | 54 | 559 | 51 |
| Ottumwa, Iowa | | 5 | 6 | 30 | 9 | 181 | 33 |
| Owensboro, Ky | 4 | 4 | 25 | 114 | 112 | 390 | 61 |
| Paducah, Ky | 4 | 19 | 72 | 217 | 75 | 194 | 53 |
| Palo Alto, Calif | 1 | 7 | | 92 | 110 | 378 | 56 |
| Panama City, Fla | | 2 | 2 | 108 | 66 | 105 | 23 |
| Parkersburg, W. Va | | 2 | | 84 | 93 | 164 | 26 |
| Parma, Ohio | | 3 | | 46 | 25 | 124 | 18 |
| Pasadena, Calif | 3 | 70 | 22 | 640 | 442 | 1,520 | 149 |
| Passaic, N. J | 1 | 15 | 29 | 214 | 110 | 152 | 65 |
| Paterson, N. J | 2 | 50 | 156 | 601 | 65 | 645 | 242 |
| Pawtucket, R. I | 1 | 7 | 7 | 248 | 175 | 450 | 96 |
| Pensacola, Fla | 6 | 14 | 82 | 314 | 124 | 787 | 109 |
| Peoria, Ill | | 98 | 112 | 653 | 207 | 1,224 | 294 |
| Perth Amboy, N. J | 1 | 10 | 22 | 63 | 126 | 259 | 46 |
| Petersburg, Va | 3 | 29 | 162 | 252 | 85 | 568 | 131 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 126 | 1,925 | 2,703 | 9,054 | 5,339 | 7,704 | 3,972 |
| Phoenix, Ariz | 13 | 130 | 285 | 1,265 | 717 | 3,389 | 711 |
| Pine Bluff, Ark | 3 | 15 | 24 | 127 | 15 | 75 | 45 |
| Pittsburgh, Pa | 28 | 681 | 482 | 3,545 | 1,503 | 2,291 | 2,013 |
| Pittsfield, Mass | 1 | 2 | | 81 | 53 | 240 | 13 |
| Plainfield, N. J | | 8 | 11 | 128 | 124 | 302 | 53 |
| Pocatello, Idaho | | 4 | 4 | 93 | 80 | 398 | 62 |
| Pomona, Calif | 2 | 15 | 12 | 201 | 101 | 509 | 100 |
| Pontiac, Mich | 2 | 19 | 52 | 278 | 197 | 761 | 148 |
| Port Arthur, Tex | 2 | 3 | 22 | 46 | 26 | 183 | 40 |
| Port Huron, Mich | | 1 | 6 | 113 | 37 | 532 | 45 |
| Portland Maine | 3 | 15 | 12 | 269 | 133 | 598 | 159 |
| Portland, Oreg | 18 | 223 | 140 | 1,896 | 1,589 | 4,323 | 601 |
| Portsmouth, Ohio | | 40 | 10 | 211 | 193 | 487 | 99 |
| Portsmouth, Va | 7 | 53 | 366 | 418 | 273 | 674 | 171 |
| Poughkeepsie, N. Y | 2 | 4 | 26 | 80 | 85 | 358 | 29 |
| Providence, R. I | 4 | 79 | 123 | 1,285 | 719 | 2,124 | 449 |
| Provo, Utah | | 1 | | 77 | 30 | 544 | 32 |
| Pueblo, Colo | 5 | 33 | 15 | 319 | 290 | 961 | 157 |
| Quincy, Ill | 1 | 10 | 7 | 136 | 71 | 310 | 32 |
| Quincy, Mass | | 6 | 3 | 300 | 107 | 626 | 179 |
| Racine, Wis | 1 | 8 | 17 | 181 | 71 | 747 | 63 |
| Raleigh, N. C | 11 | 12 | 324 | 251 | 134 | 567 | 99 |
| Rapid City, S. Dak | 2 | 5 | 4 | 39 | 67 | 253 | 20 |
| Reading, Pa | 3 | 24 | 5 | 218 | 145 | 540 | 122 |
| Redondo Beach, Calif | 2 | 23 | 14 | 399 | 63 | 687 | 124 |
| Redwood City, Calif | | 4 | 5 | 106 | 113 | 562 | 97 |
| Reno, Nev | 7 | 57 | 21 | 377 | 336 | 521 | 112 |
| Revere, Mass | 1 | 18 | 2 | 138 | 64 | 232 | 113 |

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Richmond, Calif. | 3 | 55 | 79 | 443 | 167 | 1,943 | 118 |
| Richmond, Ind. | | 13 | 10 | 124 | 120 | 199 | 49 |
| Richmond, Va. | 24 | 216 | 320 | 1,790 | 847 | 3,484 | 1,041 |
| Riverside, Calif. | | 17 | 32 | 252 | 228 | 841 | 109 |
| Roanoke, Va. | 4 | 23 | 75 | 294 | 203 | 698 | 127 |
| Rochester, Minn. | | 2 | 1 | 50 | 48 | 377 | 25 |
| Rochester, N. Y. | 5 | 76 | 76 | 1,118 | 497 | 2,383 | 424 |
| Rockford, Ill. | 1 | 10 | 36 | 271 | 133 | 730 | 85 |
| Rock Island, Ill. | 1 | 20 | 8 | 130 | 156 | 459 | 51 |
| Rocky Mount, N. C. | 1 | 4 | 68 | 167 | 74 | 277 | 47 |
| Rome, Ga. | 4 | 6 | 66 | 145 | 86 | 65 | 69 |
| Rome, N. Y. | 2 | | | 63 | 40 | 135 | 20 |
| Roswell, N. Mex. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 72 | 53 | 33 | 37 |
| Royal Oak, Mich. | | 15 | | 212 | 80 | 675 | 122 |
| Sacramento, Calif. | 12 | 215 | 65 | 767 | 883 | 2,730 | 582 |
| Saginaw, Mich. | 5 | 22 | 206 | 231 | 153 | 1,394 | 164 |
| St. Cloud, Minn. | | | | 40 | 39 | 349 | 14 |
| St. Joseph, Mo. | 3 | 5 | 15 | 108 | 64 | 403 | 75 |
| St. Louis, Mo. | 94 | 1,677 | 2,136 | 6,630 | 2,853 | 12,046 | 4,787 |
| St. Paul, Minn. | 6 | 154 | 36 | 1,473 | 544 | 3,620 | 560 |
| St. Petersburg, Fla. | 2 | 23 | 38 | 520 | 295 | 813 | 96 |
| Salem, Mass. | No reports received | | | | | | |
| Salem, Oreg. | | 5 | 6 | 133 | 90 | 453 | 28 |
| Salina, Kans. | | 5 | 18 | 67 | 47 | 416 | 36 |
| Salt Lake City, Utah | 4 | 60 | 43 | 980 | 741 | 2,076 | 459 |
| San Angelo, Tex. | 4 | 9 | 15 | 205 | 61 | 338 | 92 |
| San Antonio, Tex. | 44 | 179 | 795 | 2,797 | 1,179 | 5,353 | 1,491 |
| San Bernardino, Calif. | 2 | 34 | 46 | 558 | 362 | 1,226 | 295 |
| San Diego, Calif. | 15 | 206 | 192 | 1,361 | 1,804 | 3,753 | 1,046 |
| Sandusky, Ohio | | 2 | 34 | 61 | 53 | 303 | 19 |
| San Francisco, Calif. | 45 | 1,131 | 682 | 5,637 | 1,788 | 10,000 | 4,998 |
| San Jose, Calif. | 3 | 74 | 32 | 620 | 477 | 2,397 | 438 |
| San Leandro, Calif. | | 18 | 3 | 209 | 160 | 699 | 68 |
| San Mateo, Calif. | 2 | 14 | 10 | 118 | 182 | 688 | 82 |
| Santa Ana, Calif. | 2 | 24 | 24 | 410 | 189 | 1,018 | 155 |
| Santa Barbara, Calif. | | 16 | 46 | 234 | 111 | 786 | 55 |
| Santa Fe, N. Mex. | 1 | 5 | 12 | 223 | 139 | 483 | 88 |
| Santa Monica, Calif. | 1 | 70 | 50 | 578 | 703 | 1,207 | 282 |
| Savannah, Ga. | 21 | 104 | 581 | 561 | 430 | 729 | 273 |
| Schenectady, N. Y. | 1 | 8 | 4 | 175 | 112 | 197 | 106 |
| Scranton, Pa. | | 7 | 22 | 521 | 71 | 490 | 105 |
| Seattle, Wash. | 17 | 384 | 152 | 3,198 | 1,472 | 5,349 | 1,550 |
| Shaker Heights, Ohio | | 8 | 8 | 40 | 40 | 331 | 36 |
| Sharon, Pa. | | | 6 | 73 | 46 | 81 | 17 |
| Sheboygan, Wis. | | 1 | | 51 | 47 | 193 | 43 |
| Shreveport, La. | 12 | 17 | 37 | 278 | 273 | 948 | 276 |
| Sioux City, Iowa | 2 | 13 | 10 | 251 | 142 | 878 | 95 |
| Sioux Falls, S. Dak. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 118 | 92 | 462 | 48 |
| Somerville, Mass. | | 38 | 9 | 318 | 280 | 444 | 134 |
| South Bend, Ind. | 3 | 22 | 9 | 412 | 284 | 1,226 | 152 |
| South Gate, Calif. | | 29 | 4 | 383 | 362 | 796 | 162 |
| Spartanburg, S. C. | 5 | 7 | 14 | 186 | 85 | 357 | 65 |
| Spokane, Wash. | 3 | 78 | 41 | 666 | 301 | 2,747 | 340 |
| Springfield, Ill. | 3 | 29 | 33 | 247 | 117 | 803 | 211 |
| Springfield, Mass. | 4 | 3 | 30 | 335 | 114 | 678 | 219 |
| Springfield, Mo. | 2 | 8 | 5 | 263 | 116 | 436 | 88 |
| Springfield, Ohio | 1 | 17 | 20 | 203 | 77 | 581 | 65 |
| Stamford, Conn. | 1 | 19 | 22 | 236 | 258 | 478 | 96 |
| Steubenville, Ohio | | 19 | 19 | 136 | 89 | 204 | 88 |
| Stockton, Calif. | 6 | 126 | 79 | 666 | 577 | 1,460 | 211 |
| Stratford, Conn. | | | | 74 | 74 | 181 | 27 |
| Superior, Wis. | | 4 | 2 | 85 | 18 | 373 | 25 |
| Syracuse, N. Y. | 1 | 18 | 11 | 543 | 486 | 1,641 | 343 |
| Tacoma, Wash. | 2 | 62 | 18 | 551 | 479 | 1,644 | 246 |
| Tallahassee, Fla. | Only 6 months received | | | | | | |

TABLE 35.—NUMBER OF OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE, 1955, CITIES OVER 25,000 IN POPULATION—Continued

| City | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | $50 and over | Under $50 | |
| Tampa, Fla | 29 | 133 | 194 | 1,799 | 613 | 2,058 | 325 |
| Taunton, Mass | | 3 | 12 | 185 | 38 | 308 | 40 |
| Teaneck, N. J | | 7 | 1 | 103 | 70 | 162 | 21 |
| Temple, Tex | 1 | 18 | 46 | 116 | 44 | 340 | 62 |
| Terre Haute, Ind | 4 | 27 | 9 | 334 | 117 | 635 | 71 |
| Toledo, Ohio | 9 | 227 | 286 | 1,400 | 1,013 | 3,038 | 364 |
| Topeka, Kans | 4 | 37 | 62 | 475 | 160 | 982 | 75 |
| Torrington, Conn | | | 3 | 34 | 25 | 76 | 16 |
| Trenton, N. J | 6 | 32 | 59 | 606 | 276 | 634 | 172 |
| Troy, N. Y | 2 | 9 | 18 | 152 | 69 | 72 | 88 |
| Tucson, Ariz | 1 | 47 | 54 | 530 | 208 | 1,641 | 328 |
| Tulsa, Okla | 8 | 84 | 181 | 1,232 | 885 | 1,999 | 474 |
| Tuscaloosa, Ala | 4 | 5 | 118 | 131 | 86 | 139 | 27 |
| Tyler, Tex | Complete data not received [2] | | | | | | |
| Union, N. J | | 2 | 6 | 128 | 79 | 266 | 31 |
| Union City, N. J | 1 | 7 | 16 | 242 | 46 | 129 | 58 |
| University City, Mo | 1 | 8 | | 171 | 203 | 284 | 48 |
| Upper Darby, Pa | 1 | 8 | 32 | 207 | 83 | 501 | 86 |
| Utica, N. Y | 3 | 5 | 4 | 218 | 83 | 504 | 73 |
| Vallejo, Calif | | 20 | 6 | 135 | 104 | 547 | 77 |
| Valley Stream, N. Y | | 4 | 6 | 99 | 87 | 218 | 35 |
| Vancouver, Wash | 2 | 7 | 4 | 111 | 91 | 507 | 41 |
| Vicksburg, Miss | 3 | 3 | | 41 | [1] | 81 | 20 |
| Waco, Tex | 7 | 23 | 210 | 534 | 199 | 1,220 | 116 |
| Waltham, Mass | | 8 | 3 | 139 | 72 | 369 | 37 |
| Warren, Ohio | | 40 | 5 | 159 | 113 | 307 | 91 |
| Warwick, R. I | | | | 206 | 191 | 160 | 23 |
| Washington, D. C | 53 | 784 | 3,441 | 3,649 | 1,708 | 6,676 | 1,722 |
| Washington, Pa | | 2 | | 29 | 41 | 125 | 43 |
| Waterbury, Conn | | 6 | 6 | 272 | 139 | 373 | 197 |
| Waterloo, Iowa | | 12 | 12 | 131 | 83 | 522 | 49 |
| Watertown, Mass | | 3 | | 123 | 57 | 136 | 34 |
| Watertown, N. Y | | | 3 | 137 | 63 | 224 | 24 |
| Waukegan, Ill | 4 | 14 | 58 | 92 | 84 | 312 | 59 |
| Wausau, Wis | | 1 | 2 | 70 | 30 | 271 | 22 |
| Wauwatosa, Wis | | | | 61 | 60 | 281 | 18 |
| West Allis, Wis | | 3 | | 48 | 64 | 434 | 21 |
| West Hartford, Conn | | 1 | | 92 | 20 | 71 | 17 |
| West Haven, Conn | | 3 | 1 | 138 | 47 | 63 | 43 |
| West New York, N. J | Complete data not received [2] | | | | | | |
| West Orange, N. J | | 5 | | 56 | 61 | 150 | 18 |
| West Palm Beach, Fla | 11 | 13 | 59 | 205 | 106 | 266 | 50 |
| Weymouth, Mass | | 2 | 24 | 16 | 39 | 51 | 10 |
| Wheeling, W. Va | 4 | 8 | 12 | 104 | 57 | 115 | 67 |
| White Plains, N. Y | 3 | 10 | 34 | 142 | 182 | 304 | 78 |
| Wichita, Kans | 6 | 93 | 280 | 1,149 | 544 | 2,671 | 349 |
| Wichita Falls, Tex | 2 | 21 | 61 | 446 | 242 | 1,273 | 306 |
| Wilkes Barre, Pa | | 7 | 7 | 155 | 83 | 217 | 85 |
| Wilkinsburg, Pa | | 5 | 7 | 107 | 22 | 184 | 34 |
| Williamsport, Pa | | 3 | 1 | 96 | 86 | 329 | 28 |
| Wilmington, Del | 2 | 62 | 33 | 658 | 382 | 1,234 | 225 |
| Wilmington, N. C | 8 | 17 | 274 | 268 | 133 | 555 | 111 |
| Winona, Minn | | 3 | | 38 | 42 | 142 | 17 |
| Winston-Salem, N. C | 20 | 36 | 138 | 476 | 166 | 673 | 123 |
| Woodbridge, N. J | | 9 | 4 | 96 | 76 | 144 | 39 |
| Woonsocket, R. I | | 1 | 7 | 125 | 72 | 191 | 29 |
| Worcester, Mass | 3 | 27 | 17 | 830 | 287 | 1,105 | 339 |
| Wyandotte, Mich | 1 | 6 | 2 | 82 | 82 | 317 | 60 |
| Yakima, Wash | 1 | 17 | 20 | 218 | 128 | 1,138 | 97 |
| Yonkers, N. Y | 1 | 23 | 42 | 203 | 95 | 780 | 211 |
| York, Pa | 1 | 20 | 18 | 238 | 92 | 645 | 90 |
| Youngstown, Ohio | 12 | 94 | 27 | 480 | 433 | 960 | 194 |
| Zanesville, Ohio | | 8 | 4 | 178 | 83 | 346 | 75 |

[1] Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.
[2] The crime reporting for the city indicated does not meet acceptable standards established by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

### *Offenses Known in Jurisdictions Outside the United States*

Some areas that are closely related to this country but outside the 48 states contribute crime reports under the crime reporting program. The figures submitted are informative and useful and are published in table 36. Such data, however, are not included in other summary tables in this bulletin.

During 1955, complete sets of reports were received from law enforcement agencies in Alaska, Guam, Hawaii and the Isthmus of Panama.

TABLE 36.—OFFENSES KNOWN IN JURISDICTIONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, 1955

| Jurisdiction reporting | Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter | Robbery | Aggravated assault | Burglary—breaking or entering | Larceny—theft | | Auto theft |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Over $50 | Under $50 | |
| Alaska: | | | | | | | |
| Department of Territorial Police (Juneau) | 11 | 36 | 60 | 163 | 233 | 150 | 287 |
| First judicial division (Juneau) | 2 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Guam: Agana | ---------- | 15 | 32 | 172 | 101 | 92 | 78 |
| Hawaii: | | | | | | | |
| Hawaii County | 1 | -------- | 5 | 146 | 27 | 266 | 9 |
| Honolulu City | 16 | 41 | 28 | 1,664 | 674 | 3,005 | 319 |
| Honolulu County | 7 | 11 | 20 | 471 | 214 | 1,031 | 83 |
| Kauai County | ---------- | -------- | 2 | 67 | 9 | 192 | 7 |
| Maui County | 2 | 1 | 4 | 147 | 15 | 360 | 15 |
| Isthmus of Panama: Canal Zone | 2 | 9 | 10 | 189 | 69 | 848 | 20 |

## SUPPLEMENTAL CRIME DATA

### Source

Five of the seven major classes are analyzed under this program. This is done by police in cities of over 25,000 inhabitants with the use of a report that supplements the basic count of total crimes by class. These breakdowns for rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft plus property value data are in tables 37–39.

To compare crime breakdowns in the same cities for 1954 and 1955, table 37 is limited to 433 cities (over 25,000—combined population, 57.4 million). Valuation information for 1955 is from fewer cities, as shown in tables 38 and 39.

### Trends

Trends in table 37 are from 433 cities but may be used as an indication of the average police experience for the entire country. Also, percent distributions made from table 37 can be applied to other studies, as a matter of interest. (See text about estimated crime totals shown in table 24.)

**Rape.**—Forcible rapes increased 21.3 percent while statutory crimes (victim under legal age of consent) decreased 4.6 percent. The percentage of forcible rapes in this classification was 51.5 in 1954 but rose to 57.4 in 1955.

**Robbery.**—Except for bank robberies, all types of armed and strong-arm robberies declined. Bank robberies increased by only 20 offenses in the cities studied but because of a small base figure, 122 in 1954, the percentage increase is 16.4 percent. Robberies in or on the premises of residences reflected the sharpest decrease, 24.7 percent. Robberies on streets and alleys ("highway") decreased 13.8 percent while places of business ("commercial houses"), other than oil stations, chain stores and banks, had 17.4 percent fewer thefts by threat and violence. All places of business except banks had 15.5 percent fewer robberies.

The substantial decreases in all types of robberies other than bank robberies leave the robbery problem about as evenly spread among the various points of attack as in 1954. Highway robberies constitute 51.1 percent of the problem with business houses other than banks the targets in 34.5 percent of the cases. The increase of 20 bank robberies in 433 cities raised the frequency of attacks on banks by only one-tenth of one percent.

**Burglary.**—The 5.3 percent decrease in burglaries in 433 cities was about equally divided between residence and nonresidence structures. Unlawful entries of residences for the purpose of theft or felony de-

creased 5.0 percent and the same crimes in nonresidence structures decreased 5.6 percent. Residences are victimized 16.6 percent less frequently than nonresidences but present 41.7 percent of the burglary problem with an almost unique hazard. A large percentage (75.3) of burglaries occur at night, as might be expected, but almost half (45.4 percent) the residence burglaries occur during the daytime. Contrasted to the large percentage of daylight residence burglaries is the expected small proportion (9.8 percent) of such attacks on structures not used as nor a part of living quarters.

**Larceny—theft.**—Police itemize thefts (larcenies), other than auto thefts, by valuation groups and by types. Thefts of property under $5 in value (including attempts) make up 15 percent of these incidents. Almost 58 percent of the thefts involve property valued in the $5 to $50 category while 27.4 percent are of property valued at $50 or more. No significant trend appears in the analysis of thefts by value.

Although the increase in total thefts in 433 cities was less than one percent, certain distinct shifts occurred in the problem. Pocket-picking, purse-snatchings and thefts from autos (other than accessories) showed percentage decreases of 15.2, 13.5, and 9.0.

There is a very thin line between a purse-snatching and a robbery under this system. If the purse-snatcher strikes the victim or uses more force than necessary to snatch the purse from the unsuspecting victim, then it is classed as robbery. With this close relation between purse-snatching as a theft and as a robbery in mind, it will be noted that if the 10,924 purse-snatchings are considered with the 43,447 robberies reported in 433 cities, the robbery problem is potentially one-fourth greater than the count of robberies indicates.

Thefts of auto accessories rose 12.2 percent but thefts of other articles from autos decreased 9.0 percent. The net change in thefts of all kinds from autos was only a 1.6 percent increase. However, these thefts numbered 258,230 in the reporting cities in 1955 and represented 40.1 percent of the theft problem. Special statutes in some states designating certain thefts from autos as "burglary" do not affect the classifying under this crime reporting system—they are still reported by all jurisdictions as thefts and not as burglaries.

Shoplifting increased 4.4 percent in 1955 and accounted for the same percentage (4.4) of the theft problem. Such incidents are classed as thefts under this reporting system even though some jurisdictions have special statutes providing "burglary" penalties for this type of theft.

**Auto Thefts.**—Police recovered about one car fewer per 100 stolen in 1955 than in 1954. The increase of 5.2 percent in auto thefts in 433 cities was accompanied by an increase of 3.7 percent in recoveries. Recoveries of stolen cars reached 92.3 percent of the number reported

stolen. Cars counted stolen in 1954 or previous years but recovered in 1955 are included in the 1955 recovery figures.

TABLE 37.—OFFENSE ANALYSIS, TRENDS, 1954–55

[433 cities over 25,000. Total 1950 population 57,361,704]

| Classification | Number of offenses | | Percent change |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 1954 | 1955 | |
| **Rape:** | | | |
| **Total** | **8,160** | **8,872** | **+8.7** |
| Forcible | 4,199 | 5,093 | +21.3 |
| Statutory | 3,961 | 3,779 | −4.6 |
| **Robbery:** | | | |
| **Total** | **51,189** | **43,447** | **−15.1** |
| Highway | 25,763 | 22,199 | −13.8 |
| Commercial house | 14,342 | 11,848 | −17.4 |
| Oil station | 2,144 | 1,971 | −8.1 |
| Chain store | 1,267 | 1,189 | −6.2 |
| Residence | 4,738 | 3,566 | −24.7 |
| Bank | 122 | 142 | +16.4 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,813 | 2,532 | −10.0 |
| **Burglary—breaking or entering:** | | | |
| **Total** | **285,246** | **269,998** | **−5.3** |
| Residence (dwelling): | | | |
| Night | 63,194 | 61,449 | −2.8 |
| Day | 55,409 | 51,193 | −7.6 |
| Nonresidence (store, office, etc.): | | | |
| Night | 150,347 | 141,936 | −5.6 |
| Day | 16,296 | 15,420 | −5.4 |
| **Larceny—theft (except auto theft, by value):** | | | |
| **Total** | **638,302** | **643,520** | **+.8** |
| $50 and over | 177,934 | 176,049 | −1.1 |
| $5 to $50 | 364,160 | 371,163 | +1.9 |
| Under $5 | 96,208 | 96,308 | +.1 |
| **Larceny—theft (by type):** | | | |
| **Total** | **638,302** | **643,520** | **+.8** |
| Pocket-picking | 8,050 | 6,823 | −15.2 |
| Purse-snatching | 12,622 | 10,924 | −13.5 |
| Shoplifting | 27,074 | 28,266 | +4.4 |
| Thefts from autos (except accessories) | 127,658 | 116,233 | −9.0 |
| Auto accessories | 126,603 | 141,997 | +12.2 |
| Bicycles | 107,625 | 108,459 | +.8 |
| All others | 228,670 | 230,818 | +.9 |
| **Auto theft:** | | | |
| Stolen | 122,506 | 128,911 | +5.2 |
| Recovered | 114,812 | 119,005 | +3.7 |

### *Property Loss, By Crime*

Losses averaged $202 per crime against property in 427 cities in 1955 (table 38). Excluding auto thefts, the average loss per crime was $108. Autos accounted for 52.9 percent of the $217.9 million property theft total in the 427 cities. The average loss per stolen car was $896. The auto theft loss is offset by a relatively high recovery rate, 92.3 percent of the number stolen.

The per capita loss in the 427 cities included in table 38 for the property crimes listed was $3.82 (1950 census figures used). However,

police recoveries of stolen property held the unrecovered loss per capita to $1.63, according to other information (table 39).

TABLE 38.—VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN, BY TYPE OF CRIME, 1955

[427 cities over 25,000. Total 1950 population 56,989,214. Values rounded off]

| Classification | Number of offenses | Value of property stolen | Average value per offense |
|---|---|---|---|
| **TOTAL** | **1,080,734** | **$217,886,267** | **$202** |
| Robbery | 43,730 | 10,749,536 | 246 |
| Burglary | 269,391 | 47,107,797 | 175 |
| Larceny—theft | 638,904 | 44,676,842 | 70 |
| Auto theft | 128,709 | 115,352,092 | 896 |

### *Loss and Recovery Valuations, by Type of Property*

The value of property stolen and the value of stolen property recovered for the year 1955, as reported by 420 cities, are shown in table 39.

The value of autos stolen is the largest loss item—52.9 percent of all property stolen. However, 93.2 percent valuation of stolen cars was reported recovered leaving a net loss of $7.1 million. The net loss to other types of property was $78.7 million or eleven times greater than the unrecovered loss in stolen autos.

Autos represented 8.3 percent of the unrecovered loss in 420 cities in 1955 exceeding only the net loss in stolen furs. "Miscellaneous" property made up 30.9 percent of the unrecovered loss while stolen currency and other negotiables represented 25.4 percent of the unrecovered loss for the year. Jewelry and precious metals comprised 17.9 percent of the unrecovered loss followed by clothing (10.1 percent), autos (8.3 percent) and furs (7.4 percent).

TABLE 39.—VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND VALUE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED, BY TYPE OF PROPERTY, 1955

[420 cities over 25,000. Total 1950 population 52,776,275. Values rounded off]

| Type of property | Value of property | | Percent recovered |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Stolen | Recovered | |
| **TOTAL** | **$198,617,529** | **$112,813,362** | **56.8** |
| Currency, notes, etc | 24,791,581 | 2,990,864 | 12.1 |
| Jewelry and precious metals | 18,056,328 | 2,736,974 | 15.2 |
| Furs | 6,634,581 | 267,071 | 4.0 |
| Clothing | 9,643,059 | 988,249 | 10.2 |
| Locally stolen automobiles | 105,124,059 | 97,974,810 | 93.2 |
| Miscellaneous | 34,367,921 | 7,855,394 | 22.9 |

## AGE, SEX, AND RACE OF PERSONS ARRESTED

### *Source*

Police in all urban places (2,500 inhabitants or more and incorporated) are requested to report the number and certain characteristics of persons arrested for violations that occurred in their jurisdiction. Arrests made by police for other agencies for violations elsewhere are excluded from the report of the arresting agency. Arrests for crimes that are exclusively Federal are not included.

Police report arrest information to the FBI under this program at the end of the calendar year.

For 1954 and 1955, usable reports are available from 1,162 identical cities for comparison to obtain trend information (table 40). These 1,162 cities represent 40.5 percent of the urban population (1950 census figures).

Usable reports for 1955 were received from 1,477 cities (tables 41–44) representing 46.8 percent of the urban population (1950).

Some returns included indicated that not all juvenile offenders arrested passed through the hands of the police. However, where it was reported that juvenile offenders were excluded from the report or that the report was incomplete in other respects, the figures were not used in the tabulations.

The information in the following tables does not present total arrests in the United States but, as indicated above, is limited to usable information received from reporting cities. These annual data are not comparable to similar information compiled from fingerprint cards published before 1952.

### *Trends, 1954–55*

Arrests of young persons (under 18) increased 11.4 percent in 1955, according to the reports of 1,162 cities. Arrests of persons under 18 in 276 larger cities (over 25,000 population) rose 10.5 percent. Arrests of persons under 18 in 886 cities under 25,000 rose 15.6 percent. (There were decreases as well as increases in the individual cities reporting for both 1954 and 1955 for trend information.)

Arrests for all ages changed only slightly in 1955—a 0.4 percent increase. Total arrests in 276 cities over 25,000 decreased 0.7 percent while in 886 cities under 25,000 the increase was 5.1 percent.

TABLE 40.—ARREST TRENDS, 1954–55

[Population figures from 1950 decennial census]

| | Total—1,162 cities; total population 36,192,073 | Over 25,000—276 cities; population 27,744,870 | 2,500 to 25,000 886 cities; population 8,447,203 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total arrests: | | | |
| 1954 | 1,595,464 | 1,290,055 | 305,409 |
| 1955 | 1,602,321 | 1,281,292 | 321,029 |
| Change | +6,857 | −8,763 | +15,620 |
| Percent change | +0.4 | −0.7 | +5.1 |
| Under 18: | | | |
| 1954 | 157,299 | 128,382 | 28,917 |
| 1955 | 175,262 | 141,832 | 33,430 |
| Change | +17,963 | +13,450 | +4,513 |
| Percent change | +11.4 | +10.5 | +15.6 |

### *Number of Arrests, 1955*

Reports on persons arrested by 1,477 cities reflect 1,861,764 arrests in 1955. The reports do not include traffic arrests except for driving while intoxicated. The reporting cities represent 46.8 percent of the urban population, according to the last decennial census.

A study of the percent distribution of arrests for 1955 and those published for 1954 reflects no significant shifts within the individual crime classifications in 1955.

### *Age of Persons Arrested, 1955*

Of the 1,861,764 persons arrested in 1,477 cities in 1955, 195,626 or 10.5 percent were under the age of 18. Of those under 18, 80,122 or 41.0 percent had not reached their fifteenth birthday. In the previous year, 1954, 9.7 percent were under 18 and of those 40.0 percent were under 15 (1,389 cities).

Persons under the age of 18 were arrested in 42.3 percent of the arrests for major crimes (murder, negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and auto theft). Of the substantial portion of these young people arrested for major crimes, almost half (47.9 percent) were under the age of 15.

Of the arrests for auto theft, persons under 18 represented 62.2 percent. For burglary, 52.7 percent of all arrests were of persons under 18. Similarly, 46.9 percent of the arrests for larceny and 21.4 percent of the arrests for robbery were of young persons who had not reached their eighteenth birthday.

## TABLE 41.—ARRESTS BY AGE GROUPS, 1955; 1,477 CITIES OVER 2,500 IN POPULATION

[Total population 41,792,800, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense charged | All ages | Age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Under 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25–29 | 30–34 | 35–39 | 40–44 | 45–49 | 50 and over | Not known |
| **TOTAL** | **1,861,764** | **80,122** | **33,877** | **41,533** | **40,094** | **39,064** | **38,563** | **37,940** | **44,638** | **45,647** | **46,414** | **48,026** | **228,088** | **232,152** | **218,081** | **199,637** | **169,878** | **317,628** | **382** |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 2,073 | 22 | 17 | 20 | 35 | 48 | 41 | 49 | 51 | 67 | 62 | 70 | 354 | 348 | 268 | 228 | 160 | 233 | ------- |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence | 1,277 | 5 | 15 | 15 | 32 | 39 | 45 | 41 | 46 | 53 | 45 | 56 | 224 | 187 | 126 | 109 | 75 | 164 | ------- |
| Robbery | 12,788 | 903 | 452 | 632 | 755 | 722 | 694 | 653 | 738 | 650 | 587 | 565 | 2,205 | 1,501 | 790 | 435 | 264 | 242 | ------- |
| Aggravated assault | 23,148 | 526 | 308 | 388 | 506 | 514 | 543 | 560 | 717 | 710 | 791 | 757 | 4,093 | 3,886 | 3,045 | 2,191 | 1,448 | 2,163 | 2 |
| Other assaults | 73,477 | 1,912 | 823 | 1,075 | 1,213 | 1,466 | 1,651 | 1,832 | 2,260 | 2,504 | 2,665 | 2,743 | 13,779 | 12,799 | 9,709 | 7,004 | 4,296 | 5,736 | 10 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 44,440 | 12,384 | 3,951 | 3,944 | 3,132 | 2,201 | 1,865 | 1,500 | 1,411 | 1,263 | 1,143 | 1,082 | 4,204 | 2,532 | 1,553 | 1,009 | 621 | 645 | ------- |
| Larceny-theft | 82,660 | 21,141 | 6,015 | 6,575 | 5,019 | 3,492 | 2,603 | 2,094 | 1,942 | 1,864 | 1,737 | 1,667 | 7,501 | 5,841 | 4,545 | 3,440 | 2,514 | 4,663 | 7 |
| Auto theft | 23,491 | 4,211 | 4,132 | 4,012 | 2,266 | 1,339 | 973 | 762 | 652 | 531 | 461 | 446 | 1,495 | 958 | 584 | 323 | 182 | 162 | 2 |
| Embezzlement and fraud | 13,525 | 94 | 51 | 67 | 87 | 159 | 233 | 256 | 406 | 296 | 318 | 442 | 2,544 | 2,783 | 2,064 | 1,423 | 964 | 1,337 | 1 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc. | 3,238 | 392 | 165 | 185 | 150 | 155 | 119 | 120 | 87 | 84 | 69 | 73 | 401 | 353 | 277 | 211 | 157 | 240 | ------- |
| Forgery and counterfeiting | 8,502 | 85 | 87 | 143 | 188 | 225 | 292 | 257 | 291 | 333 | 323 | 392 | 1,769 | 1,534 | 987 | 661 | 391 | 543 | 1 |
| Rape | 4,599 | 163 | 119 | 236 | 313 | 347 | 313 | 314 | 269 | 228 | 193 | 182 | 684 | 471 | 282 | 183 | 105 | 197 | ------- |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice | 24,836 | 23 | 21 | 42 | 136 | 433 | 704 | 794 | 1,114 | 1,864 | 1,809 | 1,557 | 6,295 | 3,651 | 2,600 | 1,642 | 999 | 1,149 | 3 |
| Other sex offenses | 18,923 | 1,155 | 556 | 585 | 478 | 435 | 552 | 573 | 671 | 740 | 745 | 659 | 3,073 | 2,550 | 1,971 | 1,385 | 1,032 | 1,761 | 2 |
| Narcotic drug laws | 6,888 | 18 | 42 | 70 | 119 | 160 | 214 | 258 | 308 | 407 | 451 | 430 | 1,875 | 1,083 | 609 | 326 | 223 | 295 | ------- |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc. | 14,328 | 769 | 461 | 604 | 566 | 552 | 525 | 516 | 593 | 505 | 504 | 541 | 2,235 | 1,810 | 1,358 | 1,009 | 715 | 1,063 | 2 |
| Offenses against family and children | 23,062 | 541 | 133 | 175 | 184 | 362 | 425 | 529 | 666 | 773 | 878 | 924 | 4,629 | 4,456 | 3,278 | 2,258 | 1,389 | 1,462 | ------- |
| Liquor laws | 37,028 | 278 | 571 | 1,371 | 1,983 | 2,162 | 1,952 | 1,630 | 798 | 713 | 750 | 826 | 4,137 | 4,116 | 4,068 | 3,794 | 2,981 | 4,893 | 5 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 96,165 | 12 | 21 | 131 | 342 | 652 | 1,046 | 1,457 | 2,567 | 3,018 | 3,199 | 3,066 | 14,457 | 15,405 | 14,107 | 12,719 | 10,110 | 13,849 | 7 |
| Disorderly conduct | 193,119 | 6,599 | 3,179 | 4,831 | 5,270 | 6,270 | 6,128 | 5,930 | 7,109 | 6,932 | 6,678 | 6,644 | 29,505 | 26,431 | 21,497 | 17,216 | 12,723 | 20,167 | 10 |
| Drunkenness | 772,943 | 542 | 687 | 1,602 | 2,739 | 4,774 | 5,835 | 7,073 | 10,831 | 11,616 | 12,542 | 14,273 | 75,246 | 95,703 | 107,469 | 110,378 | 103,190 | 208,220 | 223 |
| Vagrancy | 63,936 | 331 | 266 | 889 | 1,254 | 1,701 | 1,612 | 1,476 | 1,531 | 1,486 | 1,431 | 1,412 | 6,616 | 6,810 | 6,637 | 6,978 | 7,035 | 16,466 | 5 |
| Gambling | 42,951 | 63 | 56 | 127 | 156 | 249 | 331 | 411 | 612 | 656 | 790 | 941 | 6,035 | 7,334 | 6,656 | 5,806 | 4,584 | 8,137 | 7 |
| Suspicion | 70,511 | 2,630 | 1,671 | 2,909 | 4,400 | 4,146 | 3,557 | 3,108 | 3,003 | 2,834 | 2,701 | 2,619 | 10,752 | 7,863 | 5,538 | 4,335 | 3,178 | 5,251 | 16 |
| All other offenses | 203,856 | 25,323 | 10,078 | 10,905 | 8,771 | 6,461 | 6,310 | 5,747 | 5,965 | 5,520 | 5,542 | 5,659 | 23,980 | 21,747 | 18,063 | 14,574 | 10,542 | 18,590 | 79 |

TABLE 42.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF ARRESTS OF PERSONS UNDER 18, UNDER 21, AND UNDER 25 YEARS OF AGE, 1955; 1,477 CITIES OVER 2,500 IN POPULATION

[Total population 41,792,800, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense charged | Number of persons arrested | | | | Percentage | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Total | Under 18 | Under 21 | Under 25 | Under 18 | Under 21 | Under 25 |
| **TOTAL** | **1,861,764** | **195,626** | **311,193** | **495,918** | **10.5** | **16.7** | **26.6** |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 2,073 | 94 | 232 | 482 | 4.5 | 11.2 | 23.3 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence | 1,277 | 67 | 192 | 392 | 5.2 | 15.0 | 30.7 |
| Robbery | 12,788 | 2,742 | 4,811 | 7,351 | 21.4 | 37.6 | 57.5 |
| Aggravated assault | 23,148 | 1,728 | 3,345 | 6,320 | 7.5 | 14.5 | 27.3 |
| Other assaults | 73,477 | 5,023 | 9,972 | 20,144 | 6.8 | 13.6 | 27.4 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 44,440 | 23,411 | 28,977 | 33,876 | 52.7 | 65.2 | 76.2 |
| Larceny-theft | 82,660 | 38,750 | 46,939 | 54,149 | 46.9 | 56.8 | 65.5 |
| Auto theft | 23,491 | 14,621 | 17,695 | 19,785 | 62.2 | 75.3 | 84.2 |
| Embezzlement and fraud | 13,525 | 299 | 947 | 2,409 | 2.2 | 7.0 | 17.8 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc | 3,238 | 892 | 1,286 | 1,599 | 27.5 | 39.7 | 49.4 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting | 8,502 | 503 | 1,277 | 2,616 | 5.9 | 15.0 | 30.8 |
| Rape | 4,599 | 831 | 1,805 | 2,677 | 18.1 | 39.2 | 58.2 |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice | 24,836 | 222 | 2,153 | 8,497 | .9 | 8.7 | 34.2 |
| Other sex offenses | 15,923 | 2,774 | 4,334 | 7,149 | 14.7 | 22.9 | 37.8 |
| Narcotic drug laws | 6,888 | 249 | 881 | 2,477 | 3.6 | 12.8 | 36.0 |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc | 14,328 | 2,400 | 3,993 | 6,136 | 16.8 | 27.9 | 42.8 |
| Offenses against family and children | 23,062 | 1,033 | 2,349 | 5,590 | 4.5 | 10.2 | 24.2 |
| Liquor laws | 37,028 | 4,203 | 9,947 | 13,034 | 11.4 | 26.9 | 35.2 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 96,165 | 506 | 3,661 | 15,511 | .5 | 3.8 | 16.1 |
| Disorderly conduct | 193,119 | 19,879 | 38,207 | 65,570 | 10.3 | 19.8 | 34.0 |
| Drunkenness | 772,943 | 5,570 | 23,252 | 72,514 | .7 | 3.0 | 9.4 |
| Vagrancy | 63,936 | 2,740 | 7,529 | 13,389 | 4.3 | 11.8 | 20.9 |
| Gambling | 42,951 | 402 | 1,393 | 4,392 | .9 | 3.2 | 10.2 |
| Suspicion | 70,511 | 11,610 | 22,421 | 33,578 | 16.5 | 31.8 | 47.6 |
| All other offenses | 203,856 | 55,077 | 73,595 | 96,281 | 27.0 | 36.1 | 47.2 |

# PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE

## PERCENT OF TOTAL ARRESTS
## CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

CALENDAR YEAR 1955

| OFFENSES | ● ARRESTS, PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE | TOTAL ARRESTS, ALL AGES |
|---|---|---|
| ROBBERY | 21.4% | 12,788 |
| BURGLARY | 52.7% | 44,440 |
| LARCENY | 46.9% | 82,660 |
| AUTO THEFT | 62.2% | 23,491 |
| EMBEZZLEMENT AND FRAUD | 2.2% | 13,525 |
| RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY | 27.5% | 3,238 |
| FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING | 5.9% | 8,502 |

1,477 CITIES ---- TOTAL POPULATION 41,792,800

FBI CHART

FIGURE 14.

### *Sex of Persons Arrested, 1955*

Table 43 presents a distribution of 1955 arrests by sex in 1,477 cities. Eleven percent of the 1,861,764 arrests reported involved females. This is the same percentage of females arrested as in 1954.

TABLE 43.—DISTRIBUTION OF ARRESTS BY SEX, 1955; 1,477 CITIES OVER 2,500 IN POPULATION

[Total population 41,792,800, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense charged | Number | | | Percent | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| **TOTAL** | 1,861,764 | 1,656,927 | 204,837 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 2,073 | 1,698 | 375 | .1 | .1 | .2 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence | 1,277 | 1,176 | 101 | .1 | .1 | (1) |
| Robbery | 12,788 | 12,248 | 540 | .7 | .7 | .3 |
| Aggravated assault | 23,149 | 19,434 | 3,714 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| Other assaults | 73,477 | 65,671 | 7,806 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 44,440 | 43,432 | 1,008 | 2.4 | 2.6 | .5 |
| Larceny—theft | 82,660 | 71,689 | 10,971 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.4 |
| Auto theft | 23,491 | 22,880 | 611 | 1.3 | 1.4 | .3 |
| Embezzlement and fraud | 13,525 | 11,412 | 2,113 | .7 | .7 | 1.0 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc | 3,238 | 2,972 | 266 | .2 | .2 | .1 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting | 8,502 | 7,208 | 1,294 | .5 | .4 | .6 |
| Rape | 4,599 | 4,599 | ------- | .2 | .3 | ------- |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice | 24,836 | 7,747 | 17,089 | 1.3 | .5 | 8.3 |
| Other sex offenses | 18,923 | 14,662 | 4,261 | 1.0 | .9 | 2.1 |
| Narcotic drug laws | 6,888 | 5,710 | 1,178 | .4 | .3 | .6 |
| Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc | 14,328 | 13,468 | 860 | .8 | .8 | .4 |
| Offenses against family and children | 23,062 | 20,813 | 2,249 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Liquor laws | 37,028 | 30,199 | 6,829 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 3.3 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 96,165 | 92,178 | 3,987 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 1.9 |
| Disorderly conduct | 193,119 | 161,595 | 31,524 | 10.4 | 9.8 | 15.4 |
| Drunkenness | 772,943 | 713,936 | 59,007 | 41.6 | 43.1 | 29.0 |
| Vagrancy | 63,936 | 57,083 | 6,853 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| Gambling | 42,951 | 38,793 | 4,158 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Suspicion | 70,511 | 63,500 | 7,011 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| All other offenses | 203,856 | 172,824 | 31,032 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 15.2 |

[1] Less than 1/10th of 1 percent.

## *Race of Persons Arrested, 1955*

Table 44 presents the 1,861,764 arrests in 1,477 cities distributed by race as compiled by police during 1955.

TABLE 44.—ARRESTS BY RACE, 1955; 1,477 CITIES OVER 2,500 IN POPULATION

[Total population 41, 792, 800, based on 1950 decennial census]

| Offense charged | Total all races | Race | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | White | Negro | Indian | Chinese | Japanese | All others |
| Total | 1,861,764 | 1,310,481 | 510,228 | 36,032 | 256 | 253 | 4,514 |
| Criminal homicide: | | | | | | | |
| (a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter | 2,073 | 807 | 1,241 | 17 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| (b) Manslaughter by negligence | 1,277 | 1,029 | 245 | 3 | | | |
| Robbery | 12,788 | 6,256 | 6,460 | 60 | | 1 | 11 |
| Aggravated assault | 23,148 | 8,235 | 14,781 | 85 | 6 | 2 | 39 |
| Other assaults | 73,477 | 41,085 | 31,924 | 304 | 16 | 2 | 146 |
| Burglary—breaking or entering | 44,440 | 31,373 | 12,777 | 217 | | 5 | 68 |
| Larceny—theft | 82,660 | 56,167 | 25,958 | 415 | 9 | 9 | 102 |
| Auto theft | 23,491 | 18,697 | 4,571 | 183 | 4 | 1 | 35 |
| Embezzlement and fraud | 13,525 | 10,565 | 2,902 | 43 | 4 | 1 | 10 |
| Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc | 3,238 | 2,080 | 1,139 | 5 | 3 | | 11 |
| Forgery and counterfeiting | 8,502 | 7,170 | 1,267 | 45 | 2 | 3 | 15 |
| Rape | 4,599 | 2,615 | 1,947 | 24 | | | 13 |
| Prostitution and commercialized vice | 24,836 | 10,060 | 14,589 | 133 | | 5 | 49 |
| Other sex offenses | 18,923 | 13,602 | 5,133 | 128 | 4 | 7 | 49 |
| Narcotic drug laws | 6,888 | 2,462 | 4,363 | 17 | 22 | 3 | 21 |
| Weapons, carrying, possessing, etc | 14,328 | 6,506 | 7,743 | 45 | 3 | | 31 |
| Offenses against family and children | 23,062 | 15,528 | 7,382 | 109 | 4 | | 39 |
| Liquor laws | 37,028 | 20,830 | 15,881 | 248 | 15 | 3 | 51 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 96,165 | 80,503 | 14,508 | 934 | 8 | 16 | 196 |
| Disorderly conduct | 193,119 | 126,046 | 65,262 | 1,495 | 37 | 18 | 261 |
| Drunkenness | 772,943 | 594,580 | 147,095 | 28,844 | 59 | 126 | 2,239 |
| Vagrancy | 63,936 | 48,944 | 13,605 | 1,145 | 18 | 3 | 221 |
| Gambling | 42,951 | 11,220 | 31,615 | 4 | 5 | | 107 |
| Suspicion | 70,511 | 47,495 | 22,451 | 438 | 6 | 10 | 111 |
| All other offenses | 203,856 | 146,626 | 55,389 | 1,091 | 29 | 37 | 684 |

## REPORTING AREA

### *Population Represented*

Ninety percent of the population in the United States was represented by one or more crime reports in 1955. The extent of the coverage was higher in urban (city) areas with 96 percent of the people living within incorporated urban areas of 2,500 or more population represented. Of the people living outside the corporate limits of urban places, rural areas under this program, 81 percent were represented by crime reports.

### *Contributors*

Police departments in cities and other law enforcement agencies numbering 5,809 contributed one or more crime reports under this program during 1955. This is a slight increase of 0.4 percent over the 5,787 that contributed during 1954.

In addition to the 3,425 police departments that contributed, as shown in table 45, there were 2,372 agencies that contributed for rural areas. Of the 2,372 contributing for rural areas, 2,100 were sheriffs, 14 were State police, and 258 were law enforcement agencies in rural townships and villages. The reports received from police agencies outside the 48 states numbered 12 but these are not considered in figuring the population representation in the United States, of course.

### *Urban and Rural*

Urban places under this program are determined according to the 1940 rule of the Bureau of the Census. This designated as urban any incorporated place with a population of 2,500 or more. There are a few other places designated as urban under a special rule of the Bureau of the Census. Urban places are referred to as "cities" in the text of this publication as a matter of simplification. It is recognized, of course, that certain urban places are more properly referred to as towns or otherwise. For example, Arlington County, Va., is not a city but is one of the few places designated as urban under the special rule referred to above.

Rural areas consist of all areas outside the limits of urban places as described above. Some rural areas contain "urbanized fringe" areas that are usually just outside cities.

TABLE 45.—REPORTING AREA

| Population group | Cities or towns | | | Population | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Number | | Percent contributors | Number | | Percent represented |
| | Total | Contributors | | Total | Represented by contributors | |
| **Total** | **4,028** | **3,425** | **85.0** | **89,353,115** | **85,844,305** | **96.1** |
| Cities over 250,000 | 41 | 41 | 100.0 | 34,932,955 | 34,932,955 | 100.0 |
| Cities 100,000 to 250,000 | 66 | 66 | 100.0 | 9,694,111 | 9,694,111 | 100.0 |
| Cities 50,000 to 100,000 | 129 | 129 | 100.0 | 9,134,357 | 9,134,357 | 100.0 |
| Cities 25,000 to 50,000 | 277 | 270 | 97.5 | 9,703,889 | 9,468,468 | 97.6 |
| Cities 10,000 to 25,000 | 814 | 756 | 92.9 | 12,453,528 | 11,609,338 | 93.2 |
| Cities 2,500 to 10,000 | 2,701 | 2,163 | 80.1 | 13,434,284 | 11,005,076 | 81.9 |

## CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

### *Uniform Crime Reporting Program*

Readers not entirely familiar with the uniform crime reporting program may be interested in a brief explanation of the contents of crime reports included in this bulletin:

1. These crime figures are called "police statistics" to distinguish them from judicial or penal statistics in the criminal field. (Program is voluntary. International Association of Chiefs of Police started it January 1930. The FBI has acted as the central clearinghouse since September 1930, by an Act of Congress.)

2. Crimes that are exclusively Federal are not included.

3. Each reporting agency counts only those crimes or arrests for crimes committed in its jurisdiction. A sheriff reports only for his rural areas outside the city or town limits of any urban places in his county. This feature avoids duplication.

4. "Offenses known to the police" (the Part I offenses below) are limited to seven classes of grave offenses shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police.

5. Offenses (crimes) for the Part I classes are reported as they become known. The police may learn of the occurrence of crime in a number of ways: reports of police officers; citizens' complaints notification from prosecuting or court officials; or otherwise.

6. Offenses are included without regard to: (*a*) age of the offender (*b*) value of property involved; (*c*) recovery of stolen property (*d*) arrests; or (*e*) prosecutive action. The purpose is to show the amount of crime that has occurred as distinguished from arrests and the classifying is based strictly on the facts in possession of the police.

7. Complaints that are found by police investigation to be groundless are not included in crime tables in this bulletin, and returns that appear incomplete or defective are excluded.

8. Arrests are not included in "offenses known" information but arrest data are collected separately for the entire crime classification, Parts I and II. So, the only information for Part II offenses is that based on arrests.

In publishing the data sent in by chiefs of police in different cities, the FBI does not vouch for their accuracy. They are given out as current information which may throw some light on problems of crime and criminal-law enforcement.

The complete classification of crimes is shown below with brief definitions for each:

### *Part I Offenses*

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter

ncludes all wilful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides excluded from this classification are limited to the following types of cases: (1) The killing of a felon by a peace officer in line of duty; (2) the killing of a holdup man by a private citizen. (*b*) Manslaughter by negligence includes any death which the police investigation establishes was primarily attributable to gross negligence on the part of some individual other than the victim.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape (no force used—victim under age of consent), assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as strong-arm robbery, stickups, robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attemp to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safecracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or a theft, even though no force was used to gain entrance. Includes attempts. Burglary followed by larceny is included in this classification and not counted again as larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft* (except auto theft).—(*a*) Fifty dollars and over in value; (*b*) under $50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of the property stolen, thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket picking, or any stealing of property or article of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called joy-riding thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

***Part II Offenses***

8. *Other assaults.*—Includes all assaults and attempted assaults which are not of an aggravated nature and which do not belong in class 4.

9. *Forgery and counterfeiting.*—Includes offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

10. *Embezzlement and fraud.*—Includes all offenses of fraudulent

conversion, embezzlement, and obtaining money or property by false pretenses.

11. *Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.*—Includes buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property as well as attempts to commit any of those offenses.

12. *Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.*—Includes all violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and all attempts to violate such statutes or regulations.

13. *Prostitution and commercialized vice.*—Includes sex offenses of a commercialized nature, or attempts to commit the same, such as prostitution, keeping bawdy house, procuring, transporting, or detaining women for immoral purposes.

14. *Sex offenses* (except rape and prostitution and commercialized vice).—Includes offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.

15. *Offenses against the family and children.*—Includes offenses of nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

16. *Narcotic drug laws.*—Includes offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale, or use. Excludes Federal offenses.

17. *Liquor laws.*—With the exception of "drunkenness" (class 18) and "driving while intoxicated" (class 22), liquor law violations, State or local, are placed in this class. Excludes Federal violations.

18. *Drunkenness.*—Includes all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication.

19. *Disorderly conduct.*—Includes all charges of committing a breach of the peace.

20. *Vagrancy.*—Includes such offenses as vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

21. *Gambling.*—Includes offenses of promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

22. *Driving while intoxicated.*—Includes driving or operating any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

23. *Violation of road and driving laws.*—Includes violations of regulations with respect to the proper handling of a motor vehicle to prevent accidents.

24. *Parking violations.*—Includes violations of parking ordinances.

25. *Other violations of traffic and motor vehicle laws.*—Includes violations of State laws and municipal ordinances with regard to traffic and motor vehicles not otherwise provided for in classes 22–24.

26. *All other offenses.*—Includes all violations of State or local laws for which no provision has been made above in classes 1–25.

27. *Suspicion.*—This classification includes all persons arrested as suspicious characters, but not in connection with any specific offense, who are released without formal charges being placed against them.

# INDEX TO VOLUME XXVI, UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

(All references are to page numbers)


Page

Age of offenders. (*See* Arrests.)
Age, sex and race of persons arrested, reports from police ..... 111–117
Annual crime trends:
  Cities grouped by size ..... 73, 75
  Cities grouped by location ..... 73–74, 77–80
  Estimated total number of major crimes, 1955 ..... 69
  Long term trends ..... 82–83
  Rural crime trends ..... 4–5, 84
  Urban crime trends ..... 4, 73–83
Arrests—based on age, sex and race of persons arrested, reports from police:
  Arrest trends ..... 111–112
  Age of offenders ..... 113–115
  Sex of offenders ..... 116
  Race of offenders ..... 117
Automobiles—percentage recovered ..... 108
Classification of offenses ..... 64–66, 120–122
Cleared by arrest, offenses ..... 46–50
  By geographic divisions ..... 50
Crimes. (*See* Arrests, estimated number, offenses, persons charged, persons found guilty, and persons released.)
Employees, number of police ..... 21–45
Jurisdictions outside the United States, offenses in ..... 106
Monthly variations, offenses known to the police ..... 86–89
Offenses known to the police:
  Annual trends ..... 1–4, 69–85
  Cities grouped by locations ..... 73–74, 77–80
  Cities grouped by location and size ..... 94
  Cities grouped by size ..... 92
  Cleared by arrest ..... 46–50
  Cleared by arrest, geographic divisions ..... 50
  Divided as to time and place and value of property stolen ..... 107–110
  Individual cities over 25,000 in population ..... 12–20, 97–105
  Monthly variations ..... 86–89
  Rural areas ..... 11, 96
  Jurisdictions outside the United States ..... 106
Persons charged (held for prosecution) ..... 51–55
  By geographic divisions ..... 54–55
Persons found guilty ..... 56–61
Persons released (not held for prosecution) ..... 62–63
Police department employees ..... 21–45
Police killed ..... 21
Property, value stolen ..... 110
Property, value stolen and recovered ..... 110
Prosecution, persons held for. (*See* Persons charged and persons found guilty.)
Race of offenders. (*See* Arrests.)

Page
Reporting area, extent of ..... 118–119
Rural crime data ..... 4–5, 11, 84, 96
Sex of offenders. (*See* Arrests.)
Sheriffs' reports ..... 4–5, 11, 84, 96
State crime rates. (*See* Offenses known—cities grouped by location.)
State police reports ..... 4–5, 11, 84, 96
Trends, annual crime:
  Cities grouped by location ..... 77–80
  Cities grouped by size ..... 75
  Long term ..... 83
  Rural ..... 4-5, 84
  Urban ..... 4, 73–83
Urban crime rates ..... 4, 90–95
Value of property stolen ..... 109–110
Value of property stolen and recovered ..... 110
Variations, monthly crime ..... 86–89

○

BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY
3 9999 06351 998 5